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VOL. IV NO. 270 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1916. ONE ANNA.

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P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons
12th Novr. ..	Kashmir ..	9000	....	..
19th ,, ..	Medina ..	12500	....	..
26th ,, ..	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
3rd Decr. ..	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia ..	10000
10th ,, ..	Khyber ..	9000	....	..
17th ,, ..	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa ..	11000
24th ,, ..	Nagova ..	7000	....	..
31st ,, ..	Salsette ..	6000	Kaiser-i-Hind	11500
1917				
7th Janry. ..	Khiva ..	9000	....	..
14th ,, ..	Mooltan ..	10000	....	..
21st ,, ..	Sardinia ..	7000	....	..
28th ,, ..	Salsette ..	6000	Kashgar ..	9000

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date About.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
17th Nov. ..	Novara ..	7000	Mooltan *	10000
16th Decr.	Nyanza ..	7000	Karmala ..	9000
29th Dec.	Malta ..	7000	Morea ..	11000
1917				
11th Janry.	Namur ..	7000	Kashmir ..	9000
25th ,, ..	Nellore ..	7000	Medina *	12500
8th Febry	Novara ..	7000	Mongolia ..	10000
22nd ,, ..	Nore ..	7000	Malwa ..	11000
8th March	Malta ..	7000	Kaiser-i Hind	11500

The steamers marked *are through sailings from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 18th November and 26th January respectively.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination.
*15th Nov.	Linga	Karachi direct.
17th Nov.	Lhasa	Karachi coasting.
20th Nov.	Aratoon Apcar ..	E. and S. Africa via Porebunder.

*Or later, on arrival of the English Mail steamer.

TO LONDON CALLING AT SUEZ AND PORT SAID

Sails about.	Steamer.	Tons.
1st December.	T.S.S. "Morvada"	8190

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Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Totomi Maru	N. Kamada	3412	27th Oct.	12th Nov.
YamagataMaru	K. Kudo	3791	4th Nov.	18th Nov.
Moyori Maru..	M. Taniguchi	3773	9th Nov.	22nd Nov.
Bombay Maru..	S. Shinohara	4626	18th Nov.	30th Nov.

For Freight apply to—
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Manager.
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Hornby Road, Bombay.

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Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Saigon Maru..	4353	Y. Yamamoto	27th Oct.	11th Nov.
Kamato Maru..	6200	K Horf	1st Nov	14th Nov
Luzon Maru ..	4075	T. Watanabe	8th Nov.	18th Nov
Indo Maru....	5319	K. Tashiro	22nd Nov.	30th Nov.
Java Maru....	4499	N. Yanagi	3rd Dec.	14th Dec.

For Freight apply to
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[illegible] Road, Fort, Bombay.

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ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
JOINT SERVICE
HOMEWARD
FOR MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Paris *	A & C	9239		18thNov.
City of York	A & C	7834		25th Nov

*Does not call at Marseilles.

AUTUMN SAILINGS OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpoo about.
City of Birmingham	A&C	7498	10th Nov

FARES.	1st Class Single.	1st Class Return	2nd Class Single.	2nd Class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	555	883	420	630
London via Marseilles ..	630	1,033	480	730
Liverpool ..	600	90	52	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..	..	942	..	712

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A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

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Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ABAD & TANKAHKEE LINES.
REGULARLY TO PERSIAN GULF.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
S.S. Mogami Maru	2036	Arrived	8th Nov.
S.S. Anyo Maru	2169	6th Nov.	15th Nov.
S. S. Asia Maru	2561	8th Nov.	18th Nov.

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THE PERSIAN GULF
S. N. CO. LTD.
Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports via Karachi.
1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck passengers also carried.
Present sailings are as follows:—
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S.S. LAWOE, 2,505 tons, on or about 15th November.
S.S. ZAYANI, 3,504 tons on or about 25th November.
For further particulars apply to:—
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BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000
Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampale
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa.
Tuticorin		
Cochin	Zanzibar	

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mouritius Commercial Bank.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest nd Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

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Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,800,000
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Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien	Sydney
Harbin	(Mukden)	(Australia)
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Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Kobe	New York	Tokyo
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angles	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
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N. IGARASHI,
Manager
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

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HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.
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Secretary and Treasurer.

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Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
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For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary & Treasurer.

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... £ 562,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 550,000
HEAD OFFICE.
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares, and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.
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Manager.
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INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
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Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,200,000
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AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
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Madras	Malacca	Canton
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Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
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Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
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Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
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Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
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Ipoh	Rangoon	

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Reserve Fund £55,000
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ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.
Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,38,656
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CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
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Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 21st and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
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WANTED

WANTED—A PARSI GRADUATE for the New High School. Apply personally to the PRINCIPALS. 5904

WANTED.—A Gujarati Hindu GRADUATE S. L. French. Salary 45—2—59. Apply to the PRINCIPAL, G. T. High School, Kalbadevi. 5873.

WANTED—To invest Rs. 35,000 on Mortgage, Interest seven per cent. Please apply to Box No. 334, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5898

WANTED.—SHORTHAND TYPIST (office experience essential) pay Rs. 45—60. See CLUBWALLA, 50, Church Gate Street. 5914.

AN UNDERGRADUATE clever in all subjects is willing to give tuitions. State particulars. Apply to Box No. 331 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5894

WANTED—One large or two small ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, without board, in the Fort, Apollo Bunder preferred. Apply to Box No. 200, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—TUITIONS in a good family by an experienced Graduate, success guaranteed. For further particulars apply to Box No. 336, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5902

WANTED—A loan of Rs. 3,000. Best reference, guarantee and Life Policy will be given. Please apply to Box No. 333, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5897

WANTED—A whole time MEDICAL MAN for an invalid in Bombay. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with particulars to Box No. 341 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle. 5915

WANTED.—AGENTS for the SALE of "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 3, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED—A thoroughly qualified FOREMAN for Motor Repair Shop. Must be expert mechanic and capable of handling all makes of Cars. Apply with testimonials stating salary required to Box No. 337, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5903

WANTED.—A GRADUATE or an UNDER GRADUATE as an ENGLISH TEACHER, previous experience preferred. Pay Rs. 50 to Rs. 55 per month. Please apply with testimonials to:—
The HONORARY SECRETARY,
RAMJAS SCHOOL, Post Jharia (Manbhum.)
5886

WANTED.—Immediately an UNDER GRADUATE as a TEACHER in the New A. V. School, Bassein. One strong in Mathematics and Marathi and with a fair knowledge of drawing if possible preferred. Salary according to qualifications. Apply sharp to or see personally the undersigned.
R. N. SAMANT,
Secretary,
The New A. V. School, Bassein,
(District Thana).

FOR SERVICE AT BUSHIRE.—WANTED an ENGINEER for the condensing plant at Bushire—Must be fully qualified and experienced. First or second class certificate, capable of carrying out necessary repairs. Able to speak and write English clearly. Security deposit Rs. 1,000 must be furnished. Pay from Rs. 150 to 250 according to qualifications, with free rations and overtime pay. Apply with copies of certificates to the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR of Supplies and Transport t. Divisional Area Poona. 5845.

WANTED AT ONCE:—
1. A CASHIER, one who has worked in a Bank preferred.
2. An ASSISTANT CASHIER.
3. A BOOK-KEEPER, with a thorough knowledge of book-keeping of either a large Mercantile Firm or a Bank.
4. A competent CORRESPONDENCE-CLERK, knowing good English and Typewriting.
Apply with copies of testimonials and stating terms expected to Box No. 335, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5900

WANTED Buyer for Dedion Car, 3 Seater single cylinder 8 h.p. with accessories. Price Rs 400. Apply to Box No. 321, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5851.

WANTED.—A CARDING and SPINNING MASTER. Good pay to an experienced, energetic man. Apply to Box No. 329, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5885.

WANTED.—A GRADUATE as SCIENCE TEACHER for the New High School. Apply personally to the PRINCIPALS. 5905.

WANTED.—EMPLOYMENT by an experienced Weaving Master. Sizing speciality. Apply to Box No. 306, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5786

WANTED.—FINANCING PARTNER or SHROFF for established, influential, import and export firm. Capital Rupees Fifty Thousand. Apply to Box No. 323, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5859.

WANTED.—SUFFERERS to use our harmless SANYAS'S OIL, EXTERNALLY for Nervous Debility. Non-irritant, a phial Rs. 2 only.
DR. RUPCHAND, B.M.,
Shikarpur, Sind.

WANTED.—A CLERK, strong in English, knowing correspondence, Typing and general office work. Pay Rs. 30 with prospects. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 339, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5910.

WANTED.—An experienced TYPIST for temporary work. He must be quick and accurate. The post would be permanent for one giving satisfaction. Apply to DAVAR'S COLLEGE, 80, Esplanade Road. 5903.

WANTED.—Matriculated smart ACCOUNTANT, with seven years' experience of Pucca Gujarati accounts. Pay Rs. 60. Five years' agreement. Cash security Rs. 200. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 309, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5800

WANTED.—A MEDICAL MAN trained in Microscopical work to run a private Clinical Laboratory in Lucknow during the absence of the advertiser on Military duty. For full particulars and terms apply to R. K. KACKER, Lieut., I.M.S., P. O. Bhowali, District, Naini Tal. 5847.

WANTED.—Energetic MATRICULATED PARSEE youth wishes to work as apprentice in any Importing Firm to acquire Commercial knowledge. Knows Shorthand and Typewriting. Apply to Box No. 324, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5865.

WANTED by two JAPANESE gentlemen BOARD and LODGING in a thorough respectable English family, having the residence either at the Bandstand, Colaba Wode House Road or Apollo Bunder. Apply with particulars and stating terms to MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, Ltd., Telephone Bld., Fort. 5870.

WANTED.—Immediately a CASHIER on Rs. 70 p.m. with the security of Rs 5,000 only in cash.
Wanted a MANAGER for Bombay office, who must have thorough experience in banking, exchange and clearing and forwarding business with the Knowledge of correspondence and recordkeeping.
Wanted a BANKING INSPECTOR to inspect the branches. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 215, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5123.

WANTED.—A reliable and influential AGENT or BROKER in Bombay for sale of flour and other production of the Delhi Flour Mills, (B. Mills) formerly known as "Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills" on order basis (Monthly production 50,000 Maunds.).
Wanted SALE AGENTS on pay or commission in all important towns of India. Apply to:—
DIWANCHAND RUSTOMJI & Co.,
5874. Delhi.

BANDRA MUNICIPALITY.—WANTED a HEALTH OFFICER of the second class, possessing a degree of M.B.B.S. (Bom.) or Rs. 150—15—300 per mensem, subject to the conditions laid down in Government Resolution No. 3435 of 13th May, 1916. The Candidate must state his age and credentials. Applications must reach the Undersigned before the 30th November, 1916, with copies of testimonials which will not be returned. Preference will be given to candidates who have already taken the Bombay Sanitary Course in Hygiene and Epidemiology.
D. A. D'MONTE,
President,
Bandra Municipality.
Bandra, 2nd November, 1916. 5827.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—One WESTINGHOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B.H.P., 460 volts, 660/1100 R. P. M. complete with shunt regulator and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1055.

FOR SALE.—One FORD MOTOR CAR, 4 Seater 1915, Model in excellent condition throughout. Electric Head Lights, complete with tools and spares Rs. 2,300. Trial on appointment. Apply to Box No. 1000, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 673.

FOR SALE.—A four CYLINDER RICHARD BRASIER, 18-24 h.p., open body seven seater, in perfect order, complete with top for Rs. 3,250 or nearest offer. For inspection and other particulars apply to Box No. 341, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5907.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Empire No. 1, Excellent	70
Remington No. 7, Two-colour	85
Remington No. 7, Single-colour	75
Yost A. Model, very good	95
Oliver No. 3, Second-hand	100
Oliver No. 5, Rebuilt Fl. or Brief	180
Remington No. 10, Brief Rebuilt	200
Remington No. 10, Rebuilt Foolscap	190
Royal Standard, slightly used	150
Standard Folding in Leather Case	100

Call or write for Catalogue:—
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co.,
36, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.
Telegrams: "WRITERTYPE."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Hammond No. 2, Rs. 50, Blick No. 7	70
Empire No. 1, Rs. 75, Remington No. 7	90
Remington No. 7, with 2 colours	100
Yost No. A. Visible fine appearance	125
Oliver No. 3, Rebuilt, Rs. 140, Brief	125
Remington No. 7, Little Used	170
Oliver No. 5, Rebuilt, Rs. 180, Brief	195
Yost No. 20, Latest, almost new	200
Remington No. 10, Rebuilt 1915, Brief	210
Remington No. 11, Brief latest	225
Remington No. 10, Little Used	225

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Hornby Road, Bombay
Opp. Petit Institute.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Three only Brand New Senta Portable TYPEWRITERS with Travelling Leather Case at Rs. 140 each. UNVALA & Co., 36, Churchgate Street, Bombay. 5895

ONE BRAND NEW 10.5 K. W. Electric Dynamo of 110 vaults combined with steam engine (D.C.) Apply to Box No. 340, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5911.

FOR SALE—An OLIVER visible TYPEWRITER in perfect working order bright in appearance. Rs. 95. No offers. Please apply to Box No. 332, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5896

FOR SALE—Semiportable Marshall's BOILER and COMPOUND ENGINE, Automatic Expansion gear, regulated by Government, Hartnell's Expansion Governor 50 h.p., Certified pressure 140 lbs. And one hand Laris of wrought iron, quite new. Apply to B. M. KAPADIA, opposite Police Court, Mazagon. 5899

R. H. PATUCK & CO.—PIONEER LOCKS. Galvd. Pads (Hobb's pattern) from Rs. 1-12 and up. Galvd. locks socketed, from Rs. 2-6 up. Brass 4 levers superior, from Rs. 1-10 up. Brass strong ordinary pads, from 14 annas up.
R. H. PATUCK & Co.,
14, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

TO BE LET

TO BE LET.—"CAMP VIEW," DEOLALI, for rent and particulars, apply to Mr. CAMA, c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET.—For Europeans or Parsis. Upper floor with terrace "Barry Villa" New Gamdevi, Gowalia Tank. Apply Dr. GHASWALLA on premises. 5906

TO BE LET—OLYMPIA HOUSE, MATHERAN, large accommodations, splendid situation, uptil end of March. Apply Mrs. KARAKA, No. 17, Marine Lines. 5901

TO BE LET—Fort, Cowasji Patel Street, Rastgoftar Building, first floor, whole or in parts for offices. See rent collector in the building between 2 and 4 (S.T.). 5859

TO BE LET.—A GODOWN, suitable for engineering workshops, in British Hotel Lane Apply MAHOMEDALLY NOORBHOY, 206, Abdul Rehman Street. 5908.

TO BE LET.—Some decent and airy flats on the ground and fourth floors of the Raja Bahadur Motilal's Grant Buildings at Lamington Road. Apply to the MANAGER, Raja Bahadur Motilal Pitty Mills, Tardeo. 5820.

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder—Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER. 706.

TO BE LET.—In Souter St., Byculla, a flat with 6 bed rooms, 1 Dr. 1 Din. H. ls. and gas. Accommodation for a horse and a carriage or motor garage. For further particulars please apply sharp ORIENT MOTOR AGENCY, 31, Hamam St., Fort, Tele. No. 3430. 5877.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISERS are requested to note that the management cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in the "Bombay Chronicle" unless the copies reach this office before 6-0 p.m., (S.T.)

MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."

Bombay, 30th August, 1916.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "MOYORI MARU" having arrived on the 9th instant from JAPAN via Colombo, the CONSIGNEES of her CARGO are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Captain J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to merchants and Mills that we, the undersigned, who are manufacturing and trading in Mill Materials at Ahmedabad, have opened our branch at Mahomed Building, Bastian Road, Fort, BOMBAY, for the convenience of both. 5916.

LOST.

ONE CHEQUE on the BANK OF BOMBAY bearing No. E. 137314/c.c., dated the 8th November, 1916, for Rupees Fifty Thousand only, drawn by us in favour of Mr. Sukhanand Shamlal or bearer has been LOST. Any one negotiating the same will do so at his own risk.

(Sd.) VARDHMAN JETSEY & Co.,
5887 Dubra Gully, Mandvi, Bombay.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

AGENTS are to be appointed in every important town in India and Ceylon with the exception of the province of Bengal, for the recruitment of skilled and unskilled labour for the Mesopotamia and East African Railways and Marine ratings for the Inland Water Transport, Basra. All those who are capable of undertaking the supply of labour and who can guarantee the fulfilment of their Contracts are invited to apply to the Undersigned for terms and full particulars.

J. HARFORD,
Superintending Engineer,
Wadi Bunder Concentration Camp,
5738 Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES

GREEN'S RESTAURANT.

THE ROOF GARDEN RESTAURANT.

SATURDAY, 11TH NOVEMBER, 1916.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play a Selected Programme of Music from 8 to 11 p.m.

Under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster.

A RECHERCHE DINNER at Rs. 4 per head will be served.

DRINKS will be served at the usual prices.

TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT CUSTOMERS ARE REQUESTED TO BOOK TABLES EARLY.

CHAS. STENGLER,
Grl. Manager.
Taj Mahal Hotel and Green's Restaurant.
5888

NOTICE.

WANTED FOR SERVICE ON EAST AFRICAN AND MESOPOTAMIAN RAILWAYS, INLAND WATER TRANSPORT, MESOPOTAMIA, AND PORT OF BASRA.

EUROPEANS, ANGLO-INDIANS OR PARSIS.

WHARF Superintendents, Jetty Inspectors, Store-keepers, Supervisors and Inspector of Works (preference given to men capable of taking levels) Locomotive Firemen, Inspectors, Drivers and Firemen Marine Motor Mechanics, Oil Engine Drivers, Pitters, Turners Boiler Makers, Head Clerks, Accountants.

INDIAN STAFF.

Clerks including Mileage, Workshop and Shed Clerks also Time-keepers and Store-keepers, Accountants, Locomotive Drivers, Marine Motor Mechanics, Firemen, Carriage Examiners, Oil Engine Drivers, Fitters, Turners, Moulders, Boiler Makers, Blacksmiths, Strikers, Copper-smiths, Tinsmiths, Ships platers, Boiler platers, Caulkers, Riveters, Hammermen, Drivers for Pumps driven by steam and oil-engines, Wiremen, Armature winders, Pipelayers, Painters, Carpenters, Plumbers, Bricklayers, Stone-masons Fitter Coolies, Wharf gunners, Serangs, Khalasis acquainted with pile driving work, Coolies, Chowkidars.

Apply in person to RECRUITING OFFICE, No. 3, Shed, Wadi Bunder, Goods Depot. 5790

FOR THE PUBLIC CONVENIENCE.

UNIVERSITY ROAD TAXI STAND.

THE undersigned has opened a telephone connection at the above stand for Taxi Cars. During the first month that this is in operation the whole income therefrom will be handed over to the War Fund. Anyone requiring the Car at any hour of the day or night can obtain the same by ringing up the telephone No. 3333
3843 N. M. FITTER.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Bai SERINBAI JAMSHEDJI PESIKAKA, widow and administratrix of the estate of JAMSHEDJI RUSTOMJI PESIKAKA, deceased, and FESTONJEE DINSHAW PUNTHAKEY, administrator of the estate of MEHERBAI FESTONJEE PUNTHAKEY, both of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitants, have contracted to sell to our client the property hereunder described. All persons having claims against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, sale or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office situate at No. 91, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and he same will, if any, be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and buildings thereon situate lying and being at Love Lane, Mazagon, within the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement sixteen thousand two hundred and twenty-one square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North partly by the Love Lane aforesaid and partly formerly by the land in the occupation of the trustees of the Bombay Scottish Education Society and now in the occupation of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust, on or towards the South partly by the property in the occupation of Ardeshir Cawasji Patel, bearing New Survey No. 3637 and partly by the property formerly belonging to Mr. Kharshedji Maneckji Sethna now belonging to Messrs. Linde and Co. bearing New Survey No. 1A/3674, on or towards the East by a passage and on or towards the West partly by the premises of Mankeshwar Temple bearing New Survey No. 1/3674 and partly by Hansraj Lane and which said premises hereby demised are now in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants and are assessed by the Collector of Bombay under Old Nos. 3752, New Nos. 16268 and 10287, Old Survey No. 661 and New Survey No. 1/3672, 1/3672, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward Nos. 6162, 4721, 4722 and 4726 and Street Nos. 5, 3, 1 and 5.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1916.

MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & Co.,
5919 Purchaser's Atorneys.

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF THE ADDITIONAL DISTRICT MUNSIFF, EURLE.

O. S. 526/1916.

Between
KALIDAS SAIT, Eurle ..... Plaintiff
and
MANILAL KALIDAS SAIT, son of Kalidas Sait, Ahmedabad ..... Defendant.

TAKE notice that the above Plaintiff has instituted a suit for the recovery of Rs. 600 due on accounts, and 20th November, 1916, is fixed for hearing of the suit.

S. R. RANGASWAMI AYENGAR,
5912 Pleader for the Plaintiff.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that our client has contracted to purchase from Mr. SHAPURJI SORABJI, the below mentioned property.

All persons having any claims against the said property by way of mortgage, charge, lien, inheritance, trust, gift, sale, easement, or otherwise howsoever are required to make known the same in writing to the undersigned at their office, at 5 Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise, all such claims, if any, will be deemed to be waived, and the persons setting up such claims will be precluded therefrom, and the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim or claims.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground situate lying and being at Khetwadi Main Road, without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 3473 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 1961 to 1965, 1966, 1967, 2083, 2085, 2082, 2111, 2084, 2081, New No. 9093, 9095, 9396, 9220, 9212, 9213 old survey Nos. 677, 679, 680, 672, to 676, 678, 681 and New survey Nos. 5393, 5394 together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 1729, 1708 to 1712 and street Nos. 391 to 395, and which said premises are bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the North by the property of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust, on or towards the South by Khetwadi Main Road, on or towards the East by Khetwadi first lane, and on towards the West by the Khetwadi second lane and the property of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1916.

JAMSEDJI, RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
5918 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sir JAMSETJI JEEJIBHOY Baronet, HORMUSJI ARDESHIR WADYA, JEEJIBHOY MERWANJI WADYA, MANEKJI RUSTOMJI VAJIFDAR and FRAMJI RUSTOMJI WADIA have contracted to sell absolutely to our client Khoja Ludhabhai Lakhamsey the property hereunder described which is subject to an Indenture of Lease dated 1st March 1913, granted by them to Bomonji Pestonji Vacha and by the latter assigned to our client under an assignment dated 22nd May, 1916. All persons having any claim thereto or any part thereof, by way of inheritance, mortgage, charge, gift, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land referred to in the said Lease as plot No. 3 with the messuage, hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate at Tardeo on the West side of Wadia Street leading to the Tardeo and Mahalaxmi Road, in the city and island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 408 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the North by land referred to in the lease as Plot No. 6, now leased to D. R. Karanion the the East by the Wadia Street aforesaid, on the South by land referred to in the Lease as Plot No. 2 now held by property of Nawab Syed Mahomed Razi and on the West by the property of Maneckji Petit Manufacturing Co., Ltd., and which said premises with other premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2/3394 and are assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes under D Ward Nos. 3846 (7) Street No. 5.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1916.

JEHANGIR & SEERVAI.
5913. Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52. Medows Street.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF RICH FURNITURE, WASHING MACHINES, ETC., ETC.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 11th November 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, very rich house hold furniture including fancy satin leather and tapestry lined drawing room suites, Almyrahs, writing and lay's tables, cane arm and armless office chairs dressing tables, chest drawers, Panel door book cases, leather lined sofas, and chairs, marble top center and square tables, tiled teapoys, bookstands, easy and low chairs, wooden double cots, side tables, office tables, dining table in two pieces, weighing scale, Queen Patent washing machines, card tables, wall brackets, etc., etc.

The property of a private gentleman.

1 fancy carved satin lined cushioned suite in 5 pieces, 1 American office clock, 1 English Perambulator, 1 Special made to order wooden cot etc., etc.

By order of an office concerned.

4 Cashmere make Jewellery boxes, 1 tea tray, 1 Revolving book case.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT, G. I. P. RY., ETC.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.
Residence Telephone No. 696.

IMPORTANT TO MILL-OWNERS.

AUCTION SALE OF BLUE FACING PAPERS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Office concerned.

EX. S.S. "VINSTRA."

10 bales each 36 Reams Blue facing paper, size 24 in. by 36 in., weighing 14 to 16 lbs.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 11th November, 1916.

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

10, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

ON MONDAY, the 13th day of November, 1916, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard and next to the Great Western Hotel, Fort, horses, carriages and bicycles, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) and new designed furniture and sundry articles, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Furniture such as single and double mirrored dooor handsome almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, rich drawing room suites, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, new pattern corner cabinets, revolving book case, glassware, etc.

AT 2 P.M.

1 rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature office brougham and 1 office shigram.
1 rubber-tyred handsome victoria.
1 Arab horse.
Second-hand bicycles.
The property of a Khoja gentleman:—
1 rubber-tyred shigram.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HANDSOME TEAKWOOD and BLACKWOOD PLAIN AND CARVED HOUSEHOLD (SPECIALLY MADE TO ORDER) FURNITURE, ETC., OF F. J. CLARKE, ESQ., THE SECRETARY TO THE AGENT OF THE G. I. P. RAILWAY, BOMBAY.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 14th day of November, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the "Abubucker Manzil" at the Walkeshwar Road, Chowpatty, very valuable and handsome household (specially made to order) furniture by well-known makers, consisting of dining tables, handsome dining chairs, dumb-waiter, meatsafe, dinner waggons, drawing room and reading room suites of spring cushioned sofas and chairs, blackwood and carved handsome sofas, mirror door single and double almyrahs, chest of drawers, clothes, hanging and gown presses, wardrobes, sideboards with mirror back, corner cabients, clothes baskets, easy and rocking chairs, teakwood and blackwood arm and without arm chairs, dressing and writing tables, marble top centre tables, fancy teapoys, hatstands, selected artistic cabinets, teakwood arm chairs, single and double iron cots, Hinks and Ditmar table lamps, flower vases, China jars, sweet-toned cottage piano by Richard Leep, piano seat, Jost fan, marble clock with figure, wash-hand table, hand carved palm stands, blackwood chiffoniers, jardineers, cane chairs, Durrie and old Persian carpets, ice-box, table ornaments, rich platedware by Reeed and Barton, glassware, crockeryware, old chinaware, English stove, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of F. J. Clarke, Esq., the Secretary to the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT SEWRI NEW ROAD.

H. C. Suit No. 705 of 1916.

Govindram Ghanshamdas, a firm...Plaintiffs.
v/s
Jagannath Dharmaji and ors.....Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above Suit Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the days, times and places, mentioned against the lots, the following valuable landed properties.

LOT NO. 1: TO BE SOLD IN ONE LOT OR SEPARATELY ON WEDNESDAY, THE 22ND DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1916, AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) ON THE PREMISES.

PARTICULARS:—All that piece of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon situate lying and being at New Sewri Road, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 10,856 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's old Nos. 61, 120, 220 and 248, new Nos. 14288, 14434, 14459, and 14695 and new Survey No. 1/2433 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward "F" Nos. 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162 and 1163 and Street Nos. 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 and bounded on the east and west by the New Sewri Road and on the north and south by the property of Dorabji Cursetji Shroff.

The said piece of land has been divided into 4 plots, The building on plot No. 2 bearing Street No. 91 and the temple on plot No. 4 situate at one of the Corners are not to be sold at all.

LOT NOS. 2 TO 8: TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY ON WEDNESDAY, THE 29TH NOVEMBER, 1916, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) ON THE PREMISES.

LOT NO. 2.

A piece of Fazendari land with a house standing thereon situate at Sewri Koliwada bearing Ward No. 3179, Street No. 420; whereof the net rateable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 60.

LOT NO. 3.

A piece of Fazendari land with a hut standing thereon at Sewri Koliwada, bearing Ward No. 3148 Street No. 389; whereof the net rateable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 22.

LOT NO. 4.

A piece of Fazendari land with two houses, standing thereon situate at Sewri Koliwada bearing Ward Nos. 3169-3170, Street Nos. 410-411; whereof the net rateable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 215.

LOT NO. 5.

A piece of Fazendari land with a house standing thereon situate at Sewri Koliwada bearing Ward No. 3172, Street No. 413; whereof the net rateable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 225.

LOT NO. 6.

A piece of Fazendari land with a house standing thereon at Sewri Koliwada bearing Ward No. 3180 (1) Street No. 421; whereof the net rateable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 235.

LOT NO. 7.

A piece of Fazendari land with a house standing thereon situate at Sewri Koliwada bearing Ward No. 3180 (2) Street No. 421a; whereof the net ratable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 110.

LOT NO. 8.

A piece of Fazendari land with a house standing thereon at Sewri Koliwada bearing Ward No. 3179, Street No. 420; whereof the net rateable value is assessed by the Municipality at Rs. 185.

For further particulars, conditions of sale and plan of properties, apply to Messrs. Nadirsha and Darasha, Attorneys for the said Receiver at their office in Hummum Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 11th November, 1916.

P. WARUSAVITANE BROS.

JEWELLERS AND DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES.

A large selection of Ceylon hand-made laces always in stock.

CEYLON DEPOT,
Opp. G. P. O., Fort Street,
BOMBAY.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY (HYDRO-ELECTRIC, LICENSE, 1916.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application has been made on the 2nd day of November, 1916, to the Government of Bombay by The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited, having its Registered Office at Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, (hereinafter called "the Company") for the grant of a License under the provisions of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, for the supply to the public of Electrical Energy for power and lighting, in the areas, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions specified in the draft License forwarded by the Company to the Government of Bombay, of which draft the following is a copy:—

COPY DRAFT LICENSE.

THE INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT, 1910.

THE BOMBAY (HYDRO-ELECTRIC) LICENSE, 1916.

DRAFT.

APPLICANTS:
THE TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.

AGENTS OF APPLICANTS:
Messrs. TATA SONS AND COMPANY,
Navsari Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay.

DRAFT.
THE BOMBAY (HYDRO-ELECTRIC) LICENSE, 1916.

LICENSE granted by the Government of Bombay under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, in respect of the City and Island of Bombay and the Municipal areas of Kurla and Bandra to THE TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED a Company registered under the Indian Companies Act, 1882, and having its Registered Office at Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, for the supply of Electric Energy in the areas, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions all specified below.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This license may be cited as "The Bombay (Hydro-Electric) License, 1916."

INTERPRETATION.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or by the Rules thereunder, meanings are assigned shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license.

1. The expression "the Act" shall mean The Indian Electricity Act, 1910.
2. The expression "the Government" shall mean the Government of Bombay.
3. The expression "the Licensees" shall mean and include The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited, and its permitted assigns.
4. The expressions "first annexure," "second annexure," "third annexure," and "fourth annexure," shall mean the first, second, third and fourth annexures to this license, respectively.
5. The expression "deposited map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited by the Licensees with the Government in pursuance of the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Public Works Department and by Messrs. Tata Sons and Company, Agents of the Applicants.
6. The expression "deposited map of route of transmission" shall mean the plan showing the districts in which, and the route by which, the aerial transmission lines outside the area of supply will be placed, and which is deposited by the Licensees with the Government.
7. The expression "other licensees" shall mean any person of persons, other than the Licensees, at the date of this license duly authorised by license under the Act, to supply energy to the public within the area of supply, or who may hereafter be so authorized.

COMMENCEMENT OF LICENSE.

3. This license shall come into force and have effect upon the day when the notification confirming this license is published in the Bombay Government Gazette, which date is referred to in this license as "the commencement of this license."

SECURITY.

4. The period within which under Clause I (b) of the Schedule to the Act, the Licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned, and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under that Clause be , and Rupees respectively.

AREA OF SUPPLY.

5. The area of supply shall be the whole of the area described in the first annexure, which said areas are particularly delineated upon the deposited map and thereon bounded by a red line, but excluding therefrom every cantonment, fortress, arsenal, factory, dockyard camp, building or other place in the occupation of Government for Naval or Military purposes, situate within or partly within such area.

PURPOSES OF SUPPLY.

6. Unless herein otherwise expressly provided energy shall be supplied under this license only—

1. For power—
   (a) To other licensees for their own purposes and in bulk.
   (b) To factories within the meaning of the Indian Factories Act, 1911, and to any Railways previously approved by the Government; provided that the Licensees shall not supply any such Factory or Railway as aforesaid unless such Factory or Railway, as the case may be, shall require not less than 1,25,000 units per annum, such amount being the bona-fide average computed annual consumption of such Factory or Railway.

Provided that in regard to supply under sub-section (a) the Licensees shall not be under obligation to supply energy in bulk to other licensees for the purpose of enabling such ther licensees to supply any consumer requiring more than 1,25,000 units per annum calculated as aforesaid.

II. For lighting—

The energy supplied under this license to any consumer for power may be used by such consumer for lighting his premises, provided that the enegy used by such consumer for such lighting purposes shall not in any year exceed twenty per cent. of the total amount of energy supplied to such consumer.

The restrictions imposed on the Licensees by this Clause shall apply only in that portion of the area of supply which consists of the City and Island of Bombay, and shall not apply to supply given within the Municipal limits of Kurla or Bandra.

WORKS AND SYSTEM OF SUPPLY.

7. The systems which may be adopted for the supply of electrical energy under this licenses are the following:—

(I) (a) A continuous current direct supply at a pressure not exceeding 250 volts between the adjacent conductors of a three wire system, the intermediate conductor being connected to earth at the transforming station, but insulated at all other parts.
(b) A continuous current direct supply at a pressure not exceeding 250 volts between the conductors of a two wire system.
(c) A continuous current direct supply at a pressure not exceeding 660 volts for power purposes where the approval of the Government is given.
(II) (a) A low pressure alternating current three-phase supply at a pressure not exceeding 250 volts between phases at a frequency of 50 complete periods per second.
(b) A high pressure alternating current three-phase supply at a pressure not exceeding 3,000 volts and at a frequency of 50 complete periods per second for power purposes where the approval of the Government is given.
(III) An extra high pressure alternating current three-phase supply at a pressure not exceeding 22,000 volts between phases and at a frequency of 50 complete periods per second. The neutral point of the transformers may, with the approval of the Government and the concurrence of the Telegraph Authority, be connected to earth.
(IV) Extra high pressure alternating current three-phase aerial transmission lines at a pressure not exceeding 1,10,000 volts between phases and at a frequency of 50 complete periods per second for connecting the Generating Station outside the area of supply mentioned in Clause 10 with the Receiving Station or Receiving Stations to be situated within such area. The neutral point of the Generators may, with the approval of the Government and the concurrence of the Telegraph Authority, be connected to earth.

Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Government from time to time to issue regulations dealing with the above systems, or, to authorise other systems to be adopted for the purposes of this license.

The mains and distributing mains and service lines within the area of supply shall either be underground or aerial lines, provided always that nothing in this license shall be deemed to empower the Licensees to place aerial lines (including the aerial lines mentioned in sub-clause IV of this Clause) along or across any street unless and until the Government, after consulting the local authority, has communicated to the Licensees a general approval in writing of the position and methods of construction of such lines. The aerial transmission lines described in sub-clause (IV) of this Clause shall, in so far as the same will be within area of supply, be placed according to the alignment indicated by the blue line on the deposited map, and shall be erected, constructed and maintained by the Licensees in strict conformity with the rules in that behalf for the time being in force under the Act.

The Licensees shall at their own cost erect and meintain sufficient guard wires at all places where any wires or mains of the Licensees shall be placed so as to cross above or be liable to fall upon or be blown on to the electric-conductors of any Tramway.

POWER TO BREAK UP PRIVATE STREETS, RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS.

8. The Licensees are hereby specially authorised to break up the streets not repairable by the Government or by a local authority, which are mentioned in the second annexure to this license, and also the railways and tramways which are mentioned in the said annexure, so far only as concerns level crossings and parts of the railways or tramways running along the highway on the level.

TRANSMISSION LINE FROM GENERATING STATION.

9. For the purpose of conveying and transmitting energy to the area of supply the licensees may upon obtaining from the Governor-General in Council such (if any) of the powers referred to in Section 51 of the Act as may be necessary, and from the Government the general approval required by Section 18 of the Act, place aerial transmission lines from a Generating Station constructed or to be constructed near Bhivpuri in the Taluka of the Kolaba Collectorate, to and up to a Receiving Station or Receiving Stations to be constructed on some site within the area of supply. The said aerial transmission lines outside the area of supply are to be placed according to the alignment indicated by the blue line on the deposited map of route of transmission or such other alignment as may be required by the Governor-General in Council.

The Licensees are also authorised for the purposes of this clause to cross the navigable creeks and arms of the sea specified in the fourth annexure to this license.

MAXIMUM CHARGES.

10. The prices charged by the Licensees for energy supplied by them to any consumer shall not exceed those stated in that behalf in the third annexure, or, in the case of a method of charge approved by the Government in accordance with Clause X of the Schedule to the Act, such maxima as the Government may fix on approving the matter. Nevertheless the Licensees may (subject to the provisions of Sections 23 of the Act) enter into special contracts for the supply of energy.

LIMITS OF LICENSEES' OBLIGATION TO SUPPLY ENERGY.

11. The Licensees shall not be under any obligation, under Section 22 of the Act to supply more energy than is consistent with their obligation to maintain a constant supply to consumers, due regard being had to the capacity of the Licensees' water-storage; but in addition, they may supply to consumers willing to take energy on condition of a surplus being available.

PURCHASE OF UNDERTAKING.

12. (1) The option of purchase given by Section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act shall first be exercisable on the expiration of 50 years computed from the commencement of this license, and on the expiration of every subsequent period of 20 years. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purposes of Section 7 (1) of the Act of the lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the Licensees therein mentioned to be added under the second proviso of that sub-section to such value on account of compulsory purchase shall be twenty per cent.

(2) In accordance with Section 3, sub-section (2) Clause (c) (ii) of the Act, it is hereby agreed that the Generating Station and the Transmission line or lines to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under Section 5 or Section 7 of the Act.

13. The provisions contained in Clauses V, VI, VIII, and XII of the Schedule to the Act shall not be deemed to be incorporated in and form part of this license, and the other provisions of the Schedule shall only be deemed to be incorporated in this License so far as they are not inconsistent with its terms.

14. At any time after the commencement of this License, the Licensees may, with previous consent in writing of the Government of Bombay, assign this License or transfer the whole of their undertaking in respect of which, this License is granted (including all lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the Licensees) to a Company formed or to be formed and registered in Bombay in accordance with the law in force in British India or in England under the English Companies Acts, having authority to take over the License and the said undertaking as the case may be, and to exercise the powers and perform the obligations given to or imposed upon the Licensees under this License and the Act and Rules made under the Act, and on such assignment or transfer the rights, powers and authorities, obligations and liabilities of the Licensees shall be assigned and transferred to and shall be exercised by and shall attach to such Company formed or to be formed as aforesaid.

Dated this day of One thousand nine hundred and

FIRST ANNEXURE.

AREA OF SUPPLY.

(a) The City and Island of Bombay as constituted at the commencement of this license, excluding therefrom evry cantonment, fortress, arsenal, factory, dockyard, camp, building or other place in the occupation of Government for naval or military purposes.
(b) The area contained within the Municipal limits of Kurla as constituted at the commencement of this license.
(c) The area contained within the Municipal limits of Bandra as constituted at the commencement of this license.

SECOND ANNEXURE.

List of streets and roads not repairable by the Local Government or by a Local Authority and of Railways and Tramways which may be opened or broken up by the Licensees in pursuance of the special powers granted by this license.

CITY AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY.

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD A.

Alibag Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); Apollo Street Cross Lane; Arthur Bunder Road (from Colaba Causeway to Custom House); Bakehouse Cross Lane; Bank Street Cross Lane; Bhavnagar Street (from Frere Road to the sea-shore); Borea Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); British Hotel Lane; Beef Lane; Cambay Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); a road (from Colaba Road to Hospital); Duxbury Lane; Dwarkadas Cross Lane; Jamnagar Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); King Lane; Mandvi Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); Maruti Cross Lane; 1st Pasta Lane (from Colaba Road to Railway Compound); 2nd Pasta Lane; 3rd Pasta Lane (from Colaba Road to Railway Compound wall); Pitha Cross Lane; Queen's Road Bandstand (from Churchgate Street Station to Bandstand including); Rajapur Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); a (cross) Road leading to Wodehouse Road to Railway Compound; Uran Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); Varavel Street (from Frere Road to sea-shore); Victoria Bunder Road (from Colaba Road to sea-shore); a footpath (a part along sea-shore from Marine Lines Station to Wodehouse Road, a part of it goes into C and D Wards); Willoughby Road (from Welling Street to Queen's Road); Carnegy Road (from Welling Street to Queen's Road); Cooperage Road (from Wodehouse Road to Band Circle); a Cross Lane (from Wodehouse Road to the sea, south of the Parsee Sanitarium).

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD B.

Bhandari Cross Street; Bhaji Pala Cross Lane; Bibijan Street; Chambarwada Cross Lane; Chinch Bandar Cross Lane; Cooliwada Lane No. 1; Cooliwada Lane No. 2; Cooolwada Lane No. 3; Cooliwada Lane No. 4; Coombharwada 3rd Cross Lane; Coombharwada 4th Cross Lane; Esplanade Cross Lane; Malet Road; New Bengalpura Cross Lane; Nowroji Hill North side; Nowroji Hill 1st Road (running North South); Nowroji Hill 2nd Road (running North South); 1st Nowroji Hill Road; 2nd Nowroji Hill Road; 3rd Nowroji Hill Row; 4th Nowroji Hill Row; 1st Nowroji Hill Street; Old Nagpada; Old Nagpada Cross Lane; Piru Lane; Prince's Dock; Pydhoni 1st Cross Lane; Pydhoni 2nd Cross Lane; Mahomed Khan Pakhadi; Victoria Dock; Merewether Dock; Argyle Road; Frere Road Extension; Manson Road; Nagpur Street; Masjid Siding Road; Port Trust New Road.

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD C.

Agiari Street (Bhendy Bazar); Assembly Lane; Bhai Jivanji's Lane; Bhandarwada Cross Lane; Fopal Wadi (on Bhuleshwar); Fopal Wadi (on Kalbadevi); Kitchen Garden; Ladi Wadi (Old Hanuman); Malharao Wadi; New Wadi; Panchayet Wadi; Patak Wadi; Popat Wadi; Shekadi Lane; 1st Sonapur Cross Lane; Zoaba's Oart; Anant Wadi; Antoba Wady (Lohar Street); Ardesher Dady Cross Lane; Bhasker Lane; Bhang Wadi; Cavel Lane; Charni Wadi; Chewoolwadi (Kolbhat); Dady Santook Lane; Dhaswadi (Thakurdwar); Dhaswadi (Dhobitalon); 1st Ganeshwadi (Sheik Memon Street); 2nd Ganeshwadi (Sheik Memon Street); Jamboolwady (East of Kalkadevi); Karelwadi; 2nd Khatter Alli; Khanderao Wadi; Kolbhat Wadi; Kolbhat Wadi Cross Lane; 3 Kolbhat Lane; Mahadoo Shanker Sett Lane; Maruti Lane or Full-Gulli; Mirchi Market Lane; Nanabhoy Byramji Oart; Old Hanuman 1st Cross Lane; Old Hanuman 2nd Cross Lane; Ovalwadi; Ropa Lane; 2nd Shekadi Lane; Santook Lane; Takwadi; Telwadi; Vithoba Lane; Wadia's Chawls.

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD D.

Banam Hall Lane; Banganga Cross Lane; Bawankhani Lane; Bhatwadi; Bhatwadi 1st Lane; Bhatwadi 2nd Lane; Borobhat Lane; Chikalwadi Cross Lane; 5th Cross Lane (between Grant Road and Falkland Road); 6th Cross Lane (between Grant Road and Falkland Road); 7th Cross Lane (between Grant Road and Falkland Road); 8th Cross Lane (between Grant Road and Falkland Road); 9th Cross Lane (between Grant Road and Falkand Road); Dammer Cross Lane; Forjet Street Cross Lane; Khandewadi Cross Lane; Kolawadi; Khamballa Hotel Lane; Khotachiwadi; Lane near the junction of Dammer Lane and French Road; Mangel Wadi; Mahaluxmi Temple Lane; Mount Pleasant Road Cross Lane; Mugbhat Cross Lane; Mullakwadi; Narayen Dabholker Cross Lane; Nepean Sea Road Cross Lane; Nickdawadi Oart; Paper Mill Lane; Pimplewadi Cross Lane; Road leading to Parsee Tower of Silence; Road leading to Tower of Silence Cross Lane; Sleater Road Cross Lane; Tardeo Cross Lane; Vilavati Fanaswadi; Walkeshwar Cross Lane; 1st Cross Lane (between Falkland Road and Khetwadi Back Road); 2nd Cross Lane (between Falkland Road and Khetwadi Back Road; 2nd Cross Lane (between Falkland Road and Khetwadi Back Road); 3rd Cross Lane (between Falkland Road and Khetwadi Back Road); 4th Cross Lane (between Falkland Road and Khetwadi Back Road); Khatterally Lane.

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD E.

Byculla Tank Pacady; Chinchpokli Cross Lane; Cooliwada Lane, De Lisle Road Cross Lane; Ghellabhoy Street; Gunpowder Lane (Passage to Dockyard Road); Guzri Bazar Lane; Lane leading from Jetha Street to Sunderdas' Mill; Love Lane Cross Lane, Mandanpura Lane; Mahomedan Street Race Course; Matharpakadi Lane; Mount Pacady Lane; Mount Road Cross Lane; Nesbit Road Cross Lane; Oondria Street Cross Lane; Sunder Lane; Temker Street Cross Lane.

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD F.

Lane (from Parel Chawl Road to Parel Tank); Lane (from Parel Tank Road to Sewri Road at Jakari Bunder); Lane (from Parel Village to the Compound wall of Government House); Lane (from Parel Village to Parel Village Road); Lane (from Bhoiwada Road to Sewri Road); Lane (from Naigam Road to Sewri Cross Road); Lane (from Naigam Road to Naigam Cross Road); Lane (from Matunga Road to Matunga (Field), Lane (from Matunga Road to Salt Pans); Lane (from Matunga Road to private Passage B); Lane (from Sion Road to G. I. P. Railway); Lane (from Parel Chawl to Gas Co.'s Factory), Lane (from Arthur Road to Kalachowki Road); Matunga Leper's Asylum; Choar Gully (from Suparibag Road to Government Gate); Lane (from Bhoiwada Road to private Passage A.)

LIST OF PRIVATE STREETS IN WARD G.

Balla Mias Gully; Bazar Gully; Bhantaz Gully; Bhoget Gully Bhundar Gully; Bhundar Khade Gully; Bhundarwada Gully; Chuner Gully; Chamber Gully; Chowri Cross Gully; Chowri Gully; Chan Gully; College Cross Gully; College Gully; Cumbhar Gully; Dadar Gully; Dharavi Cross Gully; Dharavi Gully; Dhobiwada Gully; Dhun Mill Gully; Dhun Mill Street; Dyeing Mill Gully; Gully (from Mahim Bazar Road to seashore No. 1); Gully (from Mahim Bazar Road to sea-shore No. 2); Gully (from Mahim Bazar Road to sea-shore No. 3) Gaiwadi Gully; Gopi-tank Gully No. 1; Gopi-tank Gully No. 2; Hassalee Tank Gully; Jambli Tank Street; Jamboo Gully No. 1; Jamboo Gully No. 2; Kair Gully; Khade Tank Gully; Khot Gully; Lane (from Elphinstone Road to Dhun Mill Gully); Lane (from Dyeing Mill to Parbhadevi Road); Lane (from Chowri Gully to Parbhadevi); Lane (from Parbhadevi to DeLisle Road); Lohar Chall Gully; Lohar Chali Street (No. 1); Lohar Chall Street (No. 11); Mahim Bazar Lane; Mahim Durga Street; Mali Gully; Mogal Gully; Moree Gully; Nartala Gully; Naska Tank Gully; Orphanage Scottish School Gully; Palkee Gully; Par Gully; Portuguese Church Street; Purbhadevi Gully (No. 1); Purbhadevi Gully (No. 11); Sonapur Gully; Tod Gully; Tulsi Pipe Road; Woollen Mill Gully; Khed Gully (No. 1.) Purbhadevi Gully; Khed Gully (No. 2.)

RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS.

(1) Level Crossings on the Main Line of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway in Arthur Road, Clerk Road, Currey Road, Elphinstone Road, Dadar Road and Matunga Road.

(2) Level Crossings on the Main Line of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway in Mori Road, Matunga Road, Dadar Road, Elphinstone Road, DeLisle Road, Haines Road, Clerk Road (Mahaluxmi), Arthur Road, Queen's Road (Chaupaty) and Churchgate Station.

(3) Level Crossings on Goods Sidings at Wari Bunder belonging to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company and in Lower Colaba Road belonging to the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway and in Lower Colaba Road, Colaba Cross Road and Frere Road (Wari Bunder, Masjid Bunder and Carnac Bunder) belonging to the Bombay Port Trust.

(4) So much of the Tramways of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited, as is laid along any street.

THIRD ANNEXURE.

In this annexure the expression unit shall mean the energy contained in a current of 1,000 Amperes flowing under an electro-motive force of one volt during one hour

The following are the maximum prices which the Licensees are entitled to charge:—

SECTION 1.

1. For Power—
   (a) A standard charge for service at the rate of Rs. 10 per electrical horse-power, per quarter annum, for the supply of which the Lincensees are required to make provision, and
   (b) In addition, a charge for current determined by meter as follows:—
   1. For the first 50,000 units consumed in any quarter at the rate of 1 anna per unit.
   2. For all units consumed in any quarter between 50,000 and 200,000 units at the rate of 7 annas per unit.
   3. Amounts over 200,000 units consumed in in any quarter at the rate of 5 annas per unit.

II. For Lighting—

At the rate of 2 annas per unit.

SECTION 2.

When the Licensees charge any consumer by the electrical quantity contained in the supply given to him, they shall be entitled to charge him according to the rates set forth in Section 1 of this annexure, the amount of energy supplied to him being taken to be the product of that electrical quantity and the declared pressure at the consumers' terminals, that is to say, such a constant pressure at these terminals as may be declared by the Licensees under the regulations of the Local Government or of the Governor-General in Council.

SECTION 3.

Special "Flat Rate" contracts for supply of energy for power purposes may be entered into with Cotton Mills requiring not less than 3,00,000 units per quarter of a year, or with other consumers capable of being supplied under Clause 6, Sub-section (1) requiring not less than the same amount and having equally favourable conditions as to load factor, at a rate not exceeding 75 annas per unit; provided that in regard to supply to other licensees in bulk under Clause 6, Sub-section (1) (a) the Licensees may in contracts of the nature referred to in this Section, charge a different rate for energy supplied for purposes of resale, so that such rate does not exceed the maximum charge above stated.

There shall be no obligation upon the Licensees to enter into contracts of the nature referred to in this Section for any period less than 5 years.

FOURTH ANNEXURE.

List of Navigable creeks and arms of the sea to be crossed by the transmission lines:—

Thana Creek.

Mahim Creek.

Copies of the deposited map and the deposited map of route of transmission referred to in the said draft License have been deposited for public inspection at the Offices of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the Bombay Port Trust, the City of Bombay Improvement Trust, the Municipal Offices of Kurla and Bandra respectively and at the registered office of the Company, Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, and printed copies of the draft License and of the License when granted, will be furnished at the price of Rupee one for each copy, to all persons applying for the same at either of the before mentioned Offices.

Every local authority, company or person desirous of making any representation with reference to the before mentioned application for the Company, to the Government of Bombay, may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Public Works Department, within three months from the 8th day of November, 1916. A copy of any such representation should at the same time be sent to the Undersigned Agents of the Company.

Dated this 7th day of November, 1916.

TATA SONS & Co.,
Agents,
The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited
Navsari Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

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The great shipwreck with its horrors,
Thrilling Fire Scene in a Circus.
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TEL. NO. 3409.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY SATURDAY THE 11TH NOVEMBER, 1916, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 11th day of November, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Meher Mansions," on Cooperage, Fort, opposite the Bandstand (where the kit has been removed for sale), very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood, household furniture, etc., comprising sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, handsome mirror back sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meat safes, rich glass and crockeryware, rich upholstered drawing room suite, marble top tables, tiled and plain top teapoys, handsome cabinets, electric figures, Majolica flower pots, corner cabinets, rich carpets, pictures, engravings, fancy flower vases, single and double bedstands, mirror door almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, book cases, sofas, chairs, ice chest, chest of drawers, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.
The property of C. Frank, Esq., and others.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 11th November, 1916.

K. A. READYMONEY AND CO.
Bank or Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the mortgagee-in-possession, Messrs. K. A. READYMONEY & Co., will, on FRIDAY, the 17th instant, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the ground floor or Watson's Annexe, Apollo Pier Road, in the roooms occupied by Mr. E. W. Gantray on his account and risks.
One full-sized billiard table with all accessories complete, card tables, counters and chairs, specially made to order, electric lights and fans with fittings, etc.
The above will be sold either in one lot or in separate lots to suit the purchasers.
Catalogues will be published and furniture will be on view from Wednesday, the 25th instant.

K. A. READYMONEY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 11th November, 1916.

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TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.
Last Performances and Farewell of the present
BANDMAN OPERA CO.
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Saturday, Nov. 11th
GRAND VAUDEVILLE NIGHT
A mammoth Collection of the Entire Company's Specialities.
Sunday, November 12th
Special Reduced priced Matinee at 6 p.m.
The rage of Bombay
"TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT."
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Full Chorus and Octette of Lady Dancers
Monday, Nov. 13th at 9-30 p.m. and two following nights
For The First Time in India
By special arrangement with Messrs. Grossmith and Laurillard Elaborate Production of
The Latest Prince of Wales Theatre London Success
"MR. MANHATTAN"
a new musical play in two acts
Book by Fred Thompson & C. H. Bovill.
Lyrics by Ralph Roberts
Music by Howard Talbot, Frank Jones and Phillip Braham.
The production in its entirety has been brought from London.
Thursd y, Nov. 16th at 9-30 p.m. and two following nights
By special arrangement with Musical Plays Limited
For the first time in India
Costly Production of
The Great Adelphi Theatre London Success
A new musical play in three acts.
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By Paul A. Rubens & Harry Graham
Music by Paul A. Rubens (with additional numbers by Hadyn Wood)
Lyrics by Percy Greenbank, Paul A. Rubens & Harry Graham.
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To-morrow, Sunday, 9-45 p.m.
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A wife wishes her portrait to be placed inside her husband's watch, so he goes to a watch-maker where another man brings his watch for the same purpose. The photos get mixed up and both the wives suspect their husbands. Several farcical complications occur, and all four are on the point of getting divorces. A lawyer sees a good business opportunity. But eventually everything turns out hapilly, the lawyer alone being disappointed.
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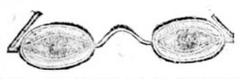

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

(21st Sunday after Trinity, 12th November.)

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral, St. Thomas the Apostle, Church Gate Street—Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham, Archdeacon.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral Tours in F. Hymns—528, 379, 312, 189. 5-30 p.m. Children's Service. 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Clarke Whitfield in E. Hymns 153, 243, 260. Collections for Organ Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 4-45 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m., and War Litany 7-0 p.m.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain Rev. R. L. Wormald, 8 a.m., Holy Communion 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill, 8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin. Parel—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon, Preacher Rev. J. B. Glass.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: English Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A., (Incumbent), Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, M.A. Rev. J. H. Robinson, M.A. Marathi—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A., Gujarati—Rev. L. Hari. English Services—8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church expenses and the poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujarati Service, 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road, Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil), 7-30 a.m. Matins Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil), 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain Rev. W. A. Sawtell, 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Matins (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church opposite Prince's Dock Chaplain (Vacant) 9-15 a.m. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion 7 p.m. Evensong Service and Sermon; Week days, 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road, Clergy: Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter)—Clergy: Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe: 6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Marathi), 9 a.m. Matins (Gujarati) 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8.0 a.m. Holy Eucharist and Hymns 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church Expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland). Apollo Street, Fort. Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B.D. 9-30 a.m. (Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland); 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray. 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes: 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher, Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church; Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nicambe English Service 8-30 a.m. Evening Service in Marathi 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla, Pastor Rev. W. E. Bancroft, 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist, Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor Rev. H. Ingham, 9-45 a.m. Sunday School 11 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 Evening Service. A cordial welcome to all.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. E. Hart; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff: 5 p.m., Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; Sunday School at 3 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission Minister Rev. S. Kahator)—8-15 a.m., Byculla 4-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel, 6-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel (Tamil and Telagu Service.)

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church New Nagpada Road, Byculla—Pastor Rev. John Malelu.—9 a.m., Sunday School; 1 a.m., Sunday School Teachers Class; 3-45 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m. Goodwill. Agripada 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service, Preacher: Rev. S. G. Gaikwad.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba, Minister Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 9 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher Rev. W. J. Mowll Secy., British and Foreign Bible Society; Sunday School, and Men's Bible Class from 5 to 6 p.m.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Services Sunday 6-30 p.m.; Saturday 6-30 p.m. 5-15 Sabbath School; Wednesday 6-30 p.m. Bible Study and Prayer Meeting, Pastors; G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi, Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. de Monte, 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Masses, 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m. and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon. Masses 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m. and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service 6 p.m.

Cavel Church, (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa Masses 7 and 8-30.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra 9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabal Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses: 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-30 Evening Service.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 7 a.m., Mass with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's Colaba.—8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's Omarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar: Acting Vicar: Rev. J. J. Dias, Sunday Services. Low Masses at 5-30 and 9 a.m., Evening Service; 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses; 6-30 and 8 a.m.

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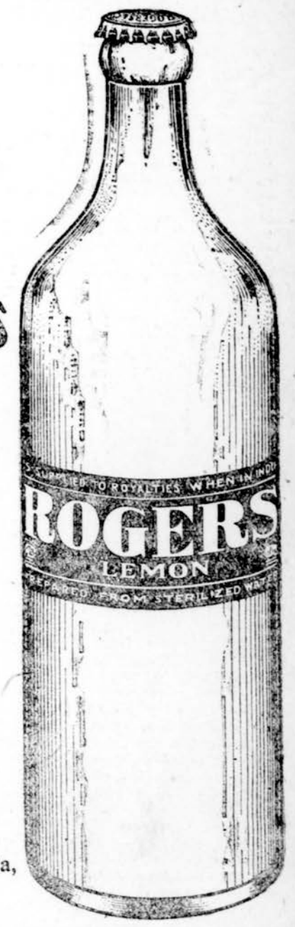

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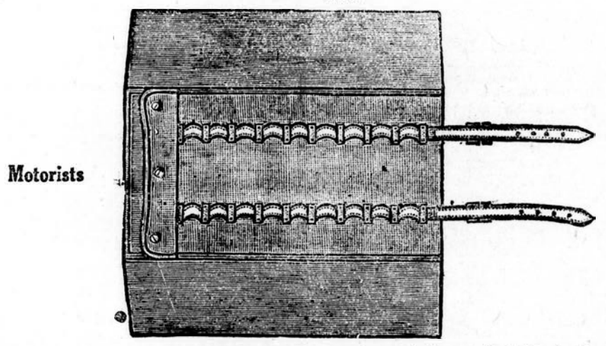

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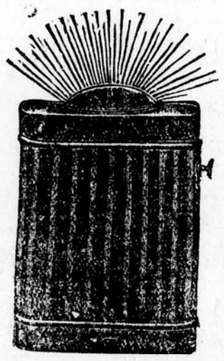

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WEATHER REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 19.

The storm over the head of the Bay yesterday passed into Lower Bengal. The disturbance in the Punjab and Kashmir is less marked to-day.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Bengal, Konkan and Mysore; Local in Lower Burma, south Bombay Deccan, Orissa and south-east Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Bassein one and a half inches; Saugor Island three; Balasore two; Belgaum three; Chitaldroog and Mercara one.

Forecast:—Extension of rainfall in north-east India.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 9th Nov. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr....	29.869 Inch.
Temperature of Air	81.7 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	76.9 ,,
Dew Point.....	75.2 ,,
Relative humidity of Air.....	0.811 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	5.2 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	86.4 ,,
Minimum....do.....do.....	77.6 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NNW.ENE.NW,NNW,N.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours from midnight to midnight	106 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

		HIGH WATER.				LOW WATER.			
Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month	Bombay Mean time		Depth on Still
	Nov	h.	m.	ft	in.	Nov	h.	m.	ft. in.
Fri.	10	m 11	5	26	8	10	m 5	16	18 11
							e 7	a 14	1 1
Sat.	11	m 0	2	29	1	11	m 5	5e	19 1
		11	41	26	4		e 5	40a	15 2
Sun.	12	m 0	39	28	9	12	m 6	34	19 4
		0	15a	25	11		e 6	11a	15 8
Mon.	13	m 1	14	28	4	13	m 7	11	19 8
		0	48a	25	4		e 6	41a	15 4
Tues.	14	m 1	47	27	8	14	m 7	48	20 0
		1	23a	24	9		e 7	11a	17 2
Wed.	15	m 2	19	27	0	15	m 8	28	20 5
		1	1a	24	2		e 7	43a	18 1
Thur	16	m 2	54	26	5	16	m 9	18	20 8
		2	48a	23	7		e 8	20a	19 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Nov.		Sunrise		Sunset.	
,, 10	(Friday)	,, 6h.	43m.	,, 6h.	2m.
,, 11	(Saturday)	,, 6h.	44m.	,, 6h.	2m.
,, 12	(Sunday)	,, 6h.	44m.	,, 6h.	2m.
,, 13	(Monday)	,, 6h.	45m.	,, 6h.	2m
,, 14	(Tuesday)	,, 6h.	46m.	,, 6h.	1m.
,, 15	(Wednesday)	,, 6h.	46m.	,, 6h.	1m.
,, 16	(Thursday)	,, 6h	47m	,, 6h.	1m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quater	19i7 Nov.	2nd, 11h. 20.6m. p.m
Full Moon	,, ,,	10th., 1h. 48.0m. a.m.
Last Quarter	,, ,,	18th., 3h. 30 5m. a.m.
New Moon	,, ,,	25th., 2h. 20.4m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 10th November, 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Day temperature is in moderate or considerable defect in the north and the south-west Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect except at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme eastern districts of Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in west Rajputana and normal or in defect over the rest of the division. Temperature is in defect both during the day and at night in upper Sind and west Rajputana and at night in lower Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded round the gulf of Cambay and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is generally in defect in Kathiawar; day temperature is also below normal at Dwarka.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Ratnagiri has had 0.35in., Mormugao 0.40in. and Karwar 0.32in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 2.66in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in defect in the south Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has decreased considerably in the Deccan, Mysore and on the north Madras coast but increased in the Konkan and south-east Madras; it has been nearly general in the Konkan and local in Mysore and south-east Madras, while a few showers have occurred in the Bombay Deccan and Malabar. Conditions remain unsettled in the south of the Bay of Bengal. Temperature is low in Baluchistan; it has fallen and is also in moderate or considerable defect during the day in the western half of the Punjab.

Some showers are likely in the Konkan, the south Bombay and the Madras Deccan, south-east Madras and Mysore.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 10th of November 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do (th Nov.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask	82.6	64.2	32	0	..	..
Do (th Nov.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do (9th Nov.)	89.8	74.1	36	0	..	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	78.6	53.9	67	..	0	0
Rawalpindi	69.0	47.4	69	0.01	0.01	—0 04
Lahore	73.1	51.5	74	0.02	0.02	0.02
Hissar	89.6	49.0	63	..	0	..
Ambala	83.7	58.1	78	..	0	—0.25
Delhi	84.4	55.8	54	..	0	—0.04
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	86.4	59.5	49	..	0	—0 03
Mainpuri	84.3	52 9	58	..	0	—0.11
Jhansi	86.1	52.3	60	..	0	—0.06
Cawnpore	82 4	54.6	80	..	0	—0.29
Allahabad	82.6	55.8	80	..	0	—0.10
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	85.7	49.6	53	..	0	0
Karachi	86.8	1.1	40	..	0	—0.05
Ajmer	86.2	50.9	46	..	0	—0.01
Jaipur	87.6	55.0	30	..	0	—0.01
Kotah	89 6	02 0	41	..	0	0
Mount Abu	73.2	50.9	30	..	0	0
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						Rs
Bhuj	88.4	56.1	47	..	0	0
Dwarka	83.2	66.0	3[illegible]	..	0	0
Veraval	86.3	69 0	55	..	0	0
Rajkot	90.4	5 .8	34	..	0	—0.11
Bhavnagar Para	91.5	59.6	56	..	0	0
Surat	90.3	66.3	[illegible]	..	0	—0.05
Ahmedabad	90.7	64.4	40	..	0	0
Deesa	93.9	63.2	34	..	0	0.02
Neemuch	87.7	65.5	37	..	0	0
Indore	85.1	65.1	67	..	0	—0.08
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	80.9	52.3	72	..	0	—0.20
Saugor	85.0	57.0	[illegible]	..	0	—0.12
Hoshangabad	84.7	59.0	78	..	0	—0.18
Khandwa	88.9	60.7	[illegible]	..	0	—0.18
Akola	90.8	60.4	81	..	0.09	—0 16
Amraoti	84.0	64 3	66	..	0.21	—0.04
Nagpur	84.8	59.7	67	..	1.11	1.20
Chanda	82 3	67.2	80	..	0.29	—0.17
Raipur	82.7	58.6	78	..	2.33	2.04
KONKAN—						
Bombay	86.4	75.5	80	..	0.72	0.42
Ratnagiri	88.8	73.4	82	0.35	5.16	4.81
Mormugao	88.8	73.6	86	0.40	3.92	4.28
Karwar	84.0	73.1	92	0.32	8.16	6.79
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERAB... —						
Malegaon	89.5	58.8	60	..	0	—0.26
Ahmednagar	85.8	62.0	68	..	0.32	—0.04
Poona	84.2	65.6	85	..	1.29	0.66
Sholapur	82.3	68.4	70	..	8.13	7.47
Bijapur	80.6	62.0	79	0.02	8.92	8.34
Belgaum	76.6	65.2	97	2.66	8.90	7.75
Aurangabad	86.4	60.4	70	..	0	—0.27
Nizamabad(Indur).	81.8	60.8	75	..	0.93	0.77
Hyderabad	81.9	60.0	65	..	1.42	0.66
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	85.9	72.9	81	0.30	3.82	2.23
Calicut	84.9	74.7	91	..	0.87	—1.78
Cochin	87.7	76.4	82	..	0.59	—2.74
Colombo	89 8	71.6	95	0.07	0.63	—4.07
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	83.1	74.0	82	..	6.67	3.06
Bellary	84.1	71.5	88	..	1.69	0 47
Cuddapah	88.3	74.2	94	..	1.27	—0 29
Madras	86.2	76.7	90	0.01	2.88	—2.25
Bangalore	80.1	65.6	86	4.26	8.04	6.20
Coimbatore	86.1	71.1	82	0.30	0.77	—0.58
Trichinopoly	90.8	75.2	80	..	0	—1.96
Negapatam	89.8	75.7	91	0.12	0.84	—5.06

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 10th November 1916 was 30.119 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given

DEMOSTHENES AND VENIZELOS.

Comparing the tasks and times of Venizelos and Demosthenes, Mr. W. L. Courtney, in the October, "Fortnightly," says:

"Demosthenes' orations exhibit the almost desperate efforts of a man to strike some spark out of dead matter—to urge, exhort, goad, upbraid, entreat, or shame passivity into some semblance of life. Venizelos has much the same task, for his lot, too, has fallen on unhappy times. To be a Greek citizen in the modern era is to be conscious of great humiliations.

"There has been no one quite like him in the Near East in his grasp of actual and possible conditions, and his far-sighted glance into the future—certainly no politician in Athens who has a tithe of his have thrown up a statesman who seems ability . . . The circumstances of the time

TOMMY'S DILEMMA.

Sir J. H. A. Macdonald describes in "Chambers" a visit to "Somewhere in France" and back:

"At every turn the temporary Anglicising of the country was manifest. First on one side of the road would be seen a vigorous football match, then on the other side a little farther down a game of cricket, and, last of all, at the same place, an individual coming down the road clothed only—if clothed it could be called—in the shortest of running tights and track shoes, ready for a foot race. Nothing could be more comical than his evident hesitation whether he should salute or not in passing, seeing that his sparse clothing could not be classed as uniform. Wisely, and probably correctly, he looked the other way; but his air of bewilderment made one laugh."

TYEBBHOY SHAIKH HASSONALLY.
No. I, Arcade Footpath, Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

I.

How much have YOU contributed to the war funds?

Save money by buying your out-fitting and travelling NECESSARIES from us, and invest the material saving thus effected in the war funds

II.

We have just received a vast stock of leather Gladeston hand and kit-bags, trunks, folding and ordinary suit cases, steel trunks, ready made clothes, hats, shirts, ties, collars, rugs, holdalls, etc., etc

III.

Our quality is just ours: our patrons know it, value it, talk about it,—and extend the circle of our patrons.

Our prices. Well you need outfitting necessaries (select from II) and you long to contribute to the war funds. And OUR prices enable you to do both.

RUBBER STAMP
Mfrs. & Engravers.
P. P. RELE & SONS,
179, KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT
We have just received a fresh stock of genuine British made
BRITANNIC
cycles of the following machines are really machines now flooding

ication and price and will impress that these made ones and not any unsatisfactory cheap foreign the market under fictitious English names.

SPECIFICATION.

Size of Frame—22" 24" and 26" Gent's.
Wheels—28" X 1¼ with plated rim built with English made ball bearing Hubs and spokes.
Handle bar—Upturned with celluloid grips.
Brakes—Front and back powerful roller levers acting on wheels.
Gear—72" to Gent's or to order.
Pedals—Rubber to Gent's.
Mudguard—Detachable steel, lined to match the front with extention.
Free Wheel—Ball bearing frictionless.
Tyres—Buccaneers made and guaranteed for 12 months by the Palmer Tyre Ld. London.
Saddle—Comfortable 3 coil springs with best English leather.
Tool bag—With spanner and oil can.
Pump—Nickle plated brass.
Lamp—Gas or oil.
Bell—Large sounding of good quality.
Finish—Superior enamelled black, attractively lined in colours.

Price Rs 90. nett cash or V.P.P. subject to no Discount or Commission.

Please note that these are not jumped up machines, but cycles of reputation as a perusal of the following letter will show. We may mention that this party is still using the machine.

Bombay, 20th February 1915.

Dear Sirs,

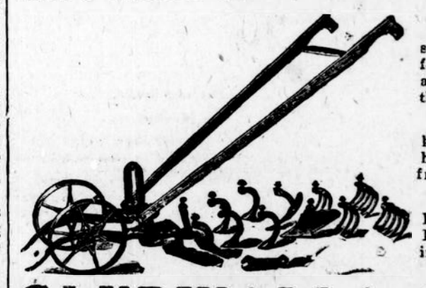
Allow me to write you how pleased I am with the Britannic bicycle which I bought of you in 1911 and is in no way worst off. I have used it every day whether it rained or was dry and I am really pleased with the machine. I could not find words to express my pleasure, but looking to the price, the machine seems to be far cheaper than any one on the market.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) J. S. B.

Please send advance with orders.

WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.
Church Gate, BOMBAY. East Street, POONA.

ARM & GARDEN IMPLEMENTS OF THE LATEST TYPE



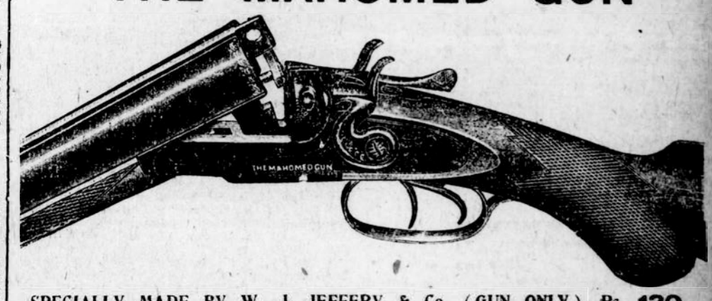
Double and Single Wheel Hoe for small family vegetable gardens and for cultivation on a small scale. Plants and cultivates four times the acreage that could be done otherwise.

Bullock-Hoes (the latest of their kind) complete with plates, shovels, hoes, etc., fitted on strong expanding frames for heavy field work.

Sugarcane Mills of exceptionally Heavy Built, Scrapers, Pumps, Oil Engines etc., always in stock for immediate delivery.

CLUBWALLA & CO., LD.
(STOVE DEPOT)
50, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"THE MAHOMED GUN"



SPECIALLY MADE BY W. J. JEFFERY & Co. (GUN ONLY) Rs. 120.
THE GUN OF THE SEASON
ARMS & AMMUNITION MART.
MAHOMEDALLY NOORBHOY,
ABDUL REHMAN STREET, Near Crawford Market, BOMBAY.
Send for Catalogue.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "SHOOTER"

GREAT ATTRACTION
ON
Hornby Road.
THE PROPRIETORS OF
"CHINA AND LAMP-WARE SHOW-ROOM"
which has lately being opened at 239, Hornby Road, next to Bessho & Co., respectfully invite Ladies and Gentlemen to visit their show-room. Some exceptionally rare articles, in beautiful Fancy Dinner and Tea-sets, Glass, Cutlery, Lamps, Alluminium and enamel-ware, Toys, and above all very rich Plated-ware from best English Manufacturers are presented to the public at
PRICE EXTREMELY MODERATE.
We are already patronised by many Ladies and Gentlemen.

K. WADIA, Diamond Merchant,
PURE GEMS, MODERATE RATES, FRENCH MELLEGRAIN SETTING.
PLATINUM AND GOLD ART WORK, GRANT ROAD.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Nov. 9th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	.. .. ..	10,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	.. ..	4,000
" " Sales of East Ind an	..	20
" " Imports	.. ..	7,000
Mid. Americans	.. ..	11.45
Egyptian F. G. F.	.. ..	20.20
New York 11 a.m. (As known in closing time.)	.. .. .. { Jan.	19.44
	{ March	19.56
New Orleans 10 a.m.	.. .. { Jan.	19.01
	{ March	19.24

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 9th.

Total Imports	7,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's opening price.
November	11.42
Nov.-Dec.	11.39
Dec.-Jan.	11.40
Jan.-Feb.	11.44
Feb.-Mar.	11.46
Mar.-Apl.	11.50
Apl.-May	11.52
May-June	11.53
June-July	11.56
July-Aug.	11.54
Aug.-Sept.	11.25
Sept.-Oct.	10.74
Oct.-Nov.	10.56
Nov.-Dec.	10.46

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 9th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.
November	11.33
Nov.-Dec.	11.30
Dec.-Jan.	11.30
Jan.-Feb.	11.34
Feb.-March	11.37
March-April	11.41
April-May	11.44
May-June	11.48
June-July	11.50
July-Aug.	11.50
Aug.-Sept.	11.22
Sept.-Oct.	10.74
Oct.-Nov.	10.60
Nov.-Dec.	10.52

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 9th.

	To-day's price.
January	19.45
March	19.59
May	19.67

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Nov. 9th.

M. G. Bengal Good	8.09
" " Fully Good	8.17
" " Fine	8.45
" No. 1 Oomra Good	8.54
" " Fully Good	8.77
" " Fine	8.95
" Broach Good	10.54
" " Fully Good	10.72
" " Fine	10.90
" Bohlee Good	7.99
" " Fully Good	8.07
" " Fine	8.25

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, Nov. 9th.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending Yesterday show the following results:—

	£		£
Total Bullion	56,500,000	Inc.	100,000
Public Deposits	51,600,000	Inc.	500,000
Other do.	111,300,000	Dec.	5,300,000
Govt. Securities	42,200,000	No change.	
Other do.	100,700,000	Dec.	5,000,000
Notes and Gold	37,800,000	Inc.	200,000

The Bank Reserve is 23 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TRANSFERS

On Calcutta Rs. 16,00,000 }
" Bombay " 15,00,000 } 1/4 5/32.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 8th.

Day's Exports to Great Britain	22,000
" to Continent..	9,000
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9¼
Demand Bills	4.75.70
Silver Commercial Bars	71½

New York, Nov. 9th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	48,000
Futures at New York January	19.53
" March	19.73
Spot Cotton at New York	19.60
" " New Orleans	18.88
Futures at New Orleans January	19.15
" " March	19.39

MONEY MARKET.

London, Nov. 9th.

Bar Silver Spot	34½
Closing Tone of Silver:—Coinage Demand—Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England rate 6 per cent. since 13th July 1916.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5⅝
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.. ..	5⅝
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	5⅝
" " " 6 " ..	6⅛
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Nov. 10.

The market at Colaba opened for M. G. Good Broach at Rs. 398 and advanced to Rs. 399 on jobbers' buying.

A fair business has been done in Broach in the bazaar but only a limited business is reported in other qualities.

Ready market is steady.

Quotations are:—

M. G. Good Broach, 399.
M. G. Fully Good Bengal, 292.
M. G. Fine Bengal, 307.
M. G. K/Akola, 377.

Messrs PATEL BROS. APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS AT MID-DAY

Bombay, Nov. 10th.

Description.		Delivery. Jan. 1917	Mar. 1917.	April 1917	Spot Cotton
Broach,	Good M.G	..	..	395/6	..
Broach,	Fine M.G.	..	403	..	New
Bengal,	F.G. M.G.	286/7	..	..	287/97
Bengal,	Fine M.G.	302/3	..	..	302/15
Bengal,	Superfine M.G.	..	..	..	310/20
Rajputana,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	..
Sind Panjab,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	..
Khan. Akola	Fine M.G.	375/6	..	..	372/82

K.H KABBUR & Co.
56, ESPLANADE ROAD—BOMBAY.
DEALERS IN
COLOURS and CHEMICALS
OF STANDARD QUALITY.
SAMPLES AND QUOTATIONS ON APPLICATION.
HEAD OFFICE: MANCHESTER. TEL. No. 3642. Tele. Address: "CHEMICOLOR"

Ellich/Amraoti,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	..
Dhamg./Pulgaon,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	..
Yeotmal,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	..
Nagpore,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	..
Hingt./Wardha,	Fine	G.M.	..	..	..
Khandeish,	Fine	M.G.	352	..	350/60
Khandeish,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	..
Khandwa Sanawad,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	..
Jalna	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	..
Indore,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	..
Ujjain,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	..
Nander,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	..
Mathia,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	..
Mathia,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	Old
Saw Ginned Dharwar	Good		..	..	375/85
Coompta,	Good	M.G.	..	..	405/15
Westerns,	Good	M.G.	..	..	385/95
Westerns	Good	H.G.	..	..	375/85

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LTD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 10th November, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	318	306	292	..	1/25th Jan. 17
Bengals (M.G.)	325	310	295	..	Ready new crop
	..	..	..	..	
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	..	304	290	..	Ready new crop
	..	304	..	..	1/25th Jan. 17
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	354	338	..	Ready new crop
	..	354	339	..	1/25th Jan. 17
	..	..	..	..	
Miraj (M.G.) G S.	..	..	..	..	
Barsee (M.G.) G.S.	..	..	..	..	
Ujjain (M.G.) G.S.	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	..	..	
Akola Khamg.	..	385	371	..	Ready new crop
Karanja (M.G.)	..	376	363	..	1/25th Jan. 17
	..	..	..	..	
Oomrawatee descriptions (M G.)	..	387	374	..	Ready new crop
	..	378	365	..	1/25th Jan 17
Dhamangaum	..	381	368	..	1/25th Jan. 17
Poolgaum (M.G.)	..	..	..	..	
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	384	371	..	1/25th Jan. 17
	..	..	..	..	
Nagpore	..	387	374	..	1/25th Jan. 17
Kampti (M.G.)	..	..	..	..	
Wardha H'ghat	..	380	365	..	Ready new crop
(M.G.)	..	390	377	..	1/25th Jan. 17
	..	..	..	..	
Broach (M.G.)	..	409	..	..	1/25th Mar 17
	..	..	..	399	1/25th Apl. 17
Wadhwan (H.G.)	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	..	..	
Mathia (M.G.)	..	350	336	..	Ready new crop
	..	349	331	..	1/25th Jan. 17
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	..	400	Ready old crop
	..	..	..	..	
Sawgd. Dharwar	..	..	..	370	Ready old crop
	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	..	..	
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	..	392	Ready old crop
Westerns (H.G.)	..	..	..	382	Ready old crop
	..	..	..	..	
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	..	408	Ready old crop
	..	..	..	..	
Miraj (M.G.)	..	..	..	408	Ready old crop
	..	..	..	..	
Indeor (M G.) G.S.	..	..	..	..	
	..	..	..	..	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay Nov. 10th—4 p.m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-80 ..	41 0 0	6 4 6
" Cawnpore 70-30 ..	40 8 0	6 4 0
" Karachi Bangla ..	41 0 0	6 5 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi ..	6 13 0	7 3 0
" Cawnpore ..	6 12 0	7 2 0
" Yellow Cawnpore ..	7 2 0	7 8 0
Linseed Brown Bold ..	11 1 0	11 7 0
" Thin ..	10 13 0	11 3 0
Teelseed, White 85-15 ..	48 0 0	10 10 0
" Gajar 75-25 ..	46 0 0	10 2 0
" Black ..	39 0 0	..
" Gajar 50.50 ..	44 0 0	9 12 0
Poppyseed, White ..	7 2 0	7 12 0
Groundnuts ..	44 0 0	....
Mowrasseed ..	4 0 0	4 5 0
Jawa ..	32 0 0	4 14 0
Arandla ..	38 0 0	....
Forward	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat, April-May ..	6 4 9	
Linseed, May ..	12 5 9	
Teelseed White 85-15 Dec.-Jan. ..	10 10 0	
" Gajar 75-25 Dec-Jan. ..	10 2 0	
" " 50-50 Dec.-Jan. ..	9 12 0	
Rapeseed April-May ..	7 0 0	

PIECE-GOODS.

A strong feeling has prevailed throughout the Cloth Market during the past week and a further rise in values has been established in several standard cloths. There has been rather more enquiry this week, a part of which has been for actual consumption and the rest of a speculative nature. These speculative transactions have greatly helped to raise prices, which are still very much lower than the replacing costs. The brokers are having a lively time and are taking the utmost advantage of the present opportunity. New dealers are always to be found who can be allured to purchase anything at the sweet will of the brokers, on the representation that profits will be made. In fact as the market has been rising since some months, profits have been made on such transactions, but until the goods go into consumption or are taken delivery of by the last buyer, such margins must remain on paper only, as any set back in the Home Market would have a paralyzing effect on the bazar, and may break a link in the chain which binds together the original seller with the last purchaser, and create intricate situations which would be difficult to handle. Although there are no immediate chances of a decline on the other side, one can never say with certainty what is to happen in the future, and it is therefore advisable to adopt a cautious policy. A further upward movement in cotton has occurred, American having touched 11.53 and Egyptian 20.50 per lb. The corresponding advance in prices of cloth is making business very difficult to arrange in all classes of goods. The constant addition to quotations from day to day has been too rapid for buyers to follow, and has brought fresh trades almost to a standstill. It is understood the Military authorities are determined to comb out on an extensive scale in the spinning mills and weaving sheds as well as in the distributing section of the trade. Everything points to a lessened output of yarn and cloth during the next few months, and there are some people who are anticipating a scarcity of supplies before very long. It will be interesting to note that the margin between yarns and cotton in Lancashire is nearly 5d. per lb. against an average of a little over 3d. per lb. for the same dates in the last four years.

GREYS.

Grey Shirtings are shewing some activity and fair advances have been established in well-known cloths. 39in. and 45 in "Fari" cloths have appreciated in values by five to seven annas per piece, and shirtings similar to these have also been put up in values. 44in. by 38½ yards Gold End Shirtings are quoted at Rs. 8-4 per piece. "Imitation 8 lbs shirtings are selling at an advance of 8 annas per piece. Dewhurst's "Rupee" No. 5 has been sold at Rs. 9-12-0 for the frontier markets and the price now required is Rs. 10. There is however not much demand for heavy shirtings in 45in. by 37½/8 yards. Grey Jacconetts are firm and rupee rates shew an increase of one to two annas per piece. Pepperell Drills have shared the activity and several lots have changed hands, resulting in an advance in values of six annas per piece. Lancashire Drills are also firm in sympathy with the American make. Japanese Grey cloths are selling well, but fresh business is not workable owing to exorbitant prices required. Makers of Dhooties are offering pretty early delivery, but the high quotations preclude any chance of business in the same.

WHITES.

There has been a smart advance in prices of all sorts of White Goods, and several parcels have changed hands in the bazaar. Superior White Shirtings have appreciated in value by four annas per piece. In Nainsooks and Mulls many speculative transactions have taken place. 34in. by 18 yards Nainsooks of a leading firm have been sold at an advance of two annas per piece. Nos. 88/8888 range of Nainsooks have been sold over and over again with the result that rates have been put up by four annas per piece. Tape bordered Nainsooks have also shared the activity. In White Mulls, the sachariwalla heading styles continue in favour as also those of fine quality, owing to violent fluctuations which have been experienced in the quotations for Egyptian cotton. Several lots of Fine Mulls have changed hands at profitable rates. Certain merchants bought speculatively a month ago and are now in a position to sell at higher rates and secure substantial profit, as the replacing costs are exorbitant at present. The frontier markets continue to give encouraging support in some cloths. Green end 27in. by 18 yards mulls have been in better request and most of the stock has been bought up for the Peshawar market where each piece is utilised as a Pugree. It is interesting to note that the expenses and extra duty incurred on each piece are equal to the value of the piece, so that the cost of the piece is doubled when it reaches the consuming market. 39in. by 20 yards Gold End Mulls have firmed up by six annas per piece, as a large buyer is collecting stocks of these goods in anticipation of obtaining large profits later on. The replacing cost of this style is still one rupee per piece above the current value and April delivery is the earliest that could be had. A lot of Fleming's 8080 Mulls under new ticket has changed hands in the bazar at Rs. 2-9 per piece.

There was a rumour in the bazar that about 8,000 packages of piece-goods had been lost per s. s. Clan Leslie which has been sunk on the 5th instant, but the fact is that this steamer was homeward bound.

The quotations for some of the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs. a. p.
Grey Shirtings—			
Ralli's Fari "No. 2000	39×37⅛/8	..	7 10 0
" " " 100000	45×37⅛/8	..	8 10 0
Fleming's No. 1905 ..	48×38	..	9 12 0
Ritchie's No. 1566 ..	38×37/37½	..	..
Bombay Co.'s No. 2580	44×38½	..	8 4 0
Dewhurst's Rupee" No. 5	39×38½	..	10 0 0
" BBB" ..	38×38½	..	11 8 0
Grey Jacconets—			
Ralli's No. 18 ..	45×22	..	4 10 0
Grey Drills—			
Pepperell "Dragon" ..	29×40	..	14 8 0
Ralli's 'Musjid," No. 425	26×40	..	9 8 0
White Shirtings—			
Liepman's No. 1500 ..	32×42	..	14 1 0
H. B. T. C. 40000" ..	36×40	..	15 12 0
White Nainsooks—			
Ralli's Nos. 7070/9090 .	27×18	..	3 2 0
" No. 39620 T. B..	38×22	..	4 6 0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888.	28×18	..	3 9 0
" 50000 ..	34×18	..	4 6 0
Greaves' No. 8000 T. B.	38×22	..	4 10 0
Ritchie's 3500/4510/5526	26×18	..	2 15 0
White Mulls—			
Ralli's Nos. 6/60/600 ..	41", 46", 51"×18		5 6 0
" No. 6000 ..	56×19	..	6 2 0
" " 88 ..	58×29	..	5 0 0
" " 818 ..	39×20	..	5 12 0
Ritchie's No 975 ..	50×18	..	4 10 0
" " 66999 ..	40×18	..	4 0 0
" " 1260 ..	27×18	..	2 14 0
Fleming's No. 8080 ..	"	..	2 9 0

LANCASHIRE YARNS.

The Yarn Market has ruled firm and steady but the demand is moderate. Rupee rates do not shew much change, but sellers are not anxious to part with their holdings, owing to the strong position of the Home Market. The stiff attitude of spinners has been a feature, especially in finer counts. Business has been thoroughly demoralised by the violent fluctuations in the raw material, and buyers have been disposed to look on pending more settled conditions. Spinners have recently sold their yarn at prices that leave them the best margin of years. It is believed that the exceptionally high prices for Egyptian will tend to force demand on the finer American qualities and that more spindles previously spinning Egyptian cotton will be turned on to American and Lancashire. Grey Yarns are quoted as under:—

Water Twist Grey—

	Rs.	a.	p
30s "Queen" Ticket per lb.	1	1	6
30s. Ordinary qualities per lb	1	0	6
40s. "Cat's Head" Ticket per lb.	1	2	6
40s. Ordinary qualities	1	2	0

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

We have to report a great improvement in our market which ruled firm and advanced throughout the week with good demand and strong advices from Home and Java together with excited news from Karachi and prices both for ready and forward have gone up 1s. 4d. per cwt all round. There was good enquiry from speculators and Importing houses to buy locally near and distant positions and a fair business was done in T.M.O. White Java October shipment at 25s. 4d. to 26s. 6d. and November/December at 25s. 11d. to 27s. 1d. Free Bombay Harbour. Home and Java quotations are 27s. 6d. for Jan/Feb. shipment but no business has been done. A small business has been reported to have been done in Mauritius Syrups at Rs. 18-8-0 to 18-12-0 F. B. Harbour for December shipment.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 21-12-0 equal to 26s. 4d F. B. Harbour stocks 200,000 bags.

16/18 Rs. 19-10 equal to 23s. 4d. F. B. Harbour stocks 35,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 21-4-0 equal to 25s. F. B. Harbour sticks 25,000.

Arrivals:—

S. S. Dullva with 50,000 bags Java Sugar.

BANK RATES.

England	.. ..	6	per cent, July 13, 1916
France	.. ..	5	per cent, Aug. 20, 1914
Germany	.. ..	5	per cent, Dec. 23, 1914
Russia	.. ..	6	per cent, July 29, 1914
Italy	.. ..	6	per cent, June 1, 1916
Netherlands	.. ..	4½	per cent, July 1, 1916
Belgium	.. ..	5	per cent, Aug. 20, 1914
Austria-Hungary	.. ..	5	per cent, April 10, 1915
Sweden	.. ..	5½	per cent, Jan. 5, 1916
Spain	.. ..	4½	per cent, Oct. 26, 1914
Bombay	.. ..	6	per cent, Oct. 5, 1916
Calcutta	.. ..	8	per cent, Nov. 9, 1916
Madras	.. ..	7	per cent, Oct. 30, 1916

BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS.

Below we give the figures of the quantity of cotton yarn and cotton manufactures exported for the separate months since the commencement of the European War together with the figures of 1913-14 for comparison.

Cotton Yarn (in lbs.).

	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.
Aug.	15,011,800	13,429,500	8,046,800	15,998,100
Sept.	14,254,100	16,205,700	9,668,100	15,734,400
October ..		13,711,300	8,018,500	19,959,100
November ..		14,495,400	9,547,000	18,247,600
December ..		14,835,400	9,996,000	17,207,100
	1916.		1915.	1914.
January ..	13,634,300		13,839,300	19,056,000
February ..	15,763,200		16,118,000	18,074,100
March ..	13,446,200		15,553,100	19,824,300
April ..	13,087,500		19,000,300	18,092,500
May ..	17,202,000		19,348,500	20,234,300
June ..	17,964,300		18,590,000	17,233,000
July ..	14,680,500		13,052,200	19,866,300
Total Aug/July	178,455,200		160,778,700	220,426,800

Cotton Manufactures (in yards).

	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.
Aug.	424,317,100	418,794,300	313,074,600	579,546,500
Sept	461,697,500	409,808,900	374,358,500	548,972,500
October ..	367,322,200		370,711,500	630,937,100
November ..	348,847,200		306,666,600	563,650,100
December ..	374,209,300		276,015,100	530,692,300
	1916.		1915.	1914.
January ..	424,103,500		349,441,800	688,105,100
February ..	416,784,500		309,982,300	583,451,600
March ..	424,729,500		352,435,100	590,375,000
April ..	400,117,000		380,745,800	531,908,600
May ..	504,837,600		473,753,900	572,913,100
June ..	500,831,600		424,946,400	499,504,900
July ..	470,996,200		538,617,400	628,770,100
Total Aug/July	5,061,381,800		4,480,749,000	6,948,826,900

The Board of Trade figures show that the export of yarn for the month of September was slightly less than in the previous month, also smaller than for the same month last year. For the nine months Jan/Sept. the figures are 135,000,000 lbs. against 145,000,000 lbs. for the same period last year. The export of cotton piece goods during September shews an increase compared with last month, also the same month last year. For the nine months the figures are 4,029,500 yards against 3,658,525,900 yards last year.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Balances held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of:—

October,	1914	Rs. 13,85,80,000
October,	1915	Rs. 15,71,82,000
October,	1916	Rs. 16,64,93,000

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Nov. 10.

Both the Cotton Mill and Tata Iron and Steel shares stood almost unchanged to-day. On account of Payment Day the market remained opened for one hour only and the business done was on a very restricted scale. For the present the market has lost its vivacity and presents a barren look.

Manganese and Cement Companies shares kept steady.

In Mill shares for December delivery David stood unchanged at Rs. 517½.

Fazulbhai were placed at Rs. 600.

Madhavji were firm at Rs. 1,517½.

Central India were quiet at Rs. 2,340.

Currumbhai stood at Rs. 307½, Crescent at Rs 185, Indian Dyeing and Bleachings at Rs 245 and Indore-Malwas at Rs. 395.

Bank of India shares were placed at Rs. 80½.

Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary shares stood at Rs. 287½ X. D.

Tata Hydro ordinary shares were placed between Rs. 1,210 to Rs. 1,220.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares stood almost unchanged at Rs. 305.

Deferred declined to Rs. 1,230.

Bombay-Burmas were placed at Rs 1,050.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done in the vicinity of Rs. 76.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were quoted at Rs. 96.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 9.

At the Calcutta share market on Thursday the jute mill shares opened very firm although there was not a very large business put through in these securities. The turnover in coal shares was considerable notwithstanding an easier tone caused by a large number of sellers. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Albion 12/13 to 13/4; Bansjorah 12, 12/4; Bengal-Nagpur 62/8; Bhalgora 40/4 to 42; Borrea 17/12 to 18/8; Burragrah 3/12 to 4/2; Burrelia 11/4, 11/8, 11/12; Burrakur 35/4; Central Pench 12/4 to 13/4; Damargurria 16 to 20; Empire 11; Equitable 54, 55; Imperial 10/8; Industry 11, 11/4; Ghusick 23/8; Jumoni 7/14 to 8/4; Kossonda 28/8; New Kendah 13; New Tetturya 14/4; New Sinidihi 8/6; Nodiha 13/4, 13/8; Ondal (ord) 11; Ondal (prefs) 110, 111; Pench consolidated 1 to 1/12; Prem Pench Valley 310; Phularitand 5/12; Raneegunje 37; Sendra 21; Standard 44/4; Sutkidih 16/4; Sudamdih 6/12; Sudamdih (prefs) 15/14; Teetulmuri 17 to 18; West Tetturya 8 to 9/4; Upper Pench 12/4.

Jute:—Albion (ord) 640; Auckland (ord) 301 to 304; Belvedere (ord) 450 to 456; Budge-Budge (ord) 500 to 515; Clive (ord) 181 to 183/8; Dalhousie (ord) 395; Delta (ord) 496, 497; Fort Gloster (ord) 631; Fort William (ord) 225; Howrah (ord) 355 to 361; Hooghly (ord) 63/8 to 64; Kanknarrah (ord) 605 to 610; Kinnison (ord) 670; Lothian 73 p.; Lawrence (ord) 385 to 386; Naihati (ord) 335, 336; New Central (ord) 403; Northbrooke (ord) 40/12 to 41/8; Orient 21 (p); Standard (ord) 470, 467; Union (ord) 600 to 610.

Tea:—Jutlibari 1/4 p.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Timber Trading (ord) 221; Calcutta City Flour 10/8; Dalbhoom Gold (ord) 26/12 to 27; Gondalpara Jute Debentures 102; Reliance Debentures 106.

3½ per cent. Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 76/2 to Rs. 76/4 and small lots were done at Rs. 76/1 p. to Rs. 76/14.

SHEPPARD AFTER-CARE FUND.

DAVID SASSOON REFORMATORY.

Amount received up to 5th September, 1916, Rs. 21,607-12.

The following sums amounting to Rs. 1,536 have been since received from:—

Mr. J. Fraser, Rs. 20; Mr. Robt. Ward, Rs. 20; Miss Jones, Rs. 15; Mr. Dhunjee Mooljee, Rs. 101; Mr. Tribhuwandas Dayabhoy, Rs. 25; Mr. Seetaram Madon Gopal, Rs. 31; Mr. J. Grenville Ardaseer, Rs. 15; "X," Rs. 32; Mr. F. C. Rimington, Rs. 26; Mr. Harischandra L. Kowley, Rs. 51; Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Rs. 10; Mr. Yeshwantrao Harischandra Joshi, Rs. 5; Mrs. Lambert J. S. (for September), Rs. 10; Bai Jerbai N. Wadia, Rs. 500; Mr. R. Todd, Rs. 30; Mr. Moreshwar W. Pradhan, Rs. 15; "Parsee Anonymous," Rs. 20; Mr. Shamji Hemraj, Rs. 50; Mr. Nanalal Parbhuram, Rs. 50; Mr. Jaikisondas Kalidas, Rs. 10; H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur, Rs. 100; Mr. Mia Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed Chotani, Rs. 50; S. N. P., Rs. 25; Mr. Mathuradas Goculdas, Rs. 250; Mr. J. H. Heap, Rs. 100; Dr. Dhunjibhoy Pestonji Sethna, Rs. 10. Total amount subscribed up to 9th November 1916, Rs. 23,143-12-0.

Donations will be gratefully accepted and acknowledged by Colonel Lloyd Jones, I.M.S. H.M.'s. Mint.

(Continued from Column 5.)

Catania (s) 100 bales cotton Bombay Company.

FOR DIEPPE.

Tyebi (s) 300 tons manganese ore James Finlay & Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Catania (s) 200 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 50 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

FOR LEGHORN.

Catania (s) 66 bales akewed cotton Kiddle Reeve & Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Novara (s) 550 bales cotton twist J. David 800 bales cotton twist Tata Sons & Co., 107 cwt gum olibanum K. Khimji & Co., 897 bales cotton twist E. D. Sassoon & Co.

Totomi Maru (s) 200 bales cotton yarn M. B. Kaisha.

Saigon Maru (s) 500 bales cotton twist C. Ebrahim & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Novara (s) 150 bales cotton twist J. David, 100 bales cotton twist Framji Sons & Co., 15 cwt senna leaves J. Liladhar, 703 bales cotton twist E. D. Sassoon & Co.

FOR KOBE.

Kasato Maru (s) 500 bales cotton N. M. K. Kaisha, 194 bales cotton Gaddum & Co., 200 balcc cotton Y. K. Kevaisha, 500 bales cotton G. G. Kaisha, 1,000 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha, 300 bales cotton H. Meghji & Co.

Saigon Maru (s) 1 bale cotton N. M. K. Kaisha, 15 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

Yamagata Maru (s) 1,000 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha. 200 bales cotton K. Devchand & Co., 360 bales cotton H. Meghji & Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Kasato Maru (s) 400 bales cotton H. Nensey & Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Yamagata Maru (s) 300 bales cotton K. Devchand & Co.

IMPORTS.

Nov. 10.

S. S. Fultala from Busreh Agents, M. M. and Co.—24 tins pearls, 35 bundles 27 boxes specie, 12 bundles dollars, 36 bundles dates, 1 bundle wool, 11 bundles skin.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 9th.

Asia Maru	Nistu	Busreh, Oct. 23
Chybassa	Logan	Karachi, Nov. 8
Nov. 10th.		
Marwada	Farquharson	London, Oct. 9
Moyori Maru	Taniguchi	Kobe, Oct. 10
Anyo Maru	Takenchi	Busreh, Oct. 25
Stanhope	Harris	Port Said, Oct. 26

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 10th.

Quiloa	Warrington	Rangoon
Saigon Maru	Yamamoto	Kobe, etc.
Standard	Johannesen	Rangoon

The following vessel obtained her port clearance yesterday.

Alavi	Wilson	Mauritius

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer			
"	*Oalobaria	for	Calcutta
"	City of York	for	Liverpool, etc.
"	Stanhope	for	Do.
"	Moyoi Maru	for	Kobe, etc.
"	Luzon Maru	for	Do.
"	Hsin	for	Bangkok

*To arrive.

S. S. Asia Maru:—The P. G. S. N. Company's steamer Asia Maru, 1,482 tons, Captain Y. Nistu, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Busreh, which port she had left on the 23rd ultimo, with a general cargo.

S. S. Chybassa:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Chybassa, 3,991 tons, Captain A. P. Logan, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Karachi, which port she had left on the 8th instant, with a general cargo.

S. S. Marwada:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Marwada, 5,119 tons, Captain T. Farquharson, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, which port she had left on the 9th ultimo with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Moyori Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Moyori Maru, 2,302 tons, Captain M. Taniguchi, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, which port she had left on the 10th ultimo, with a general cargo.

S. S. Anyo Maru:—The P. G. S. N. Company's steamer Anyo Maru, 1,298 tons, Captain Takenchi, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, which port she had left on the 25th ultimo, with a general cargo and 2 deck passengers.

S. S. Stanhope:—The steamer Stanhope, 1,827 tons, Captain A. T. Harris, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said, which port she had left on the 26th ultimo, with ballast.

S. S. Quiloa:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Quiloa, 4,941 tons, Captain A. F. G. Warrington, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Rangoon via Galle, with ballast.

S. S. Saigon Maru:—The Janan Line steamer Saigon Maru, 2,740 tons, Captain Y. Yamamoto, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Kobe, Osaka, Hongkong and Singapore, with a general cargo.

S. S. Standard:—The P. G. S. N. Company's steamer Standard, 894 tons, Captain O. M. Johannesen, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with ballast.

S. S. Alavi:—The Asiatic Company's steamer Alavi, 2,324 tons, Captain J. Wilson, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Mauritius, with a general cargo and 10 deck passengers.

Friday, 10th November, 1916.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Parsi: 2nd of Khordad, 1286.
Mahomedan: 14th of Mohorrum, 1335.
Hindu: 2nd of Kartik Vad, 1973.
Sunrise: 6h. 44m.; Sunset: 6h. 2m.
Phases of the Moon: Last Quarter Nov. 18.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Meeting of the Creditors of Bank of Burmah Ld., (in liquidation), in Broker's Hall, Share Bazaar, at 5-30 p.m., the Hon. Mr. Wacha will take the chair.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon arrive at Grant Road Station at 7-50 a.m.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co., "Grand Vaudeville Night" at 9-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, November 12.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co. Matinee at 6 p.m. "To-night's the Night.

P. and O. Company's R.M.S. Kashmir leaves Bombay. Mails close at the G. P. O. at 12 noon.

Young Men's Khoja Association: Debate Meeting re whether "Education in the mother-tongue is desirable and practicable in India," Muljibhoy J. Library Hall, Khadak, 10-30 a.m.

MONDAY, November 13.

Excelsior Theatre: New Bandman Opera Co. (1917) opening with "Mr. Manhattan" at 9-30 p.m.

Opening of a branch office of the Bank of Bombay, Sandhurst Road.

TUESDAY, November 14.

Excelsior Theatre: New Bandman Opera Co. (1917) "Mr. Manhattan" at 9-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, November 15.

Excelsior Theatre: New Bandman Opera Co. (1917) "Mr. Manhattan" at 9-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, November 16.

Excelsior Theatre: New Bandman Opera Co. (1917) "Tina" at 9-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: Cinema at 6-30 and Bandman Opera at 9-30.
New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 and 10 p.m.
Royal Opera House, Queen's Road, 6-45 and 10-0 p.m.
West End Cinema, Charni Road, 6.45, 8-30, and 10.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Col. Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.-D.-C., Commanding.

Nov. 11.

Orderly N. C. Officers for the week ending 18th November, 1916:—

Sergt. C. H. Hewlett and Corpl. D. Meldrum.

Musketry.—The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved this week-end for Class Firing for "C" and "D" Troops. Train leaves Church Gate this Saturday afternoon, 3-3 p.m. Sunday morning 6-35 a.m.

Riding School.—Riding School daily except Thursday for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts, 7-15 a.m.

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade on Thursday morning next, the 16th November. Rendezvous, Church Gate Station, 7-15 a.m. Dress—Drill order, khaki shirts, rifles, swords and bandoliers.

Issue of Arms.—Members who have not already drawn their Arms are requested to do so immediately between 10 a.m. and p.m.

(Sd.) F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd-Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Nov. 11.

396. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by "J" Company during week ending 11th instant. Next for duty "A" Company.

397. Company Field Training. Detail—Sunday, November 12th, casuals of all Companies.

Sunday, November 19th, "G" Company.

Companies will parade at Bori Bunder Station at 6 a.m. on the above dates and will return to Bombay before 5 p.m. Haversack and water bottles to be carried. Dress.—At option of Officers, Commanding Companies.

398. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

October 30th to November 15th, "D" Company (except on November 5th, 7th, 12th).

November 16th to November 22nd, "E" Company (except on November 19th).

November 23rd to December 9th, "F" Company (except on November 26th and Dec. 3rd).

399. Miniature Range.—From October 1st the Miniature Range is allotted in accordance with schedule of training issued to Officers Commanding Companies.

400. Lecture.—Lecture on Musketry to Officers, N. C. Officers and men on Monday, November 13th at the Volunteer Club at 6-30 p.m.

401. Signalling.—Signalling Class will parade at 6-15 p.m. at Headquarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

402.—Parades.—Battalion parade at 5 p.m. to-day, Saturday, November 11th, Companies will fall in at Headquarters at 4-50 p.m. Dress—Drill order. Cadets will attend.

H. L. McNEILL, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel J. S. Wardlaw-Milne, Commanding.

Nov. 10.

No. 357—Duties.

Duties for the week commencing Sunday, the 12th instant:—

Orderly Officer for the ensuing week, Lieut. A. M. Green.

Orderly Officer next for duty, Lieut. W. Dunkerley.

Orderly Sergeant No. 1 Company, Sergt. A. S. White.

Orderly Sergeant No. 2 Company, Sergt. V. Y. Smith.

Orderly Sergeant E. E. Company, Sergt. F. Power.

No. 358—Parades.

Sunday, 12th, 7-30 a.m., Rifle Shoot at Santa Cruz. Ranges 200 and 500 yards. Falling plates at 200 yards, figure targets at 500 yards. Conditions will be detailed on range. Trains leave Colaba at 6-30 a.m. and Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

Monday, 13th, 7 a.m., Mekometer Class at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

7 p.m., Knotting and Lashing at Headquarters.

6-15 p.m., E. E. Company parade at Apollo Bunder for Defence Light Manning; all members are requested to attend.

Tuesday, 14th, 7 a.m., 15-pdr. Section gun drill at Headquarters. (Section to be fully manned.)

6-15 p.m., Signallers' Lamp Practice at Headquarters.

7 p.m., Lecture on 15-pdr. ranging at Headquarters.

7 p.m., There will be a meeting of the Recruiting Committee.

Wednesday, 15th, 7 a.m., D. R. F. Specialists and Class at Colaba under Sergt. W. E. Stubbs.

7 p.m., Fuze Setting and Semaphore.

Friday, 17th, 7 a.m., 15-pdr. Section Gun drill at Headquarters. (Section to be fully manned.)

6-15 p.m., Signallers' Field Artillery abbreviations at Headquarters.

7 p.m., Lecture on 15-pdr. ammunition at Headquarters.

Saturday, 18th, 5 p.m., 6in. B. L. C. Battery drill at Mahaluxmi. (Battery to be fully manned.) Signallers to attend with small flags.

No. 3 Company, Kirkee.

Battery Drill on Wednesdays at 6 p.m.

No. 1 Section on Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

No. 2 Section on Saturdays at 8 a.m.

No. 359—Enrolment.

No. 1791, Gunner Hampton H. V., having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to No. 4 Company from 4th November, 1916.

No. 360—Leave.

The undermentioned are granted leave of absence as stated below:—

Lieut. W. Dunkerley from 10-11-16 to 14-11-16 both days inclusive.

Gunner A. G. Bazley from 9-11-16 to 16-11-16 both days inclusive.

Gunner G. F. Clifford from 9-11-16 to 22-12-16 both days inclusive.

P. H. RETALLACK, Capt.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Colonel G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Volunteer Rifles.

POONA, Nov. 10.

1036—Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 11th November, 1916:—

At Headquarters—

Buglers, Friday and Saturday, at 5-30 p.m.

At Satara—

Machine Gun parade, Saturday, at 5 p.m.

1037—Musketry.—The Rifle Range will be open for Class Firing at 7-30 a.m. daily except Thursdays and Sundays until further orders. Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarter Office two days beforehand.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, 2nd-Lieut.,
Adjutant, Poona Volunteer Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, this evening, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6.

MOONLIGHT BAND.

By kind permission of the Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. and C. I. Railway Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, at Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, commencing at 9 to 11:—

March—Distant Greeting ..... Doimg.
Overture—Banditen Streiche ..... Suppe.
Valse—Gipsy Life ..... Raymond.
Selection—The Earl and the Girl ..... Caryll.
Song—Where My Caravan Has Rested ..... Lohr.
Selection—Bonnie Scotland ..... Hume.
Piccolo Solo—Golden Sparks ..... Brewer.
Indian Intermezzo—Irrawady ..... Thurban.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION OF BOMBAY.

The annual general meeting of the Association will be held on Monday next, at 6 p.m. at St. Xavier's College.

INCOMING MAILS.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Salsette with the Homeward mails of the 5th instant arrived at Aden at 6 a.m. yesterday.

STUDENTS' CIRCLE.

Mr. D. V. Kale will speak on "Need of Technical and Scientific Works in India," to-morrow, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the Bombay New English School, C. P. Tank. Mr. P. A. Mantri will preside.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were two attacks from plague on Thursday, Chukla and Market reporting one each. The total mortality from all causes was 63 against 75 on the corresponding day of last year and 58 on that of 1914.

BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.

The total number of patients treated in the above Dispensary during the last month was 5,428, of which there were 2,344 Parsees, 2,059 Hindoos, 460 Mahomedans, 316 Christians, and 249 of other castes. The daily average attendance was 175.

N. M. PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

The total number of patients treated in this Dispensary during the last month was 3,702, of which there were 557 Parsees, 1,344 Hindoos, 1,715 Mahomedans, 26 Christians and 61 of other castes. The daily average attendance was 119.

THE MARATHI CLASS IN ECONOMICS.

Under the auspices of the Indian Economic Society the above Class will meet at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Bombay to-morrow, at 8-30 a.m. It will be conducted by Mr. C. S. Deole, member, Servants of India Society.

BOOTH-TUCKER MEMORIAL BUILDINGS BYCULLA.

The William Booth Memorial Buildings, recently erected by the Salvation Army in Sankli Street, Byculla, for the accommodation of Juvenile Criminals will be formally opened on Saturday, 18th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.). The opening ceremony will be performed by Commissioner and Mrs. Booth-Tucker.

THE BOMBAY COOPERATIVE HOUSING ASSOCIATION.

The next monthly meeting of the Association will be held on Tuesday, the 14th instant, at 6 p.m., at the Improvement Trust Office, when Mr. F. L. Silva will introduce the following subject for discussion:—"The Bombay Co-partnership Housing Society, Ltd."

MAILS FOR THE EAST AFRICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

Mails for the East African Expeditionary Force, Nairobi, Uganda and Mombasa will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 9 a.m. to-morrow.

Mails for the Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force, Mohomerah and Busra will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 9-30 a.m. to-morrow.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

To-morrow, at 9 a.m., in the Senior Class, Mr. A. R. Wadia will deal with "Local Self-Government" being the fifth of his discourses on "Democracy and Citizenship," in the Prarthana Mandir Hall, Girgaum; and Mr. K. J. Dubash will further expound Goldsmith's "The Traveller" in the Junior Class in the headquarters of the Brotherhood. The lectures are open to the public.

IN AID OF WAR FETE.

The Catholic Ladies' Association, of which Mrs. C. D'Monte is President, gave a dance last night, at the Catholic Gymkhana, Churney Road, Bombay, in aid of the Great War Sale and Fete. The Gymkhana pavilion was brilliantly illuminated and tastefully decorated for the occasion. A large company was present and a very enjoyable evening was spent. Dancing was kept up till late in the night. The proceeds will go in aid of the Great War Sale and Fete.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

The following is the list of passengers by the P. and O. s. s. Kashmir, leaving Bombay to-morrow for Marseilles and London:—

Mr J A Banyard, Mr B M Bayly, I.C.S., Mrs W A Campbell, Mr W Challice, Mrs Clegg, and 2 children, Ven'ble Archdeacon L E Cox, Mr W M Cubitt, Mr and Mrs B J Dalal, Mrs Davenport, Mr and Mrs J D de Guid, and infant, Mr Hormusjee C Dinshaw, M.V.O., Mrs J I Edie, Mr E Embury, Mrs S A Ephgrave, Mr H C A Goodall, Mr W W Grey, Miss A C Hackforth, Mrs V M Haig and 2 children, Mr C G Henderson, Mrs Henderson, 3 children, infant and nurse, Lady Muriel Herbert, Rev J and Mrs Hibbert-Ware, Mrs Jackson, infant and nurse, Mrs Levi and child, Mrs E A C Lister, Mr E C Martin, Mr and Mrs W G McCaulis, Mr and Mrs N Meldrum, Mr R T Menzies, Miss K Peacey, Mrs A J Prisk, Mr H C Raymond, Mr and Mrs W J Reynolds, Miss Rulach, Mr J N Sharpe, Miss E D Sloan, Mr Steen, Mr R S Thoms, Mrs Thoms, child, infant and nurse, Miss Graeme Thorne, Mr A C Trythall, Miss Warlow, Mr W H Webb, Mrs A G Webb, Miss M A Webb, Mr G Yeaman, Rev G Ellwood, Mr N C McInnes, Mrs Fordham and child, Mrs Bean and 2 children, Mrs D O Morris and infant, Mr C Lawton, Miss K Robertson, Mrs Morris, Mrs Pilgrim, child and nurse, Rev Manuel Martins.

HELP TO POOR STUDENTS AT AHMEDNAGAR.

A meeting of some of the leading citizens of Bombay and other persons connected with the district of Ahmednagar was held at Servants of India Society's Home on Wednesday last to consider what steps should be taken to collect funds for the Poor Students' Home at Ahmednagar. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna presided. Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, Sheth Mathuradas Liladhar, Sheth Gopaldas Bhanji, Mr. G. K. Devadhar and Mr. Kashinath D. Dhuru, Sheth Chunilal Lalchand Kabre, Mr. D. P. Bunkar and others were amongst those who were present. Mr. Devchake, the Superintendent of the Home, explained the objects of the Home and gave an account of its progress. He said that there were 40 students at present in the Home and all were boarded and lodged free. The students are taught carpentry, weaving, tailoring besides the ordinary course. A benevolent gentleman named Mr. Narhar Gadadhar Phadke having given for the Home a large piece of land outside the city of Ahmednagar the institution now badly wants a building of its own and an Industrial School. Mr. Devchake has been deputed to collect funds for the purpose. Sir Vithaldas and Mr. Devadhar having supported Mr. Devchake on the motion of Sheth Mathuradas and Mr. Bunkar, a committee consisting of some prominent gentlemen was appointed to help Mr. Devchake in his work, and the Servants of India Society was appointed the treasurer. The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair.

"SLAVERY" IN MALABAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With reference to your editorial note re alleged slavery in Malabar in the "Chronicle" of date, I write to say that in pre-British days the Cherumas, a class of untouchables in Malabar, were held as slaves by the land-owners. But this slavery had nothing in common with the African slavery. The owners had never any power of life and death over the supposed slaves. The bond between the master and slave was moral. The slave lived on the master's farm and was paid in kind for the day's labour. The relation between the master and the supposed slave was very cordial, and I should say that there was a sort of affection between both. The slaves considered that there was a sort of moral obligation between them and their respective masters. When the family of the slave multiplied they generally settled down on the same farm, and owed a sort of allegiance to the same master's family. Sometimes when other landowners were in need of these men, and when one had enough and to spare, it was the practice to give some of the latter's men to the former, and in so doing the men transferred their allegiance to the former. In some cases a small nominal amount is paid to the previous owner to denote that the men have transferred their allegiance. These customs continue even to this day. My family had some of these men in our little farm and it was only when we found that we could no longer find employment for them on our farm that we told them that they could go anywhere else they liked and find new masters. These men are generally Cherumas—a class of untouchables who are mainly agricultural labourers. In Palghat they cannot enter any Brahman streets or localities of the caste Hindus, nor even the main bazar. But many of them have found salvation from these cruel caste tyrannies by embracing Islam or Christianity. From personal experience I can say that this form of so-called slavery is a thousand times preferable to the system obtaining in Fiji and other British colonies in these days of twentieth century culture and civilization.
—Yours, etc.,

V. IYER.

Poona, Nov. 9.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 10.

The gunny market ruled very strong and mills have raised their rates for public demand. This feeling was reciprocated in the share market where full prices were paid for favourite stocks. Coal shares were less in request, the feature of the market being a great failing off than had last taken place during the last day or two in the enquiry for those securities. The position appears to be that the market is overloaded with scrips and until this has been absorbed an easier tone is improbable. At present sellers far outnumbered buyers. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Albion 12-8, 12-12; Baraboni 2-8; Bhulanbararee 44, 44-4; Bokaro Jherriah 13; Buragarh 3-6 to 3-12; Burrelia 11-8, 11-12; East India 40; Empire (ord) 10-4; Chusick 23, 23-4; Imperial 10-4, 10-6; Kuardi 19, 19-4, 19, 19-4; New Manbhoom 20-4; New Beerbhoom 57-12, 52; New Kessurgarh 12; Nodiha 10-12, 12; Nowaghur 23-3; Ondal 10-12, 11; Parasea 3-4; Phularitand 5-4, 5-6; Royal 5-6, 5-6; South Govindpur 9-8; Sudamdih 6-8; West Tetturya 9

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 572 c.p.; Auckland (ord) 302 to 305; Barnagore (ord) 149 to 151; Belvedere (ord) 450 to 437; Budge Budge (ord) 423; Clive (ord) 183 to 184-6; Dalhousie (ord) 398 to 423; Delta (ord) 496 to 506; Fort Gloster (ord) 634 to 640; Fort William (ord) 226 to 230; Howrah (ord) 357; Kamarhatty (ord) 496; Kanknarrah (ord) 605 to 610; Kelvin (ord) 600 to 604; Kelvin (pref) 118-8; Northbrook (ord) 41, 41-4, 41-8; Orient 21 to 22-8; Soorah (ord) 213 to 218; Standard (ord) 473 to 474; Union (ord) 602 to 608.

Tea:—Geille (ord) 394; Jutlibari 1-4 p; Sarugaon 22; Seajuli 31.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Timber (ord) 222; Darjeeling Himalayan Railway (ord) 284, 285; Dalhoom Gold (ord) 27; Ryam Sugar 14-8, 14-12; Triton Insurance (ord) 56, 56-8.

Government Paper, 3½ per cent., was quoted at Rs. 76-2 to 76-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 76-10 to 76-14.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

GROUNDING OF THE SABRAMATI.

OFFICERS CRITIFICATES NOT TO BE CANCELLED

The Marine Court, presided over by Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Chief Presidency Magistrate, concluded yesterday the adjourned enquiry into the circumstances attending the grounding of the Bombay Steam Navigation Co.'s s.s. Sabarmati off the Okhamandel coast. Mr. E Ferrers Nicholson appeared for the Government, while Mr. S. G. Velinker appeared for the Master and the Chief Officer of the s. s. Sabarmati, and Mr. Little for the Bombay Steam Navigation Company.

The Court expressed its opinion that the error or errors of judgment involved in the case were not such as would justify the cancellation of either the Master's or the Chief Officer's certificate, and ordered the certificates to be returned.

BURGLARY AND THEFT.

OLD OFFENDERS IDENTIFIED BY FINGER IMPRESSIONS.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, the Fourth Presidency Magistrate disposed of a case in which Deputy Inspector Histed charged two old offenders Antone Cabral and Bhikhia Lulmon with burglary and theft of ornaments totally worth Rs. 1,188, belonging to Mr. Bejanji Fardunji Modi; residing at Byculla.

It was alleged that on the 8th ultimo about dusk the house of the complainant was broken into and the property abovementioned was missing. A report was made to the Police at the Nagpada Station and investigations made thereupon led to the identity of the first accused, the impression of whose right hand indexfinger tallied with the finger impression discovered on the chimney of the complainant's house. The two accused who had already been arrested on suspicion admitted their guilt and property, worth Rs. 417, was recovered. The first accused had undergone five and the second, nine previous convictions.

The Magistrate sentenced the first to two years' rigorous imprisonment and the second to one year's hard labour in consideration of his having assisted the Police in the recovery of the property. The Magistrate in his judgment appreciated the detective skill of Deputy Inspector Histed and commended him to the notice of the Commissioner of Police.

ATTEMPT AT PICK-POCKETING.

JUDGMENT DEFERRED PENDING ENQUIRY.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court Sub-Inspector Desai of the G. I. P. Railway Police charged Motiram, a Punjabi aged 19, with attempting to steal a gold necklace worth Rs. 250 from the person of a motor engineer, Sundersan Gurumukti.

Messrs. Kotasthane and Desai defended the accused.

It was alleged for the prosecution that he was buying a ticket at the Victoria Terminus when the accused was caught picking the pocket of the complainant. The accused tried to ran away but was chased and caught.

The accused was convicted but sentence was deferred, to the 20th instant, to enable the Police to make further inquiries into the matter.

THEFT OF A CHAIN.

ACCUSED CONVICTED.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court Sergeant McCulloch charged Chhana Varan, a coachman with the theft of a gold chain from the person of another coachman Govind Purshotam. Mr. DeLima defended the accused.

It appeared that both the accused and the complainant had an altercation which resulted in a scuffle and the complainant missed the chain.

The accused was fined Rs. 20 or in default to undergo 15 days' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY GUN CLUB.

Favoured with a beautiful "Cold Season" morning the above Club held a most successful meeting on Sunday last. With the absence of any breeze birds flew true and the returns recorded show a high standard of shooting. The opening Sweep was won by A. H. Kingston with a return of 8 kills, added to 2 handicap. Perkin, Johnstone and Fraser, with their respective handicaps, returning scores of 8 each.

The Spoon Competition was keenly contested and in the first return, out of 10 competitors, a tie resulted between R. Kennedy, A. H. Kingston, C. R. Perkin and S. C. Fillmore, each with their respective handicaps, returning "possibles". The shoot off did not even find the winner, the result being Kennedy 7 kills and 1 handicap, equals 8; Kingston 8 kills and 2 handicap, equals 10; Perkin 9 kills and 1 handicap, equals 10; Fillmore 5 kills and 4 handicap, equals 9; and it was in the third venture that Perkin outclassed his opponent and annexed the Spoon. The Handicap Cup, confined to members with handicap of 2 and over, was won for the second time by A. H. Kingston, who was shooting much above handicap form. C. R. Perkin, A. S. Knowles and A. G. MacDonnell tried conclusions for the sweep attached, and this ultimately went to Knowles

The Club Cup fell to Fraser who, with a card of 9 kills added to 1 handicap returned another "possible" and recorded his third win on this trophy. A. H. Kingston with 9, and Kennedy, Knowles, Johnstone and Fillmore each with returns of 8 shows that honours were not won with wide margins.

The Stewart Cup—10 birds, unknown Traps and Angles.—resulted in a tie between A. G. MacDonnell with 6 kills and 3 handicap and D. W. Johnstone with 7 kills and 2 handicap. In the shoot-off however Johnstone easily disposed of his opponent.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" says, a day or two ago eight or nine dacoits raided the village of Sarwar Khel in Isakhel Ilaqa, Mianwali District, and carried off two women. The dacoits are believed to have crossed the border into the tribal territory.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

WANDERING JEW AT THE NEW ALEXANDRA.

The star item at the New Alexandra for the week commencing this evening, is the film version of Eugene Sue's world famous novel "The Wandering Jew." It is in five reels and like most productions bearing the well-known name of Pasquali, is notable for superb photography and carefully chosen settings. Some of the outdoor views are not only delightful, but of real educational value for they enable us to form a good general impression of life in other countries without in any way interrupting the thread of the story. The story of "The Wandering Jew" is too well-known to bear repetition, it is a graphic subject, packed with remarkable dramatic incidents round the inheritance of a fortune left by an eccentric jew 150 years previous. The descendants pass through the most startling experiences, owing to the intrigues of a powerful secret society who are willed to possess the inheritance should none of the descendants appear before twelve o'clock on a certain date. Adventure follows adventure of a most extraordinary kind, and thrills are prominent in every phase of the extraordinary drama. The producers' object has been to provide a peg on which to hang some of the most extraordinary incidents ever seen in a film drama. These include a shipwreck, a thrilling fire scene in a circus, and various adventures connected with a lion tamer and his wild animals. The result is a play which impresses by its verisimilitude, as well as by its exciting happenings. The photography and the protrayal are of the usual high quality identified with the Italian Co.'s, of Rome.

OLYMPIA CINEMA.

Extraordinary brisk business has been the order at the Olympia Cinema since the begining of the great serial film "The Iron Claw." This week the third and fourth Episodes will be screened, in which Margory, the heroine, makes a sensational escape in a "Cognac Cask." Another thrilling scene is where a motor car runs into a river from the top of an open drawbridge. The identity of the "Laughing Mask" is still a secret, and much interest will be aroused amongst the audience by the apparent discovery of his physiognomy by Margory.

A word may be added to the well arranged gardens that Olympia has laid out, and the re-adjustment of the auditorium as well. A separate box-office is provided for the reserved and first classes, and all arrangements are neat and up-to-date.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

A real bright evening's enjoyment is offered at the Royal Opera House to-night and during the following week, and the programme is on quite different lines from those of the past few weeks, giving patrons the variety they desire.

The big feature is a five-reel picture. It is a romance and because of this very description it is certain to be much appreciated. Called "The Madcap," it tells of a high spirited orphan girl who is left with a large fortune and a love of adventure. She becomes acquainted with an artist and the two do an unconventional tour of Normandy as vagabonds. Unfortunately a countess spoils sport but after the lovers have been parted three months the very same woman accidentally brings them together again, wrecking her own career at the same time.

The new programme also contains a splendid short comic, and the indispensable Pathé Gazette.

WEST END CINEMA.

Large houses were again the order at Bombay's newest and coolest picture theatre during the week-end, when another instalment of the interesting serial, "The Diamond From The Sky" was screened. The jewel, a valuable heirloom, is constantly changing hands, and some very sensational scenes result. From the very start this serial held the imaginations of those who saw it, and every week it attracts new patrons. The management were wise in securing such a powerful picture at the outset of the theatre's career.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 10.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. S. Middlemins officiates as Director, Geological Survey of India vice Dr. H. H. Hayden on leave. The following permanent promotions in higher grades of the superior establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department are sanctioned with effect from 1st October, 1916:—Mr. R. Meredith C.I.E., Deputy Director-General Telegraph (Traffic) to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 2,000.

Mr. H. C. A. Goodall, Director (Telegraph (Engineering), to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 2,000.

Mr. G. P. Roy, Superintendent, Telegraph (Engineering), to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 1,500.

Mr. G. W. Talbot, Superintendent Telegraph (Engineering), to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 1,500.

ARMY DEPARTMENT

The following gentlemen are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers:—

To be Second-Lieuts. (Cavalry Branch): F. H. C. Nissen.

To be Second-Lieut. (Infantry Branch) H. G. Wyatt, A. H. Fodley, C. A. Webb, R. H. M. Harvey, N. Quick, A. I. Aynar, O. R. Scott, V. C. F. Berkley, E. G. Scott Brown, C. J. Cleary, E. G. C. Pelham Clark, R. D. Mackenzie, J. R. K. Wallace, R. Beveridge, A. Stevens, H. Cornish, H. C. A. Hunter, G. D. Peal and C. S. Harper.

MOLTKE'S MISTAKE.

A STORY OF KLUCK AND THE MARNE.

Considerable interest is taken in Paris in an account published in the "Renaissance" of a statement made by a German officer, alleged to be of high rank, to a Spanish journalist, who has reproduced it in a Bilbao newspaper.

According to this statement (says the "Morning Post" correspondent) General von Moltke was responsible personally for the German defeat on the Marne. He states that General von Kluck wished to surround the capital, and undertook to capture it within a very short space of time.

He telegraphed to Moltke, who gave him instructions to ignore Paris and go in pursuit of the army corps of Franchet d'Esperey. In this way one day was lost.

Two days had now passed, and Kluck a third time urged the importance of capturing Paris, and at the some moment drew attention to the fresh French army which was appearing on his right. Moltke insisted that this new army was unimportant, and that the real objective was the French left.

Three days had in this way been asted, and when Kluck delivered his furious attack on the French left he was attacked in flank, as he had foreseen, by the Sixth French Army under General Maunoury, and was forced to fall back to the Ourcq. "Such, according to the German statement, was the terrible error than can never be forgotten. In this way we lost Paris, for we knew it could never resist a siege by us, because its forts had no heavy guns to reply to our modern weapons."

A STEERING MECHANISM.

Considerable attention is being received by the theory and practice in steering mechanism, and it is found to be generally unscientific. The least unscientific and practical in many particulars is the face and aft method, which requires an extra knuckle steering arm or lever having only one point of highest leverage, which is when the car is moving in the straightforward direction. The increase in leverage in steering the car is required in the turning, the straightforward direction being more or less automatic. The steering-link also often has to be bent to clear the wheel movements. Theoretically, the more rigid the steering mechanism throughout, the greater the efficiency.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, November 12, 1916.

NEED FOR AN EDUCATIONAL POLICY.

It is a commonplace that the war has revealed great defects in education as in every other field. But perhaps the gravest revelation of all has been the demonstration that it has given of the readiness of authorities to relegate educational efficiency to a secondary place. This tendency has been specially marked in India. We have seen educational expenditure cut down, as though the process of the preparation of future citizens of the country could as lightly be postponed to a more convenient time, as for example the development of its industries. Fortunately, in England especially, the fundamental danger of such a short-sighted policy has been recognised. Several committees have already been appointed to consider the various practical questions of the educational system and to suggest measures of reform with a view to bring the system more substantially in accord with the needs of the people. But the most important of all the steps taken by the Home Government is the appointment of "The Reviewing Committee," which is "to consider the system of education as a whole" and is to concentrate on the larger question of evolving a considered policy that will make for the unification, the enlargement, and the vitalisation of the national system. The personnel of this and other committees is representative of the best intellect of the nation. There are strong reasons that favour similar action on the part of the Government of India. In fact, the need of evolving an educational policy that will be national in character and adequate in scope is generally admitted to be acute, perhaps more so in this country than in any other.

In may be presumed that the matter is being carefully considered by the Government. But what Indian public opinion has urged,—and rightly, though ineffectually urged,—is that instead of the various educational questions being allowed to be considered spasmodically by the slow-moving and inadequate agency of the Education Department, the Government of India should boldly follow the example of the Home Government and entrust the most insistent problem, of considering the system of education as a whole, to a competent body representative of the best mind of the public, which might be expected to solve the problem of evolving a definite policy that will make for the extension and vitalisation of the national system of education. The Government have hitherto unfortunately adopted a lofty attitude of silence and the only indication that is now forthcoming as to their intention in the matter, besides revealing a strangely inadequate recognition of their responsibility to adapt their ways to new conditions, is calculated to raise misgivings as to their future educational policy. It is stated that proposals are under consideration to hold a Conference of the Directors of Public Instruction at Delhi towards the end of January next, to discuss "educational developments in India." In ordinary times the Government are at liberty to take counsel with their own officers and no misunderstanding as to their purpose can arise. But the times are not ordinary. The whole world is on the eve of reconstruction in all spheres of life, especially education; and everywhere,—not excluding even Germany,—the best intellect is mobilised for the task of finding out the means of ushering in that reconstruction. It is ridiculous to expect that a conference of Directors of Public Instruction is a body representative of all the available elements in the country competent to pronounce on educational needs and ideals and even more ridiculous to regard it as a body fully equipped to consider the great problem of "educational developments in India." On the other hand, there is every reason to apprehend that the net result of the deliberations of a secret conclave of officials, who however well intentioned, are more often than not tenaciously wedded to their own stereotyped and prejudiced views of the problem they are to be called upon to consider, will be, if not to set the hands of the clock of "educational developments" back, to keep them where they are. And there are enough precedents to warrant such an inference. For similar conferences held during the last two decades have not been productive of results quite beneficial to the development of education. It is enough to recall the two Conferences called by Lord Curzon in 1901 and 1905, which,—especially the first,—hatched those re-actionary schemes that were later on forced upon the country.

This latter conference held its meeting secretly and its proceedings were not published and even though Lord Curzon was moved to protest against the description of the conference "as a sort of Star Chamber Conclave that was engaged in some dark and sinister conspiracy," subsequent events,—especially the passing of that most retrograde measure, the Indian Universities Act,—justified the fears raised at the time the conference assembled that its recommendations would be of a reactionary character. We have had enough of such secret counsels. It is time for the Government to make it clear that they are in earnest about educational reform. The only way they can show their sincerity is to carry the people and their representatives with them. What is required is a sustained endeavour to fix our mind on the evolution of higher educational ideals. And in this endeavour will be required the co-operation of all the representative persons who are marked out for the task by their experience, by their grasp of principles, by their loyalty to the true ideal of education which looks to the development of the resource, the vision and the idealism that under our present defective system lies for the most part latent and undiscovered in all but a very few children, and, above all, by their peculiar insight into the needs of the people. If this test is to be applied it is obvious that any committee or commission appointed must necessarily have a preponderating element of Indian members on it. It may be that the proposed Conference of the Directors of Public Instruction is only a preliminary to the appointment of such a committee. If so, and we trust it is so, the holding of the Conference will be a needless and uncalled for waste of public money and of much valuable time.

Notes of the Day.

The American Election.

There are few countries in which an important election could remain a matter of opinion 48 hours after the poll is closed, but the latest news from the United States informs us that "opinion is growing that Mr. Wilson has been elected," which seems the nearest we can get to anything definite regarding the Presidential contest. When it was thought that Mr. Hughes had been elected the Democrat Party manager immediately threw out suggestions that the ballot boxes were being tampered with. Now it is the turn of the Republicans to declare that the "Democrats must not steal the Presidency" and both sides are mobilising lawyers to watch the count. We are warned that the issue will remain in doubt for some time. Whichever way it will be found ultimately to have gone it is evident that it is the Western States that have saved Mr. Wilson from the defeat that the earlier returns indicated.

A Questionable Nomination.

A Madras telegram stated yesterday that the Kumara Rajah of Bobbili has been nominated a member of the local Legislative Council. The appointment has evoked strong protests from the public of the province,—and not without substantial reasons. In the first place, as is pointed out, it is difficult to divine the principle on which the selection has been made; for, the class of Zemindars of the northern group of Districts to which the Kumara Rajah of Bobbili belongs is given the right of electing their representative, and the Zemindar of Palaveram has been returned as member unopposed by any other candidate. The power of nomination vested in the Governor can be exercised either to safeguard the interests of important classes which cannot elect their own representatives or to strengthen really popular representation in the Council, if the non-official majority which is provided by the statute is not to be altogether illusory. The latest nomination by Lord Pentland shows that both these considerations have been lost sight of.

A Study in Mendacity.

"It is a characteristic trick of Indian propagandists to quote friends or opponents in a way that suits their argument without the least regard for the accuracy of the quotation or the real meaning of the context. In this they have no conscience. It is one of the most deplorable features of public controversies in India." These unctuous strictures occur in the course of a long and envenomed attack on the scheme of post-war reforms submitted by the elected members of the Viceroy's Legislative Council, which appears in a Calcutta contemporary which it is unnecessary to designate. This censor of controversial morals begins the article thus: "For some reason or other those responsible for the publication of the post-war reform memorandum of the nineteen elected members of the Legislative Council have spread abroad the idea that the proposals they make follow the lines of a Note or Despatch on the same subject forwarded to the Secretary of State by Lord Hardinge." The accusation of course, is as gross as it is unfounded.

Lecturing a Bishop.

Having disposed of "the Indian propagandists" the mentor proceeds to lecture the Bishop of Madras. His Lordship's sin is that in the course of an article in the "Nineteenth Century" dealing with India's future he has expressed the following opinion:

"If it is wrong for Germany to attempt to impose her kultur upon unwilling Nations, it is equally wrong for England to attempt to impose her Government and civilisation upon India against the will of the Indian people. We cannot fight for one set of principles in Europe and apply another set of principles in India."

The Bishop was trying to develop the thesis that "whatever may have been the origin of the British Government in India, its only justification now is the fact that it is necessary for the welfare, the happiness and the future progress of the Indian peoples themselves, and that the great mass of the Indian peoples wish it to continue." His Lordship is informed that "it is not seemly for high dignitaries of the Established Church to take a part in public controversies," and that the Church of England will gain nothing and may lose a lot if its Bishops "trail their ecclesiastical skirts in the dust of political conflict in India." Morals,—and manners!

Censoring the Cinema.

We do not know what has happened to Sir Harcourt Butler's scheme of inculcating patriotism among school children. With his accustomed energy he has now turned to the vexed question of censoring cinematographs. We did not, of course, need to be reminded by Sir Harcourt that cinematographs have sometimes a tendency to upset the morals of the young. The complaint is not a new one. But it is doubtful whether the remedy proposed by him, namely, the appointment of censoring committees, is calculated to remedy the evil. At any rate it has not proved an unqualified success where it has been tried. For censors as often as not are as unintelligent as they are useless. For what they almost always think it their duty to defend is not morals but conventions. More than this, no two men can agree as to the right occasion to use their power of veto. There is again the temptation for them to use this power merely for the sake of using it. The net result of their activities, we fancy, makes no perceptible difference, one way or the other, to the morals of the young.

FIJI LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

SEAT FOR AN INDIAN

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 10.

His Majesty's Government have, on the representation of the Government of India, modified the constitution of the Legislative Council in Fiji by the addition of a seat which may be filled by an Indian provided he is a British subject and does not hold a public office.

(Continued from Column 6.)

quotation not because we are disposed to accept the too flattering estimate given by the writer of an India overflowing with political milk and honey but rather as summarising the main causes of Ceylonese discontent with their own institutions. It is only fair to point out that, *per contra*, the opinion against political union with India is no less strongly held. For instance, the Hon. Mr. P. Ramanathan, regards such an union as in the highest degree inexpedient. He urges that Ceylon would be able to secure a better hearing at the Colonial Office, directly, than through the Indian medium, and that the voice of the four million people of the Island would be drowned amidst the contentions of over three hundred millions in India. It must be said that Mr. Ramanathan does not appear to have realised that under a system which secures autonomous rule to every province comprised in the future Indian Empire, there will be less and less need for going to London, and that as far as that objection is concerned, there is little or no force in it. However, it is a large question, this of the possible union of Ceylon with India, and we may defer passing a final opinion.

INDIA AND CEYLON

THE MOVEMENT FOR UNION.

Like other parts of the Empire, Ceylon is absorbed in the discussion of its own post-war reforms. And included in these, curiously enough, is the political amalgamation of India and Ceylon! We gather that the discussion of this particular subject has been going on for some weeks and the literature that has grown up in its wake is apparently considerable. So far, Indians have heard next to nothing of this interesting idea, and have of course not participated in the discussion which has therefore been of an one-sided character. At any rate, we have the advantage of knowing the Ceylonese opinion, and it may perhaps be useful to indicate its trend. As was to be expected public men in Ceylon are not unanimous in demanding political union with India; and all that we propose to do is to set forth the typical contentions on both sides without at present expressing our own opinion as to their relative weight and cogency, even from the Ceylonese point of view.

The Arguments For.

Broadly stated, the pro-unionist contention proceeds on the basis that Ceylon has outgrown the Crown Colony system of administration and that its further continuance will work to the detriment of the political progress of the island. On the merits, that contention is undoubtedly sound. There is need practically everywhere for a levelling-up of the political institutions that have grown anyhow, without plan or system and irrespective of justice or expediency. It is true enough that even under very unpropitious conditions, the political consciousness of the people has grown; but it has grown up to a certain limit beyond which it is perverless to develop, and the condition of arrested development it presents is a source of political danger. Things cannot remain as they are, and there can be no going backward. These reflections, which are of wider application than to the circumstances of Ceylon, would naturally occur to Indians familiar with and suffering under the bureaucratic system which they have themselves outgrown.

To revert to Ceylonese opinion, the contention is generally advanced that it is essential to the political future of the islands that they should throw in their lot with Indians as the only eastern community with which by racial and historical causes they possess the closest affinity. Geographically, the island is almost an integral part of India,—quite as integral a part, let us say, as is Burma. From the racial and historical points of view, there can be no doubt that the connection between the mainland and Ceylon can be traced to the remotest antiquity and of which the existence of the important community of the Tamils of Ceylon is living proof to-day. Apart from considerations of this character, the opinion is generally held that, left alone, the island cannot attain to the highest political development, of which it is capable. From this point of view, the best Ceylonese opinion is inclined to regard the political union with India as the only possible solution of the problem of its future.

Colonial Office Cold Douches.

Of course, the Ceylonese look forward to such a political reconstruction in India as would not only satisfy Indian aspirations but also render the political union of Ceylon with this country advantageous to the former. The existing state of things in Ceylon is contrasted with that of India in terms not very complimentary to the former. Time and again, the Colonial Office, knowing how feeble our efforts are, have thrown cold water on our legitimate aspirations. It is not so with India. Indian public opinion has become such a mighty force that it is impossible to ignore it. As a matter of fact Ceylon contains the germs of a most enlightened public opinion. We have a large percentage of literates, and we have better and ampler opportunities for assimilating Western ideas, but we are lagging behind. Our Legislative Council, with a constitution meant for the early years of British rule, in this land is continuing to legislate for us, as if we were a most backward community. It is not only a farce, but . . . . it has become a danger to our welfare. On the other hand, all the Indian Provincial Councils have unofficial majorities, and the unofficials are given liberty to propose important bills relating to finance and such matters. The proportion of Indian members in the Imperial Executive and Legislative Councils is also fairly large. Again the Indian Governors are drawn from the British nobility, and usually they are men of liberal views and broad sympathies. Contrast that with the succession of office-trained Governors that we have been blessed with, who are addicted to routine, and are often lacking in imagination. A notable exception is of course our present Governor. Another advantage which is denied to us, is that the conditions for entering the Civil Service are far easier than those in Ceylon. After the war, when the recommendations of the Indian Civil Service Commission are adopted, this fact will become more marked. If India is forging ahead, it is because her claims are most powerfully urged before the British public, who form after all, the ultimate arbiter of India and Ceylon alike. Indian claims are urged not only from India, but also in England. The British Committee of the Congress are ever watching the interests of India in England. Members of Parliament are among her champions there. These facts ought to convince us that our policy of isolation from India has cost us much.

The Other Side.

We have ventured to make this lengthy

(Continued in Column 5.)

NOTABLE SPEECHES AT GUILDHALL BANQUET.

THE PREMIER ON ONE CONDITION OF PEACE.

GUILDHALL BANQUET.

MR. ASQUITH ON ONE CONDITION OF PEACE.

MR. BALFOUR AND GERMAN NAVAL METHODS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Speaking at the Guildhall Banquet to-night, Mr. Asquith referred to the Fleet which was maintaining an ever tightening grip upon the inlets of enemy supplies and was more than ready to try conclusions.

Our gallant armies were ever gaining ground on the Somme and never yielding an inch. Their splendid record was the same in Salonika, Egypt, Mesopotamia and East Africa.

France was fighting shoulder to shoulder with us on the Somme and in little more than a fortnight she had annihilated eight months of enemy's prodigious and most costly effort at Verdun.

Italy was steadily advancing on Trieste and Russia maintained her colossal task with undiminished energy.

He offered a special tribute of admiration to Roumania for her splendid and tenacious stand.

The Serbians were playing a worthy part and Portugal was contributing her share.

RELATIONS WITH GREECE.

Mr. Asquith continued:—"With regard to Greece I speak with hope, and I wish I could say with confidence. We and the Allies have never had any quarrel with Greece. On the contrary there is sincere traditional friendship. As one of the Powers guaranteeing her independence and freedom, we desire both to prevent her from being enmeshed in the Germanic net and to save her from the calamities of internal strife. Whatever apparently drastic measures the Allies have taken, have been dictated solely by necessity for preventing Athens from continuing to be the centre of German propaganda and intrigue. I say frankly we are in hearty sympathy with the Great patriot Venizelos. He has assured us that his efforts and organisation are in no way anti-dynastic and that his sole object is that Greece should play a worthy part on the side of freedom in view of the progressive development of the Balkans on the lines of independence and liberty.

"This is a war for the emancipation of smaller nations. How can Greece hold aloof? The one aim of the Allies is that we shall be again in the position in which we were when M. Venizelos was Premier and went to Salonika. It was Hellas which first among the nations of Europe lit the torch of liberty and withstood the inrush of eastern barbarism and tyranny. May she rekindle the lamp and show herself worthy of her immortal past."

Dealing with the German propaganda in neutral countries Mr. Asquith said it suggested in these countries that the Allies had the sinister design after the war to combine against them and build up an impenetrable stone-wall against their trade. It was a childish fiction and if it were true it would mean that they were one and all bent on economic suicide. Nothing would be more essential to the Allies after the war than to maintain the best industrial and financial relations with neutrals.

SEPARATE PEACE PROPAGANDAS.

The real purpose of the propaganda was to influence the opinion in each of the belligerent countries in favour of separate peace with different arguments in different countries. As an instance he said, in Britain it was insinuated that Germany was prepared to restore and compensate Belgium and thus meet the British *casus belli*, and that we were being dragged on in order to secure the special aspirations of France, Russia and Italy. But we were equally pledged to the restoration of Serbia which it was never suggested Germany was prepared to concede. But Mr. Asquith emphasised without hesitation or reserve that the Allies were fighting in the common cause of their interests and their essential condition of a lasting peace was victory which would secure them all.

The German propagandism in Russia was just the reverse. There we were represented as a Power anxious to continue the war and prevent the possibilities of a separate or general peace. We were represented as lending the Allies money usuriously, making huge munitions and shipping profits and fulfilling the traditional role attributed to us by Napoleon of "a nation of hucksters and shopkeepers." It is difficult, Mr Asquith continued, to imagine that this can be regarded as a plausible or even a credible hypothesis.

ONE CONDITION OF PEACE.

The Premier dwelt on our terrible sacrifices in wealth and lives and asked:—"Who has greater reason than we to long and pray for peace? Peace, yes. But on one condition only; namely, that the war with its waste and sacrifices and untold sufferings and its glorious examples of courage and unselfishness shall not have been vain."

He concluded:—There is no question of separate peace but we do not disguise the conviction that the struggle will tax all our resources and our whole stock of patience and we resolve that when peace comes it must be such as we can build upon a sure and stable foundation for security for the weak, the liberties of Europe and a free future for the world."

MR. BALFOUR.

Mr. Balfour who preceded Mr. Asquith, replied for the Navy. He answered the critics who thought that the Navy had been condemned to a passive role. "It was assuring the vital communications and maintaining in fair and foul weather the blockade which has so impaired the enemy's resources. I can promise that its duties, both offensive and defensive, will be carried out as successfully as in the past but I am not going to promise any accumulation of force to make it impossible for the enemy to carry out transient and ineffectual raids."

"The recent raid in the Channel could doubtless be repeated but Mr. Balfour did not think the risk was worth the enemy's while. He was confident that if the Channel raid was repeated in similar circumstances the enemy would be unable to get out without disaster. The German Fleet believed that they were going to rival the historic days of British, French and Dutch fleets when they entered war. They gave up that view when they took interest in submarining non-belligerents."

FRIGHTFULNESS TO EVERYONE.

Mr. Balfour read a passage from the German Prize Code, issued a day prior to the declaration of war giving instructions that if neutral vessels were stopped and searched their route should not be diverted more than possible and the least inconvenience should be caused them. He pointed out that this was being interpreted by torpedoing ships and leaving their crews to the mercy of the elements. The German object is frightfulness to everyone; the British mariner is showing that he is not to be terrorised. Mr. Balfour thought that Germany had abandoned the idea of Fleet actions. It was safer to sink merchantmen. What Germany was now doing at sea to weak neutrals like Norway was simply the repetition of what she had done to Belgium. Mr. Balfour concluded with a warm tribute to the British mercantile marine.

MR. SAMUEL.

Mr. Samuel proposed the Allies. He said:—We form the greatest league recorded in history, ten states comprising 760 millions of people, half of the whole of mankind. The extent of the German menace can be measured from that. After paying a tribute to the nations severally Mr. Samuel said:—We are fighting to save what is best in Germany herself. The deterioration of the German spirit dates from the success of her three aggressive wars half a century ago. We are fighting for the ultimate interests of neutrals. The Allies are leagued to enforce peace, punish aggression and maintain law among nations.

HOW GOEBEN REACHED DARDANELLES.

COALED AT GREEK PORT,

INCRIMINATING PAPERS SEIZED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Nov. 9.

The "Patris" publishes part of the correspondence seized by the Allies in the house of the Gounarist Deputy Kallimasiostis, a former Chairman of the Piraeus Harbour Commission, who is believed to have coaled the Goeben and the Breslau, enabling them to reach the Dardanelles.

The correspondence shows that he acted in direct communication with the German Consul-General.

Kallimasiostis protests that the documents are forgeries.

ALLIES NEW DEMANDS.

KING CONSTANTINE AND CABINET DELIBERATING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Nov. 9.

The King and the Cabinet have been deliberating the new demands of the Allies which include the handing over of naval munitions and breechblocks and other accessories of the ships' guns. The public is anxious and there has been a heavy fall on the Bourse.

SUBMARINE BASES IN GREECE.

QUEEN SOPHIA'S LETTER TO HER BROTHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Nov. 10.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable says:—

The "Daily Telegraph's" Rome correspondent says a captured letter from Queen Sophia to the Kaiser contained a drawing showing Greek and Turkish places arranged as submarine bases.

CHARCOAL FOR TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

The "Daily Chronicle" states that as the result of a new invention the Ministry of Munitions is considering the utilisation of great deposits for the manufacture of charcoal for the trenches at a cost of 30 shillings per ton as compared with £10 the present cost of the manufacture from wood.

RUSSO-ROUMANIAN OFFENSIVE.

ENEMY BEING DRIVEN BACK.

FAVOURABLE SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BUKHAREST, Nov. 9.

There has been greater activity on the whole Roumanian front. The Russians and Roumanians are successfully resuming the offensive in the Dobrudja and are driving back the enemy, who have retired, burning several villages.

Generally the military situation is favourable everywhere.

ROUMANIANS RE-OCCUPY HIRSOVA.

VIGOROUS FIGHTING IN PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

A Roumanian communiqué says:—Enemy attack in the direction of Mount Munceful north of Goicasa in the valley of Trotus, has been repulsed.

Fighting is proceeding at Tablabutzi, Bratocea, Predelus and in the Prahova Valley.

Enemy attack in the Dragoblavele region has been repulsed.

Enemy artillery has been very active all along the Danube.

The Roumanians have re-occupied Hirsova town in the Dobrudja assisted by the Danube flotilla. The enemy before evacuating the town set it on fire.

ENEMY REPELLED IN JIUL VALLEY.

ROUMANIANS ADVANCING SOUTHWARDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 9.

A communiqué says.—

The Roumanians repulsed the Germans east of the Buzeu Valley and took one hundred prisoners.

We repelled the enemy attacks in the Jiul Valley. After driving back the enemy advanced guards in the Danube district, we advanced southwards.

The enemy burned the village of Ghersovo.

ROUMANIAN AUDACITY.

GERMAN GENERAL'S TRIBUTE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.

Writing in the "Cologne Gazette" General Arz pays a tribute to Roumanian resistance and audacity. He gives the instance of a bold enveloping march by the Roumanians who attacked an advancing column in the rear and simultaneously attempted to cut it off from its reserves.

GERMAN FAILURE IN CARPATHIANS.

GEN BRUSSILOFF INTERVIEWED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

General Brussiloff in an interview, said the summer operations mark the definite period of the defeat of the enemy, dating from the allied co-ordination of programmes

The enemy's superhuman efforts had failed to regain the initiative on the Russian south-western front.

The campaign in France demonstrated the ability of the British and the French to destroy any German defences.

The zenith of Russian power would only be reached next year when she would have the largest and best army since the beginning of the war. "We are still inferior in material and heavy guns this year. Roumania's temporary reverses have not the slightest significance in view of the German failure to pierce the Carpathians. Russia from the Tsar to the common soldier is unanimous in the determination that Roumania must be supported to the utmost possible extent."

MORE GERMAN ATROCITIES.

5000 BELGIANS DEPORTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 9.

The "Telegraaf" states that the Germans have deported five thousand people from Antwerp. Many attempted to escape but were arrested. A few reached Holland.

SOMME OFFENSIVE.

VIOLENT RECIPROCAL BOMBARDMENT.

ENEMY DISPERSED NEAR SAILLISEL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Nov. 9.

This afternoon's communiqué reports great reciprocal artillery firing on Somme. Nervous German infantry asked for many barrages.

The German attack at Saillisel was driven back after brief hand-to-hand fighting.

There has been calm elsewhere.

ARTILLERY DUELS NEAR SAILLY-SAILLISEL.

RECIPROCAL BOMBARDMENT IN DOUAUMONT-VAUX SECTOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Nov. 10.

Last night communiqué said:—There has been no important action on the Somme. Artillery duels and small infantry engagements have taken place near Sailly-Saillisel and south of Pressoir in which we cleared out enemy positions and took prisoners.

The latter confirmed the enemy's severe losses at Saillisel.

There has been violent reciprocal bombardment in the Douaumont-Vaux sector.

ENEMY TRENCH-LINE BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

General Haig this afternoon reports that we discharged gas east of Armentieres and bombed the enemy trench-line.

ENEMY'S FALSE CLAIM TO VICTORY

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

General Haig last night reported in a communiqué:—

There has been considerable hostile shelling on our front south of the Ancre. We bombarded the area east of the Regina Trench.

The enemy falsely claimed to have repulsed our troops with huge and sanguinary losses on Sunday in a battle of the first rank delivered with powerful forces. The facts are, as stated in the British communiqué on Sunday. Our attacks were local, and made with a few battalions to gain some advanced trenches at three points in order to improve our front-line. Most of these trenches were taken and our casualties were proportionate to the small force employed.

HOW ABLAINCOURT WAS CAPTURED.

TERRIFIC STRUGGLE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Nov. 9.

The French attacking Ablaincourt on the 7th November easily carried two lines built in concrete facing a great trench, but in the centre the enemy organised two villages formidably and defended them fiercely. They sheltered in deep cellars during the bombardment and then reappeared with a great number of machine guns when the waves of assault advanced. A desperate struggle ensued and a cluster of ruined houses near the cross roads changed hands three times. The church was stubbornly contested.

The Bavarians withi nrefused to surrender and were annihilated. Ablaincourt was entirely captured after eleven and half hours struggle.

CAPTURE OF "ZENITH" TRENCH.

A NOTABLE FEAT OF ARMS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 10.

The "Pioneer" special cables:—

A correspondent at the front describing the capture of the "Zenith" trench, a shallow hastily dug work in the direction of Le Transloy, says:—It was a personal triumph for the British Commander of that section and an even greater one for another British officer who crawling through the mud actually slipped into the trench without alarming the snoring Germans occupying it and managed to lift a machine gun while the gunners slept like dead men. Shouldering the gun, he carried it back and reported the situation. An attack was immediately ordered, the attackers were unable to move quietly through the Quagmire and the alarm was given before they reached the trench but the machine guns opened too late to check their progress. They were in the trench before the infantry was ready to resist. Hours later, the headquarters ordered an attack on the trench. The Commander answered "I am in it." Unusually violent counter-attacks in one of which the Bavarian 15th Reserve Regiment lost fully half its strength were successfully resisted.

The correspondent adds that the British line is now 800 yards from Le Transloy cemetry, which the Germans have converted into a strong redoubt and three-quarters of a mile from the village itself.

THE TORPEDOED ARABIA.

721 SAVED.

ALL MAILS AND VALUABLE CARGO LOST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The Peninsular and Oriental Company states that 198 passengers of the Arabia have been landed at Malta and 84 at Port Said and others are expected at Malta to-day.

Despite bad weather passengers and the crew numbering 721 were safely transferred to the ship's boats within twenty minutes of the Arabia's being torpedoed. Excellent discipline prevailed.

The Company is giving every assistance to passengers who will be brought to London as speedily as possible.

EXCELLENT DISCIPLINE ON BOARD.

The Naval authorities pay tribute to the discipline prevailing on board the Arabia which enabled rescues to be made. Some of her passengers have already arrived at Malta and others are expected at Marseilles very shortly. Further batches have been taken to Egypt. The great majority of passengers were Australians, who included a number of nurses.

The P. and O. has taken measures to ensure comfort of passengers and has arranged for accommodation, clothes and money to be provided.

The Company has also arranged to collect passengers at Marseilles as early as possible.

The P. and O. intends to replace the Arabia and maintain the service without interruption.

LOSS OF VALUABLE CARGO.

Her cargo was valuable. It is believed to have included wool, wheat and a little lead from Australia, silk from China, tin and rubber from Singapore and pearls from Bombay. Comparatively little loss falls on the London insurance market as a large amount of the cargo was insured with the State.

MAILS-THE BIGGEST LOSS.

TRIBUTE TO GUARDING OF THE MEDITERRANEAN.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

In an interview to-day Lord Inchcape said that the Arabias' passengers were being conveyed to Malta and Marseilles. According to information received from other sources the mails represent the biggest loss on the Arabia. She left Port Said on Saturday.

An important Peninsular and Oriental Co.'s official stated that the rescue of the passengers was a tribute to the way the Mediterranean was being guarded.

STEAMERS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

The British steamers Sheldrake, Sunnyside and Suffolk Coast have been sunk. Four of the crew of the Sunnyside are missing.

COL REPINGTON ON VERDUN VICTORY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Nov. 10.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says:—

"The Times" military correspondent says the victory at Verdun demonstrates what it will be possible to do in the West when our heavy guns are sufficient to attack on a broader front or at unexpected points. The German Commanders in the West suffering from General Hindenburg's strategy will complain more deliriously when the winter brings not peace but the sword. General Hindenburg's only sufficient answer is to accomplish something in the East.

ENEMY PROPERTIES IN NIGERIA.

LIVELY DEBATE IN COMMONS.

MOTION FOR SALE TO BRITONS AND BRITISH FIRMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

There was a lively debate in the House of Commons on the Government's refusal to confine to British subjects the impending sale of enemy properties in Nigeria and to exclude the neutrals.

Mr. Leslie Scott moved that the enemy properties in the colonies should be sold only to natural-born Britons and companies wholly British.

Mr. Steel-Maitland explained that since the war began there had been a combine among British firms in Nigeria which had enormously raised the price of palm-kernels in Liverpool and lowered the price paid to the natives. A sale which strengthened monopoly would be most detrimental to the natives and the development of the colony. The proposed safeguards to British interests could be adequately strengthened.

The debate revealed much opposition to the Government's attitude among both the Liberals and Unionists.

Sir Edward Carson made a especially strong condemnatory speech asserting that the sale to neutrals would mean a reversion to the Germans after the war.

Mr. Bonar Law declared that Sir Edward Carson had moved a vote of want of confidence. He rebuked him for the violence of his language which was not in accord with the seriousness of the country's situation. Mr. Bonar Law ridiculed Sir Edward Carson's rhetoric.

Sir Edward Carson had said:—"Think of the message we are sending to the trenches."

Mr. Bonar Law said:—Think of our brothers in arms in France. Imagine our saying to them:—"we inexpressively admire your deeds of war but we tell you that no Frenchman will be allowed to bid for property controlled by us.

The French West Africa Company had announced their intention of competing for these properties and if the Government followed the course suggested by Sir Edward Carson the French Government would ask us what we meant. There would be an outcry in the country in which Sir Edward Carson would probably be the loudest.

Mr. Bonar Law added that the resolution would render the worst possible services to the prospect of any sane system of Imperial trade after the war.

Mr. Scott's motion was rejected by 231 votes to 117. Forty-seven Nationalists voted against the Government.

FRANCO-BRITISH FRIENDSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Nov. 10.

An interpellation in the Chamber revealed the fact that the petroleum concession in Algeria had been granted to a British firm.

The Minister of Works defended the arrangement, emphasising the close friendship between Britain and France.

TO-DAY'S WAR SUMMARY.

At the Guildhall banquet on Thursday notable speeches were delivered by Mr. Asquith and Mr. Balfour.

Mr. Asquith, in the course of his speech, said there will be peace on one condition only, namely, that the war with its waste and sacrifices and untold sufferings and its glorious examples of courage and unselfishness shall not have been in vain.

Mr. Balfour thought that Germany had abandoned the idea of fleet actions. It was safer to sink merchantmen.

The Allies' new demands from Greece include the handing over of naval munitions and breechblocks and other accessories of the ships' guns.

The French loan subscriptions total 11,360 million francs.

Gen. Brussiloff, in an interview, said the enemy's superhuman efforts had failed to regain the initiative on the Russian south-western front. The zenith of Russian power would only be reached next year when she would have the largest and best army since the beginning of the war.

Vigorous fighting is in progress in Roumania. The Roumanians have re-occupied the Hirsova town in the Dobrudja. The enemy before evacuating set the town on fire.

"THE AMERICAN RIDDLE."

OFFICIAL SOLUTION AWAITED.

BALLOT BOXES GUARDED BY ARMED MARSHALS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 10., 4-55 a.m.

"The American Riddle" is the name applied to the Presidential election by the English newspapers which admit that they like the rest of the world were stampeded on Wednesday morning by the admission of a leading New York Democratic organ that Mr. Hughes had been elected.

The subsequent recovery of the Democratic vote is described as one of the queerest things in the history of American politics and the official declaration of the solution of the riddle is now being patiently awaited.

Despatches from New York sent off 48 hours after the closing of the polls show that the result is still doubtful, no two authorities agreeing. They describe the long delay as telling on the temper of the Americans.

The situation is only comparable to that which obtained in 1876 when the country was on the verge of a civil war and the clash was averted by the submission of the dispute to an extra-constitutional electoral commission. The fact that the election was then "stolen" explains the warning issued by the Republican Chairman to-day that the Democrats must not steal the Presidency. The Democrat Chairman retorted by declaring that Mr. Wilson had been elected and the Republican cry of fraud was an imposture.

Both sides are now mobilising lawyers in doubtful States to protect their interests and watch the count. To prevent fraud the ballot-boxes in California are guarded by armed marshals.

Opinion is generally held that disputes may arise and contests begin that will keep the issue in doubt for some time. For instance it has been discovered that owing to a faulty voting machine 2,000 votes were wrongly cast for Mr. Hughes in California where Mr. Wilson now claims to have a lead. Opinion is growing that Mr. Wilson has been elected.

PRISIDENT WILSON RE-ELECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 10, 7-5 a.m.

Dr. Wilson has been elected President after carrying California.

MR. WILSON'S MAJORITY OF SEVEN.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

A "Daily News" message from New York says that the final estimates of the result give Mr. Wilson 269 votes and Mr. Hughes 262. The German votes have been evenly divided. Mr. Hughes lost in the German cities of Milwaukee and St. Louis but he secured thousands of German votes in New York. The liquor prohibitionists have done well, securing five new "dry" States.

SENSATIONAL TURNOVER IN THE WEST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

A "Times" cable from New York says that the Republicans are dazed at the turn of events in view of the Republican majorities in the east. The fact is that the turnover in the west in favour of Mr. Wilson is sensational. This is not due to women's or labour vote but to the "Peace and prosperity" cry of the Democrats and to the distrust of financial interests.

MR. WILSON'S LEAD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

A telegram from New York timed four o'clock on Thursday morning says that the position is still uncertain.

Judges Hughes has now 239 and Mr. Wilson 232 electoral votes and the votes in the eight states are doubtful.

The Democrats retain the control of the Senate but the position in the House of Representatives is doubtful.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

At noon Mr. Wilson had secured 251 and Hughes 243 votes. The result depends on California, New Mexico Minnesota and North Dakota in some of which the votes of the militia on the Mexican border may decide the issue. These will probably not be counted for days.

The closeness of the contest is evidenced by the fact that Judge Hughes was slightly leading in New Hampshire yesterday but Mr. Wilson is now ahead. Another factor in the delay is the lack of communications in the unpopulated mountainous districts of doubtful states.

LATER.

A RECOUNT OF VOTES PROBABLE.

The Republican National Committee announces that a recount is probable in the states where the voting is close, including California, New Mexico New Hampshire, North Dakota and Minnesota.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 10.

The "Pioneer" special cable:—

The result of the Presidential election in America is still doubtful. The German-Americans have maintained their opposition to President Wilson to the last. One of their papers printed at the eleventh hour a picture of the Kaiser inscribed "The man who kept us out of the war."

The "Daily Telegraph's" New York correspondent describes the belief that Dr. Wilson's defeat would inaugurate a regime more favourable to Germany is the greatest delusion. Though Mr. Hughes has declared himself as neutral as Dr. Wilson, his friends foretell that he will be firmer and more consistent.

DEFENCE ACT PROSECUTIONS. IN BURMA.

LEAVE TO APPEAL REFUSED BY PRIVY COUNCIL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 8.

On the ground that the case is outside its jurisdiction, the Privy Council has refused the petitions of Budasingh, Naranjansingh and Pallasingh for leave to appeal against the sentences passed on them in Burma under the Defence of India Act 1915, for conspiracy. Counsel for Budasingh submitted that it was a question of whether that Act excluded the prerogative of the Crown.

Lord Haldane giving his decision emphasised that the law and the constitution precluded the Privy Council from assuming the functions of a court of criminal appeal.

"INDEPENDENCE" OF POLAND.

PROCLAMATION CEREMONY A FIASCO

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Nov. 9.

A Polish newspaper states that the ceremony of the proclamation of the "Independence" of Poland at Warsaw was a fiasco, only three thousand out of eighty thousand inhabitants attending it.

RAISING A POLISH ARMY.

TO FIGHT THE RUSSIANS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

A Vienna telegram states that the Austrian and German military governors of Poland have issued a proclamation appealing for recruits for the Polish army against Russia.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Nov. 10.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says:—

The "Frankfurter Zeitung's" Berlin correspondent says military reasons played a big part in the Polish decision for which the Chancellor and the military authorities were jointly responsible.

SUCCESS OF FRENCH LOAN.

SUBSCRIPTIONS MOSTLY IN SMALL AMOUNTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Nov. 10.

M. Ribot announces that the loan subscriptions total 11.360 million francs.

M. Ribot said that the subscriptions to the loan were mostly in small amounts. Four-fifths had been paid in full and nearly 55 per cent. were in cash as compared with 47 per cent. for the last loan. Altogether 2.880 millions sterling had been voted since the outbreak of war.

LORD LUCAS AS AIRMAN.

REPORTED TO BE MISSING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Lord Lucas formerly President of the Board of Agriculture who is an airman at the front, is reported to be missing.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT IN ALSACE.

VISITS RECONQUERED VILLAGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Nov. 10.

The Duke of Connaught visited the Headquarters in Alsace and handed British decorations to the officers and men. He also visited the reconquered villages, being received with enthusiasm.

RUSSIA'S FOOD SUPPLIES.

A CONFERENCE OF OFFICIALS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 9.

A great conference will shortly be held of Governors and officials of the Ministry of the Interior regarding food supplies.

CAPTURES ON CARSO BATTLEFIELD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

An Italian official statement says:—The weather is hindering operations. Three more howitzers have been discovered on the Carso battlefield bringing the total captured to twenty guns.

INDIAN INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

(From our Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, Nov. 10.

The Industrial Commission resumed its sitting this morning when Mr. Gregson, Loco and Carriage Superintendent, O. and R. Railway, was first examined. He advocated night classes for workmen in cities where large works were situated.

Mr. E. F. Tipple Professor of Mathematics, Thomson, Civil Engineering College, Roorkee was next examined. In the course of his evidence he said the courses of instruction at industrial schools must be arranged to dovetail with the work done in the primary schools and for this reason such schools should be organised to ensure the technical training being kept in close touch with the conditions of actual industry. So far as possible factory hours should be kept and the practical work conducted under factory conditions, the technical teachers themselves being mainly drawn from the better class of artisans. For these reasons these schools should be situated in the industrial centres where the trades are actually practised. He further said no technical college, however efficient, could turn out the finished professional product. The college course must be followed by a period of apprenticeship on works.

In reply to Mr. Chatterson witness said in his opinion the Roorkee College did not suffer in any way by being placed under the nominal control of the Education Department.

In reply to Sir R. N. Mookerjee, Mr. Tipple said in his opinion the Provincial Service of the Public Works Department should be abolished in justice to both the services.

Mr. N. A. S. Bond, Divisional Traffic Manager, East Indian Railway, was next examined and in the course of his evidence said, as far as his experience went there was no lack of transport facilities by road nor had he received any complaints from traders. He had no complaint or proposals to make regarding railway freight. In repl yto Sir Fazulbhoy witness said he was not aware of any grievance of the consignees.

Mr. Vikramjitsingh, Director, Punjab National Bank, and Secretary, United Provinces Chamber of Commerce, was the last witness examined to-day. With reference to financial aid to industries he said in the first place the great majority of people were incapable of subscribing anything. The landed aristocracy had large funds but most of them did not appreciate the necessity of industrial development. He thought Government assistance should be very liberal as without substantial Government help no tangible results could be achieved.

The Commission adjourned till to-morrow.

HON. DE LA FOSSE ON COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

(From our Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, Nov. 10.

During the course of his evidence at Lucknow before the Industrial Commission the Hon. Mr. de la Fosse, Director of Public Instruction, United Provinces, asked by Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy about the education of factory children, said: The employers were afraid that it might turn the boys to literary pursuits and that it might affect the recruitment of labour.

Do you think that this is possible with a smattering of the three R's?—A clever boy starting in that way in the educational ladder would work himself up.

Are you in favour of making education compulsory in the case of these boys?—I am.

Why do you want to penalise the factories?—I want to make education compulsory everywhere.

FUGITIVE FINANCIER ARRESTED.

ROCHETTE FOUND IN THE FRENCH ARMY.

Rochette, the French financier, whose conviction and escape created a great sensation in France some years ago, was arrested at Granville in mail week by two detectives. Under the name of Georges Bienaime he had volunteered for service until the end of the war as a motor-cyclist, and he was accepted in this capacity at the 6th Recruiting Office in Paris on August 26, 1914. At the time of his arrest he was in the Motor Reserve of the French Army. He is now in prison at Rouen.

Rochette, says the "Matin," was at the head of the Credit Minier, a bank occupying large offices in the Rue Blanche, Paris, when, in March, 1908, he was arrested on charges of misappropriation. About six weeks later he was released on bail. His trial did not take place until July, 1910, when he was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and a fine of £120. The procedure was quashed on appeal and the case retired at Rouen, where Rochette was again convicted. This time he was sentenced to three years' imprisonment. He again appealed, but before the affair came before the Court of Cessation, he disappeared. He was traced to London, where he arrived on December 16, 1910, but from this point no clue could be found though it was rumoured that he had gone to Mexico, where he had interests.

STATE V. COMPANY MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAYS.

REPRESENTATION BY BENGAL NATIONAL CHAMBER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 10.

With regard to the question of State vs. Company management of Indian Railways the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce has addressed a letter to the Railway Board condemning the minimum rates. Through rates should be devised in the interest of the trade of the country. In the opinion of the Committee the history of the development of railways in India points to the desirability of giving a further trial to the present arrangement by which some lines are to be managed by private companies and some by the State. Both the systems have their advantages as well as their disadvantages. Measures should be adopted in a comprehensive way to remove the defects in each, Government always reserving to itself the right of effective control and supervision and also of regulation of rates in the interest of the country's industries. The National Chamber sums up the defects of both systems as follows:—

DEFECTS UNDER STATE MANAGEMENT.

The defects under State management are:—

(1) tendency to make it a political concern;

(2) the power of the State with regard to borrowing money for railway purposes being very limited, it cannot effect desirable improvements or construct necessary lines as the railway revenue, being included in the general revenue, is diverted to other channels for the exigencies of the State to the prejudice of the development of the country;

(3) sole management by the State would create a huge monopoly which would starve all healthy competition to the detriment of the interest of the trade;

(4) tendency to lavish expenditure in every respect, as there is no personal interest to observe strict economy;

(5) tendency to rigidity, whereas elasticity is necessory in railway matters, where urgent questions require prompt decisions.

DEFECTS UNDER COMPANY MANAGEMENT.

The defects under Company management are:—

(1) the Railway Board's management from a distance hampers the executive;

(2) having an eye to profit only it overlooks the interests of the public and the development of the country;

(3) restriction of the employment of qualified Indians in the higher branches of the service;

(4) want of economy in the use of the rolling stock of the country which is specially necessary in consideration of their inadequacy to meet the requirements of trade.

PARDA GARDEN AT DELHI.

OPENED BY BEGUM OF BHOPAL.

(From a Correspondent.)

BHOPAL, Nov. 10.

On the eve of her departure from Delhi, her Highness the Begam of Bhopal performed the opening ceremony of the Lady Hardinge Parda Garden, a place which her Highness said, would be of great advantage to the ladies of Delhi since it would offer facilities for that social intercourse which is a recognized need of these times. A pleasant and useful place like this, she said, will not only charm the eye but should also benefit the health and spirit of those Parda ladies whose leisure hours will be spent here. We all owe a heavy debt of gratitude to Mrs. Hailey for her kind thought. This garden is associated with a name which will always be cherished by the women of India with feelings of deep-rooted affection and sincere gratitude. The memory of Lady Hardinge's love for India will always abide with us and no memorial of her sympathy with the land could be better conceived than the medical college which she strove to establish. It is sometimes forgotten that the advancement of enlightenment and culture in this land, a necessary concommitant of the British rule, has been assisted in no little measure by the sweet sympathy of the wives of the sons of England who have come out as ministering angles to this country. A notable instance of this sympathy is the work initiated by Lady Dufferin and carried on by successive Vicereines for the relief of sickness and suffering in this country and I have not the shadow of a doubt that all her hopes will be fulfilled and more than fulfilled by her Excellency Lady Chelmsford of whose keen interest in our welfare I can claim to speak from personal knowledge. It is for us to make good use of the benefits and facilities which these high minded ladies are unceasingly endeavouring to bring to our doors. It has caused me profound satisfaction to know that the Parda Club of Delhi is conducted on very useful lines and I have no doubt that this Parda Garden will be a most welcome addition to the attractions of this place. Mrs. Hailey has honoured me by accepting my suggestion that there should be a library of books on matters of health and hygiene attached to this garden and I will make an humble present of a few books on these subjects.

Official and Personal.

Mr. L. Davidson, I.C.S., will be the Madras official representative on the Imperial Legislative Council and will leave Madras in January next for Delhi. Mr. W. Francis, I.C.S., will return from leave in time to relieve Mr. Davidson of the Chief Secretaryship. At the conclusion of the Delhi session Mr. Davidson will probably go on furlough for twelve months.

MRS. BESANT AND C. P. GOVERNMENT,

LUCKNOW CITIZENS' PROTEST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 10.

A public meeting of the citizens of Lucknow was held at Refin-I-Am yesterday to protest against the order of the C. P. Government prohibiting Mrs. Besant from entering those provinces.

On the motion of the Hon. Sayed Wazir Hassan the Hon. Mirza Samiullih Beg, Advocate, was voted to the chair.

The first resolution of protest against the order was moved by Pandit Krishna Prasad Kaul, editor of the "Hindustani" and seconded by Dr. Naziruddin Hassan, Bar-at-Law.

The second resolution expressed disapproval of interference with religious matters in prohibiting Mrs. Besant from presiding over the Theosophical Federation. It was moved by Mr. Ajit Prasada, vakil, and seconded by Mr. Jugmohan Nath Chak, Bar-at-Law, and supported by Syed Zahur Ahmed, vakil.

The third resolution prayed the Government of India to provide safeguards against the unfavourable working of the Defence of India Act on the lines of the Defence of the Realm Act. The resolution was moved by Mr. Ranga Iyer, editor "The Advocate" and seconded by Mr. Brijbhan Chandra, Bar-at-Law, and supported by Mr. Azahar Ali, vakil.

The chairman was authorised to submit the resolutions to the Government of India.

PROTEST BY THEOSOPHISTS.

At a meeting of the members of the Jignasa lodge Theosophical Society, Madanapalle and other fellows of the Theosophical Society residing in Madanapalle held in the Lodge premises on the 6th instant, the following resolution was carried unanimously:—

That this meeting consisting of the members of the Jignasa Lodge T.S., Madanapalle and other Fellows of the Theosophical Society residing in Madanapalle emphatically protest against the infringement of religious liberty by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces and Berar in forbidding their President Mrs. Annie Besant to enter the territory administered by him for the purpose of discharging her presidential function at a federation of the Lodges of the Society in the said provinces and delivering to them purely religious lectures, and they view with alarm the possible effects of such action in stirring up keen resentment all over India which is ever sensitive on religious matters, and therefore pray that the prohibition order be rescinded.

OUR DEBT TO THE WRIGHT BROTHERS.

"With unexampled generosity Mr. Orville Wright, who, with his brother Wilbur, now dead, invented the modern aeroplane, and his representatives in this country have presented their valuable flying patents to the British nation.

"Earlier in the war the Government paid a trifling £15,000 to cover royalties under the Wright patents for our war aeroplanes. Next March the original British patent lapses. Mr. Wright will not renew it, and every British maker will be free of royalty.

"The Wright Brothers, of Dayton, Ohio, always looked on England, the home of their ancestry, as the most favoured nation' They gave her the first offer of their great secret, and even when Lord Haldane showed them the door they did not forget their affection. It rests with the British Government now to manifest in worthy fashion the gratitude of this country. And may we hope that our great universities will seize the chance to confer their honours on the splendid inventor?" says the "Mail."

WOMEN DOCTORS.

"The ceremony in Hunter Street, Brunswick Square, when the Queen opened the extension of the London School of Medicine for Women, sets a final seal on a movement which is one of the most interesting and important of our time," says the "Daily Telegraph." "The school itself was founded in 1874, rebuilt in 1900, and when a new building was required for the increasing needs of the students the Council with a just confidence in the virtue of its cause, appealed to the public for £30,000.

"The first half of that sum was speedily forthcoming and when there appeared some difficulty in obtaining the remainder a letter, published in our columns last year, over the signatures of Mr. Asquith, Mr. Balfour, and Lord Curzon, met with so effective a response that the second £15,000 was almost immediately subscribed.

"To-day, the school, admirably equipped with chemical, physical, and biological laboratories, with lecture rooms and facilities for research and experimental work of all kinds—much of which the Queen inspected—is one of the largest and most efficient schools in the metropolis. It is now possible to give a complete course—five years—of medical instruction to 45 students. Ninety new students can be admitted every year."

DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN JOCKEY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The death of jockey Danny Maher is announced. It occurred in a Nursing Home in London.

The total plague mortality in India during the week ending November stood at 6,036 against 7,809 seizures. Bombay Presidency and Sind had 2,907 deaths, Madras Presidency 270, Bihar and Orissa 49, United Provinces 160, Punjab 61, Burma 32, the Central Provinces 899, Mysore State 313, Hyderabad State 1,236, and Central India 106.

WEEK INSIDE A "TANK."

GRAPHIC STORIES BY AN INMATE.

"GRIMLY HUMOROUS."

A thrilling week's work of a "tank" on the Western front is told in diary form in the "Manchester Guardian" by a young Australian soldier who was wounded while serving with one of these new engines of war. We quote the following extracts from the diary:—

Monday.—Out for first time. Strange sensation. Worse than being in a submarine. At first unable to see anything but imagined a lot. Bullets began to rain like hailstones on a galvanished roof at first, then like a series of hammer blows.

We passed through it all unscathed. Suddenly we gave a terrible lurch. I thought we were booked through. Lookout said we were astride an enemy trench. "Give them hell," was the order. We gave them it. Our guns raked and swept trenches right and left.

Got a peep at frightened Huns. It was grimly humorous. They tried to bolt like scared rabbits, but were shot down in bunches before getting to their burrows. Machine-guns brought forward. Storted vicious rattle on our "hide." Not the least impression was made. Shells began to burst. We moved on and overtook some more frightened Huns. Cut their ranks to ribbons with our fire.

"LIKE MEN POSSESSED."

They ran like men possessed. Officer tried to rally them. They awaited our coming for a while. As soon as our guns began to spit at them they were off once more. Infantry rounded them up, and survivors surrendered. Very curious about us. Stood open-monthed and wide-eyed watching, but weren't much the wiser.

Experience was not altogether pleasant at first "Tank" sickness is as bad as seasickness until you get used to them.

Tuesday.—Off for another cruise. Peppering began at once. Silly blighters thought they could rush the tank like they would a fort. Dashed up from all sides. We fired at them point-blank. Devilish plucky chaps some of them for all their madness. The survivors had another try. We spat at them venomously. More of them went down.

The blessed old tub gave a sudden jerk. God in heaven, thought I, it's good-bye to earth; but it wasn't. Only some Hun dead and wounded we had skidded into. . . . Straddled on as though we liked it. A tremendous thud. The whole outfit seemed done for. Nearly jumped out of my skin. Looked at each other, and wondered what it was. Still a roof over our heads, thank God.

It was only another Hun trench. Our "spitting devils" opened fire and swept the trench clear of the enemy right and left. Some Huns tried the rushing dodge. Their rushing days are over.

THE FAT OLD GENTLEMAN.

Wednesday.—Roughest voyage yet. Party of Huns came to meet us outside the village. Very stout old gentleman in front. Thought it was the Mayor and village bigpots to give us a civic welcome. Mistaken. They meant to give warm reception, but not as we understood the word. Let fly with machine-guns.

Then tried silly boarding tactics. We laughed. Our guns answered theirs. Tank Reception Committee dispersed in a cloud of smoke and flame; no trailing clouds of glory.

Fat old gentleman only visible member of deputation. Stood open-mouthed, purple with rage. Tank bore down. Old gent started to run. Funnier than a sack-race. Old gent flung himself to earth with many signs of surrender.

Thursday.—Got into the village, and passed down between two irregular rows of wrecked houses. Hundreds of Huns came rushing up from cellars and from behind ruins to see us. Some had eyes staring out of head. Looked surprised and even frightened.

One blighter made a rush at us with a clubbed rifle. Made a terrible swipe at the tank. Smashed his rifle, and made a nasty noise on our roof. Hurt himself more than he hurt us. Off for a joy-rode after some nice Huns who took to flight as we came up.

WADDLING INTO AN AMBUSH.

Saturday.—On the move before breakfast. Terrible crash first go off. Thought we had collided with a wandering world. Weathered the storm. Got busy on enemy trenches. Rare good sport.

Enemy tried a surprise for infantry—Yorkshiremen—advancing to attack. We tried a surprise, too, and ours came off first. Huns weren't pleased. Didn't think it was playing the game according to Potsdam rules.

We waddled into their ambush for the attacking troops. Never saw men so frightened. Fled panic-stricken in all directions. Only a few chaps stayed behind and tried to stop us by machine fire. Smashed them to bits, and left their machine-guns to be picked up by the Yorkshiremen they hoped to surprise.

Sunday.—Better day, better deed. Fritz didn't think that. Blighters opened rifle fire on us at 200 yards. It went like water off a duck's back. Fritz couldn't make it out. Kept up the fire, but got a bit nervy as the blessed old thing kept waddling up to him.

Ladled out death as you might vamp out indifferent music from a hurdy-gurdy. Fritz got fits. No fight left in him. Prisoners scared to death. Some of them acted as though they believed that we used our tanks for making sausages out of prisoners.

VAJIKARAN
THE LEADING NERVINE TONIC.
Gives splendid vigour and vitality and Cure,
Nervous and functional debility. Re. 1-8-0.
SAPAT & CO. KALBADEVI BOMBAY.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

SECURITY OF SPECIE BANK SHARES.

QUESTION OF UNPAID CALLS.

(Before the Hon. Sir Basil Scott C. J. and Sir John Heaton J.)

BADRICHAND JIVRAJ ..... Defendant and Appellant.

v.

THE STANDARD BANK LTD. ... Respondents and Plaintiffs.

This was an appeal from the judgment of Justice Macleod.

The facts of the case were as follows:—In the month of November 1913, Hemchand Sarupchand, a broker, entered into negotiations with the plaintiff bank for the purpose of arranging for a loan on the security of shares in the Indian Specie Bank with the result that the transaction was recorded by him in the following terms:—"I have arranged by your order and on your account a loan for 12 months on 2,000, or 2,500 shares of the Indian Specie Bank at Rs. 50 per share. The loan to be given to Bansidhar Mangtulal at 7 per cent. and margin money of Rs. 15 per share to be maintained by the borrower: The shares to be transferred to the bank's name. Money payable on or before the 10th March 1913." In accordance with that arrangement on the 10th, 11th, 12th, 14th and 19th of March 1913, various sums aggregating to Rs. 1,25,000, were paid out on cheques drawn by Bansidhar and 2,500 shares of the Indian Specie Bank were deposited as security for the loan. Again in April Rs. 45,000 were paid out to Bansidhar on the security of further 1,000 shares of the Indian Specie Bank. The amounts provided by these loans having been fully utilised Bansidhar wanted in October 1913, to overdraw his current account. This was allowed to the extent of Rs. 4,200 on a deposit of 105 more shares. All the shares deposited by Bansidhar here were transferred to the plaintiff bank's name on the share register of the Specie Bank. Dividends when received were credited to the loan account.

In September 1913, the Indian Specie Bank shares began to fall and on the 7th October, Bansidhar provided further securities as margin which realised about Rs. 20,000, but thereafter he failed to provide any further margin and eventually 181 shares were sold by the plaintiff bank of which 161 had been transferred before a winding up order was made for the compulsory liquidation of the Specie Bank. In the liquidation the plaintiff bank had been placed on the A. list of contributories for 3,444 shares and on the B. list for 161 of the shares deposited by Bansidhar. A call of Rs. 50 per share had been paid by the plaintiff bank in respect of the 3,444 shares.

On the 11th of December 1913, the Standard Bank filed a suit against Bansidhar to recover the amount of balance due to them on the account and for an indemnity against the liability which the Standard Bank had incurred as contributories in respect of the said shares. After the suit was filed it appeared that the bank received information that Bansidhar had been acting as agent of one Badrichand Jivraj carrying on business at Wardha in the name of Jamnadhar Podar when procuring the loans from the Standard Bank on the security of Specie Bank shares. Accordingly, the bank called upon Badrichand to pay them the sum of Rs. 149,000 odd which was then due. Badrichand however entirely denied that Bansidhar was his agent or that had given Rs. 20,000 for the purpose of providing margin-money.

Accordingly this suit was filed against Badrichand in December 1914, praying that he might be ordered to pay the plaintiffs Rs. 157,000 and that he might be ordered to indemnify the plaintiffs against the liability they had incurred as contributories in respect of the Indian Specie Bank shares.

His Lordship Mr. Justice Macleod passed a decree against the defendant for Rs. 157,665-13-7, with interest at 7 per cent. from the respective dates of the advances of the three sums from 24th September 1914, till judgment and for Rs. 172,200 with interest at 6 per cent. from 15th September 1915 (for liabilities incurred as contributories) and costs of the suit and for an indemnity against the liability which may have to be satisfied by the plaintiffs in respect of 161 shares of the Indian Specie Bank and for costs of the suit.

Against this judgment the defendant appealed. When the case first came on before their Lordships they remanded the case to the lower court for the trial of the following issues:—

(1) Whether the first defendant by his agent did not agree to indemnify the plaintiff bank with regard to any unpaid calls on these shares.

(2) Whether in any event the first defendant was not liable to indemnify the bank with regard to such calls.

After taking evidence on the issues his Lordship Mr. Justice Macleod came to the conclusion that that there was no agreement to indemnify the bank with regard to any unpaid calls on the shares mortgaged to the bank, nor was the defendant liable to indemnify the bank with regard to such calls in any event.

On the case coming on in appeal, their Lordships in the course of their judgment observed that the only question remaining in dispute in the appeal, was whether the plaintiffs could recover from the defendants as a debt the amount paid in respect of the call and whether they were entitled to an indemnity in respect of the 161 shares as declared by the decree. Their Lordships on the evidence came to the conclusion that there was no express agreement to indemnify the bank nor was there any implied business understanding between the parties, as alleged by the bank, to indemnify the lender in respect of a security which might be onerous.

Their Lordships further observed that it could not be successfully contended, that as a matter of law, it was part of the contract that the mortgagor should indemnify the mortgagee against the consequences of holding property which they held for their own security and not for the benefit of the mortgagor. The mortgagees received the dividends on the shares in excess of the interest on the loan and credited such excess in reduction of their debt, and they must be supposed to have contemplated all the liabilities to which the holding of such shares might subject them. It was held in Phene v. Gillan (5, Hare, p. 10), that there was not at law any such implied contract of indemnity. It was impossible to contemplate the mortgagors in such a case as the present attempting to redeem the Specie Bank shares and his Lordship doubted if a forced payment of a call by the registered holder of shares upon a compulsory liquidation could be regarded as an expenditure for the preservation of the security or expenditure contemplated in clause 5 of the overdraft account. The mortgagees in the present case did not in their Lordships' opinion occupy the position of trustees for the mortgagors at the time of paying the calls and could not therefore be entitled to an indemnity as trustees.

The decree of the lower Court was accordingly varied by limiting the sum decreed to the amount of the advances interest and costs and by deleting the declaration as to indemnity. Defendants to pay the costs of the appeal up to and including the 20th of July, the plaintiff to pay the subsequent costs of the appeal.

Mr. Kanga and the Hon. Mr. Jardine appeared for the appellant.

Mr. Strangman and Mr. Desai appeared for the respondents.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

DAMAGE TO A MOTOR CAR

DEFENDANTS HELD LIABLE FOR DAMAGES.

(Before Mr. Justice Kemp.)

ABDUL LATIFF SHAIK HOOSEIN *v.* PATLING & CO., LTD.

Judgment was delivered in the case filed by the plaintiffs carrying on the business of running a motor car service between Panwel and Mumbra, against the defendants who were contractors for certain work to be done on the G. I. P. Railway, for damages sustained by their motor car on the 3rd day of June, 1915, at the railway crossing near Mumbra, owing to the defendants' negligence.

Mr. J. D. Davar with Mr. T. J. Strangman appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Campbell with the Advocate-General appeared for the defendants.

The facts of the case have already been reported in these columns.

JUDGMENT FOR THE PLAINTIFF.

After reciting the facts of the case, his Lordship said in the course of the judgment that the particular work in question was an extension of the work which defendants had agreed to do for the Railway Company under an agreement of the 4th of April, 1913, which had been put in and marked exhibit 3. As the carrying on of this work would entail the engine and trucks crossing the level crossing, it was only natural to suppose, the same terms in the agreement (exhibit No. 3) regarding the precautions to be taken by defendants to guard the crossing were intended to be embodied in the agreement for the extra work. By clause 7 of part I of the schedule to that agreement, defendants agreed with the Railway Company to take proper precautions to safeguard the public by proper watching and lighting and the duty to the public that was thus cast upon the Railway Company of safeguarding persons using the highway over a railway crossing was by the contract between the Railway Company and the defendants thrown upon the latter. This, however, would not relieve the Railway Company of responsibility to the public nor would it, in his Lordship's opinion, so far as the public were concerned, entitle persons using the highway to sue the defendants for failure to perform the duty cast upon the Railway Company, there being no privity of contract between defendants and the plaintiffs nor any duty from the defendants to the plaintiffs in this respect. So that so far as the omission to provide gates and proper lighting and observation at this crossing was concerned, the plaintiff, it seemed to his Lordship had no right of action against the defendants.

His Lordship could conceive no stronger case in which care should be exercised by the driver of an engine than that in which he proposed to cross at midnight an unfenced level crossing laid across a public highway. The precautions which the defendants were in the habit of taking when moving their engines and trucks across this public highway appeared to his Lordship hopelessly inadequate. It came to this that the only precaution that the defendants took to signal to the public that an engine was about to cross the road—apart I suppose from the usual procedure of blowing a whistle—was to send a man ahead with a lamp—and this, moreover, in the case of a crossing known to be open and without gates. Regarding the evidence of witnesses as to what actually happened at the crossing, his Lordship said that it was difficult to decide which of the various versions was correct. His Lordship, however, agreed that the driver of the plaintiff's motor car took the proper course and one that any other cautious driver would have taken under the circumstances. It was better to swerve off the road than to risk the chance of dashing into the engine or trucks, if not able to pull up in time. The doctrine of contributory negligence had no application under the circumstances. His Lordship also found that the car was not approaching the level crossing at a high rate of speed. In any event, even if the motor car driver had no license, provided he drove carefully on this occasion, as I find he did the mere absence of a license would not justify those acting under the defendants' control and orders from exercising any less care towards him than towards a driver who had a license.

His Lordship, therefore, held that the defendants were liable to the plaintiffs for damages to their motor car.

The suit would now proceed as to the issue of damages.

Solicitors for the plaintiff:—Messrs. Captain and Vaidya.

Solicitors for the defendants:—Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 11TH OF NOVEMBER, 1916.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING & FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSE.

1402-14—Amin and Desai, Harilal Keshowlal a firm v Keshowlal Hathibhai, Edgelow G W and Co., Tyabji D and Co., Part heard.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMMR'S REPORT.

31-09—Tyabji D and Co, Bai Moolibai v Chunilal Pitamber and ors, Sabnis and G, Ard H D and Co, Little and Co.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

965-16—Payne and Co, The Standard Bank Ltd v Vallabhdas Ravji and anr, Mirza M and M, Tyabji D and Co.

LONG CAUSES.

191-15.—Payne and Co., S Narayan & Co., a firm v. Harjiwandas Jaichand and ors, Tyabji D and Co., Amin and D, Edgelow G W & Co.

848-15.—Payne and Co., Hyderally Goolam Hoosein Bhimji v. Fazal Bhimji & ors, Edgelow G W & Co., Mulji and Tha.

182-14.—Edgelow G W & Co., Bhaichand Kalyanchand v. Oomar Haji Sumar and ors, Patell and Eze, Motichand and D.

648-15.—D J Mantri, Pundlik Rowji v. Laxuman Jairam, Patell & Ez.

887-16.—Bhimji & Co., Verji Tejpal v. Ramgopal Devichand & ors, Surajmal and Co.

1172-15.—Malvi H M & R, Kasturchand Sadasukh v. Samchandre Rampratab, Surajmal & Co.

568-13.—Amin & Desai, Gajanan Jaydayal, a firm v. Badrinarayen Nathuram, Tyabji D & Co.

980-16.—N C Dalal Cassum Haji Abdulla v. Tarjusing Jamnasing, Jehangir M & S.

929-16.—Little & Co., Dayamboo, widow & anr v. Mariambai, widow & ors, Ragh N & Co., Little & Co.

943-16—Mulla & Mulla, Khoja Mithabhai Nathoo, a firm v. Messrs. L H. Blomenstok & Co., a firm, Matu J & M.

981-16.—Captain & V, Haji Noor Mahomed Haji Saleh Mahomed, & anr v. Abdul Kadar Haji Ismail Gool Mahomed, Matu J & M.

871-16.—Captain & V, Rasiklal Maganlal v. Bhagwandas Maganlal, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

S C Ct. 330-11829-15.—Ard H D & Co., Bai Dewkabai, widow & anr v. Bai Motibai, widow & ors, Madhavji K & Ch.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

FOR DISMISSAL.

1138-16.—Motichand & D, Bai Meghbai, widow v. Arjun Vishram, Malvi H M & R.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

53-16.—Malvi H M & R, Shankarlal Liladhar v. Messrs. Ebji Umersi, a firm, & anr, Bhaishanker K & G, Part Heard.

501-16.—Nadirshaw and D, Dinbai, widow v. Cursetji Byramji Daroowalla, Crawford B & Co.

172-16.—Matubhai J & M, Hoosemaboo, v. Mahomedally Ahmedally, Mirza M & M.

321-16—Tyabji D & Co., A H. Vishram, v. The Hon. Haji Sulleman Abdul Wahed and ors, Patell and F

364-16—Edgelow G W & Co, Narotam Morarji Gokuldas & ors v. The Indian Specie Bank Ltd. (in Liquidation), Little & Co.

583-16—Little & Co. The Indian Specie Bank Ltd. (in Liquidation) v. Kalyanrai Gulabrai Ghoda, Edgelow G W & Co

182-16—Jam R and D, Fatmabai widow and anr v Tyabally Abdool Hoosein and ors, Payne and Co, Un P and P.

453-15.—Captain & V, The Official Assignee of Bombay v. Ebrahim Mulla Jafferji, Payne & Co.

100-16.—Mirza M & M, Rajabalh Ranji Lakhder v. The Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay

1169-15.—Motichand & D, Mulji Damodhar v. Shri Gordhanlalji Narsilalji, Matu J & M.

923-15.—Jam R & D, Bomonji Rustomji Parchwalla v. Prabhashanker Dewshankar Acharya & ors, Moti & D, Payne & Co.

567-15.—Madh K & Ch, Talakchand Manenkhbhai v. Bhagwandas Gangaram, a firm, Ardesir H D & Co.

1081-15.—Payne & Co., The Phoenix Mills Ltd. v. Madhowdas Roopchand & Co., a firm, Mulji & Tha.

181-16.—Bhai K & Gir, Nathalal Damodhardas & anr v. Mulchand Ranchordas & ors, Ard H D & Co., Unwalla P & P.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KEMP.

In the Division Court No. 40.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST A ATTORNEYS.

388-16.—M B Chothia Kiring Rupchand & Co., a firm v. Shivram Sayanna, 31-10-16.

T & I J Re Petition for L/A of the Property and Credits of Bai Jibai deceased Kanga & Sayani Pirmahomed Rahim Hirji & anr, Petitioners v. Messrs. Kanga & Sayani, Applicants, 3-11-16.

168-16.—Khambatta & Co., Chotalal Ishwardas v. Gosstadji Mancherji Cooper, Dapthary F & D, 5-10-16.

919-16.—Motichand & D, Manibhai Premabhai, a firm v. Chakubhai Motichand & ors, 10-10-16.

712-16.—Captain & Vaidya, Fazulbhai Peermahomed v. Gulamalli Gulam Hoosein Allana, Payne & Co., 6-11-16.

450-16.—Captain & Vaidya, Fatmabai, widow v. Sherinbai, widow, Manchershaw & N, 6-11-16.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VII. of 1913.—Craigie B & Caroe, In Re the Howard and Bullough Mills Co., Ltd. (in Liquidation) v. The Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China & ors, Petitioners, Parties concerned, 10-11-16.

O S 1100-11.—Tyabji D & Co., Naziralli Shamsudin & anr, The Advocate-General of Bombay, Little & Co., 5-10-16.

LIST B (COUNSEL.

964-15.—Payne & Co., Purshotam Devkaran, a firm v. Kahandas Jamnadas, a firm, & ors, Edgelow G W & Co., Notice 20-10-16.

825-13.—Shamrao M & H, Chandru Lillani, a firm v. Devidas Fulchand & Co., a firm, Mulla & Mulla, 4-10-16.

1358-15.—Nanu H & Co., Tyabally Shaik Cumroodin & anr v. Mirja Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed Chotani, Payne & Co., 3-11-16.

1450-15.—Ardesir H D & Co., Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal v. Birdichand Jivraj & anr, Matubhai J & M, 4-11-16.

738-16.—Pocha & Co., Bai Talabai v. Keshowji Kuverji, Surajmal & Co., 5-11-16.

TO SPEAK TO THE SUMMONS OF DECRETAL ORDER OF REFERENCE TO COMR.

797-14.—Mer K & Co., Bansidhar Gopaldas, a a firm v. Lakhmidas Ludha, & anr, Madh K & C, Mirza M & M.

SUITS FOR HEARING & FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES.

764-16.—Bhimji & Co., Peraj Hariram v. Premabai, widow and anr, Ardeshir H D & Co., Part Heard.

940-16.—Mirza M & M, Sha Vallabhdas Parmanandas Mehta v. Dwarkadas Jekisondas, Payne & Co.

869-16.—Motichand & D, Mukundchand Agarchand Baria, v. Rajmal Hemchand, a firm, Ardesir H D & Co.

941-16.—Bhai K & Gir, The Pioneer Bank, Ld. (in liqn), v. Kirpalsing Patpatia, Dubash & Co.

1088-16.—J A Valles Ratanshah Ardeser Parakh v. Jehangir Framji Billimoria & anr, Manecklal & Co.

212-16.—Unwalla P & P, Philip Conrod Haynes v. The Crompton's Bombay Ld., a firm, Mulla & Mulla.

861-14.—Khand L & M, Yeshwant Babu Vete, a firm v. Vinayeck Atmaram Neogi, & ors, Chit M & K.

523-15.—In Person Abedatunnisa Begum alias Aluda Begum, & anr, v. Takinddin Khwaji Amiruddin & ors, Khand L & M.

250-13.—Khand L & M, Ramkrishna Raghunath Desai, & anr v. Purshottam Raghunath, & ors, Dikshit D & P, For Postponement.

445-16.—Hiralal & Co., Harichand Mancharam & Co., a firm, v. The Bombay Provincial Bank Ld., & anr, Motichand & D.

141-16.—Little & Co., Trimbuck Dwarkanath v. Mariambibi, widow, & ors, Mehta D & L.

637-15.—Daphtary F & D, Ramrao Harichandra Mantri v. Kalidas Dayal Hirji & anr, Mehta D & L.

570-16.—Rustomji & Gir, Amtubai, widow v. Allibhai Rajaballi & ors, Moti & D, Rustom & Gir.

208-16.—Shroff D & D, Dinshawji Hormusji Bottlewalla v. Bai Harakhbai, widow, Purnanand & Co.

1010-15.—Malvi H M & R, Motilal Agiaram v. Ladhuram Dhunraj, Motichand & D

127-15.—Sabnis & Gore, Dadamiya Haji Ahmed Khandwani v. Trikamji Jawandas, a firm, Kanga and Sayani.

Man (76) & Wife--Twofold Triumph for Kidney & Bladder
De Witt's Pills

It makes no difference, old or young, both sexes benefit from these "little wonder workers."

The subject of kidney and bladder trouble is a very complex, wide, and far-reaching one. There are so many different forms of kidney and bladder trouble that it would need a large book to adequately do justice to the subject. One of the most painful, and at the same time most serious, forms of this particular human ailment is the formation of stone in the kidney or bladder. Stone, in either of these organs, is serious and at the same time most difficult to overcome. People of both sexes suffer with it, and so do people of nearly all ages.

It is difficult to overcome in young people, who have all the resources of youth and vigour on their side, but a case of stone in the bladder and kidney becomes very serious indeed when old people become affected. Surely, then, when a cure is effected in a person nearly eighty years of age, this can be properly described as "a triumph."

"About four years ago, in the early part of 1910, I became very unwell. I had most awful pains in the back, and a burning aching pain internally, as well as great urinary weakness. The natural functions were greatly disturbed and disordered, and there was much sediment in the urine. I became very ill, the pain was so bad I could not bend at all, not even turn over in bed. I put it very mildly when I say I was in misery.

"I tried all kinds of advice and remedies, including so-called backache pills, none of which touched my case, everything proved to be totally useless.

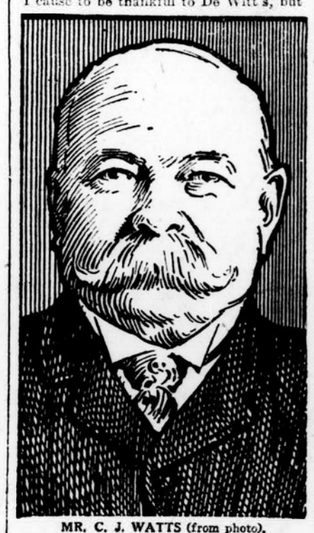
"One day I was looking through *Lloyd's News* and saw an advertisement about the wonderful results obtained by taking De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. I had also heard people talk well about these pills, and I finally decided to give them a trial, so I went to Messrs. Boots' shop in Caledonian Road (the largest retail drug stores in the world), and got a box of them. The result was wonderful, for the quick relief after those years of suffering astonished me. I had proof within twenty-four hours that these wonderful pills were doing me good, I finished the first box, and got another, and while taking the second box, I passed two large rough stones, covered with sharp-pointed crystals. This happened on December 31st, 1913, about six o'clock in the morning. The pain was very bad, but not half so bad as I would imagine an operation would be, and furthermore, whereas De Witt's Pills acted quickly, and gently, I would not care to run the risk of a surgical operation at my age, because it is generally supposed that stone in the bladder cannot be cured except by operation. I am not a young man—now 76 years of age, and have led a life which exposes me to all inclemencies of the weather, with the result that I feel sure the kidneys must have become weakened.

"The size of these stones seemed so extraordinary that I showed them to a well-known phyisician, who was astonished that such stones should have been passed without operation. He said: 'Mr. Watts, if I had not known you for some years, I would not have believed it.'

"I have heard of young men and women being cured of stone, but to cure a man of my age I consider very wonderful, and so did my doctor.

"Since I was cured by De Witt's Pills I have been quite different, strong and well, and can go for long walks, whereas before, the slightest movement caused awful pains in fact, I now feel like a new man.

"But De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are good for something else besides stone in the bladder, for not only have I cause to be thankful to De Witt's, but



MR. C. J. WATTS (from photo).

my wife, also, not only suffered with backache continually for over a year, but was also troubled with a weakness of the bladder which caused great personal inconvenience.

"As I was so wonderfully cured, she thought she would try De Witt's, with what both she and I consider wonderful results. She found relief from the first dose, and before she had taken a dozen pills the back-breaking pain disappeared. Since then she has been quite well, she has not had the return of the pain, and the bladder weakness, of which she complained, has become quite normal.

"Many people might doubt the truth of my story, but a great number of people know Charles John Watts (that's me), for I have lived at 62, Huntingdon Street, Barnsbury, for a long time. I have only stated the bare facts, and if anybody still doubts whether De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills really do cure, then let them refer to me and see for themselves.

"I can never be too thankful for the benefit I have received from De Witt's, and I think others ought to know of this splendid and reliable remedy."

This is a wonderful story, and seems almost unbelievable. Mr. Watts was ill for four years. He took De Witt's Pills, he got relief within twenty-four hours, and was cured. Stones were passed in December, 1913. The thing is, was he permanently cured, and does he remain well?

Mr. Watts writes in August, 1915, nearly two years afterwards, and says: "I am very pleased to say I am going along well, I have had no further trouble with stone in the bladder. I am now an old man in my seventy-eighth year, and I have not felt the least pain, or any symptom of the old trouble. De Witt's Pills seem to have set me up in every way, indeed, I owe a deep debt of gratitude to this excellent remedy, for they have completely cured me of my old kidney and bladder trouble."

How was it that Mr. Watts was cured after these stones had been forming for so many years? We know he took De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, but what was it caused the stones to be passed away in an almost natural manner? It was this—De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills go straight to the kidneys, and not to the bowels, as most so-called kidney remedies do. You know that they have passed through the kidneys and also through the bladder when you see that the urine turns that muddy bluish colour. They gently but surely clear away all impurities, and when passing through they leave a wonderful healing, soothing effect, strengthening up the weakened organs, in such a manner as to prevent the complaint returning.

When you take De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, you can have no doubt in your mind as to whether they really have been to the kidneys and bladder, they prove it to you before your very eyes, and after a course of them you know that they do relieve all symptoms of kidney trouble, and in most cases give a good, permanent, and lasting cure.

Those who are inclined to kidney trouble should be on the look-out for symptoms which will prove to them whether their kidneys are weak or not, and these symptoms should not be overlooked or disregarded, because serious and incurable forms of kidney and bladder disorder start with very slight symptoms, and gradually get worse. How are you to recognise kidney and bladder trouble? Just ask yourself the question, "Have I any of the following symptoms?" Have I a nasty taste in the mouth first thing in the morning, puffiness under the eyes, general feeling of weakness and irritability, aches and pains in various parts of the body? Have I constipation, cloudy urine, or sharp stabbing or aching pains—a pain "as though my back will break"? These are the sure and certain symptoms of kidney trouble, and those who suffer from backache, rheumatism, gout, sciatica, gravel, stone, cystitis (inflammation of the bladder), or pains in the muscles and joints, are all suffering these pains through weak or diseased kidneys, for these are positively the symptoms of kidney trouble.

These signs of kidney or bladder trouble are caused by the poisonous acid in the blood which the kidneys should remove, but they do not, owing to their being in a weak state. De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills quickly remove these symptoms. You should go to your chemist at once for a box of De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, and prove for yourself that within twenty-four hours these wonderful pills have without doubt commenced their healing work—guaranteed. Do not put off, because weak kidneys very often means Bright's Disease in the end. But when you buy the pills be sure you get De Witt's—in large white boxes printed in blue and gold—with a blue wax seal on the top of the bottle. Refuse any of similar name without this special seal. Make absolutely sure of this, and if you suffer from any curable form of kidney or bladder disease you will experience just as good results as did Mr. Watts.

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THE NATIONAL ANTHEM.

A FOLK SONG.

The London County Council has just published the report submitted to it by its education officers on the National Anthem, says "The Times." The Council laudably desired that in these days of awakened loyalty the children in its schools should sing the anthem "right." To find out which version was "right" they turned to Dr. F. S. Boas Divisional Inspector, and to Dr. John E. Borland, and their statements —Dr. Boas's on the words and Dr. Borland's on the music—make up this very interesting pamphlet.

There is no form of "God Save the King," Dr. Boas concludes, which is absolutely right, though doubtless there are many which are wrong. It was not made, it grew, like a folk-ballad. It has its roots far back in English history. "God Save King Henrye" was the watchword, "And long to reign over us" was the countersign in Lord Lisle's fleet on August 10, 1545. "God Save the King" says Coverdale's Bible, where the Hebrew meant "Let the King live." A song sung at the Conduit in Cornhill in the Coronation procession of Edward VI.; the prayers for the sovereign on the Tudor stage; the form of prayer on the anniversary of the Gunpowder Plot, a ballad of 1645—in all these Dr. Boas finds gathering hints of the coming anthem, Then in November, 1743, something comes to light of which we can, as it were, catch hold. John Travers, organist of the Chapels Royal, composed a birthday ode for Princess Augusta, the wife of "Poor Fred, who was alive and is dead"; and this ode concluded with a Latin chorus of two stanzas, of the same metre as "God Save the King," and corresponding pretty closely in meaning to its first and second stanzas. Travers appended his own English translation, which is pretty clear proof that he had not translated the Latin out of the English anthem; and it is probable that the words and music were originally used in the Roman Catholic Church service.

The sovereign's name is not mentioned in the Latin hymn, though it appears that there was an English version, now lost, current between Restoration and Revolution, which said "God save Great James (or Charles), our King." But neither those names nor any others are given in the version found engraved on a "Pretender" wine-glass of 1722-25, which begins:—

God save the King, I pray,
God bless the King, I pray,

No name, again, is given in the version (still of two stanzas only) which was printed in the first edition of "Thesaurus Musicus" (? 1743), and which begins: —

God save our Lord the King,
Long live our noble King,
God save the King.

That, then, is an earlier version of the first line than the version commonly sung today. But with Jacobites about singing anthems to kings without a name, some sort of definition was desirable; and so we come to the version printed in the "Gentleman's Magazine" for October, 1745, as "A Song for Two Voices—As sung at both Playhouses," Drury Lane and Covent Garden, during the Jacobite rising. This is the first known version that contains the third stanza; and the first stanza begins:—

God save Great George, our King,
Long live our noble King,
God save the King.

And the "Great George" line is the line, says Dr. Boas, which, if any, has a prescriptive claim. As to the "gracious" which is in use to-day, it crept in because "William" would not scan (though some odd efforts were made to fit the name in somehow); but the first line, as we know it now, seems not to have appeared before June, 1830; and seven years later its peculiar appropriateness to the young Queen doubtless settled it in favour.

This sketch by no means exhausts all the interesting things that Dr. Boas has to tell about the growth of the anthem and about textual variations other than those in the first line. Meanwhile Dr. Borland, examining the music, depreciates Dr. John Bull's claim to have composed the air, and shows how this folk-song has grown through Bull, Arne, and others to Stanford's version, which is now the "standard" version.

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CASE FOR ECONOMY.

MR. MCKENNA ON THE DUTY OF THRIFT.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in a renewed appeal for national economy during the war, urges that any slackening of effort at home may jeopardize the completeness of our final victory.

The appeal, in the form of a letter, was read in mail week at a conference, held at the offices of the National War Savings Committee, of women's organizations which have associated themselves with the war savings movement. Mr. McKenna wrote as follows:—

The war savings movement has reached a critical stage. While the great Allied offensive goes on in a widening circle of unremitting endeavour and ever increasing success, there seems to be a dangerous tendency at home to regard successes as an excuse for slackening the effort for economy.

But the war is not over because Thiepval falls or a Zeppelin is brought down in flames, and though the facts give ground for cheerfulness and confidence, so far from justifying new extravagance they should remind us of the immense efforts of our soldiers and sailors, of the value of adequate supplies of munitions, and of the impossibility of keeping up these supplies unless civilians do their part at home by avoiding all needless competition for the goods and services required by the nation. Slackening of effort at home may rob us of the full value of the sacrifices and achievements of the fighting forces, and jeopardize the completeness of our final victory.

The case is as clear as any case can be. There are not enough goods and services to go round. In Lord Kitchener's words, either civilians must forgo some of their ordinary comforts or the Navy and Army must go short of their necessities, and that means a larger loss of life. Civilians must therefore not only avoid extravagance and waste, but reduce their standard of living where it has hitherto been above the minimum needed for health and efficiency.

Yet I still hear people talking as if the case for war economy were arguable, and repeating such phrases as "The more money circulates the better for the country." Yes, money must circulate, but in the right channels. All our expenditure and all our labour must go upon supplying the requirements of war and the essential needs of our people. They must not be squandered on unnecessary goods.

Most important of all are personal example and the force of public opinion Many families of wage-earners are, I know, patriotically saving for the sake of their country, and especially where the better-to-do are setting the example. But how can we ask them to deny themselves for the time being the small extra comforts and luxuries which are for once within their reach if they see no such example before them?

Public opinion must declare itself definitely against personal indulgence, and for the creation of such public opinion wealth and personal influence must realize and accept the heavy responsibility which is theirs.

The financial offensive must be long, patient, and arduous. I appeal to all members of the organizations represented at this conference, to all members of War Savings Associations, to the whole people of the United Kingdom—indeed of the Empire—to renew and redouble their efforts to secure real war savings. By personal example and the force of public opinion let us try to make ourselves worthy of the sacrifices that are being made on our behalf.

Mr. R. M. Kindersley, who presided over the conference, said that they had now over 600 local central committees spread over England, and these committees had encouraged people in their districts to form nearly 10,000 local War Savings Associations. By Christmas, he hoped, the number of associations would have increased to 20,000 or 25,000

From the evidence which came to the National Committee it was perfectly plain that their successes among the poorer classes were gained where the rich set the example, while their failures—and there were many of them—were found in those places where the rich were spending and squandering money.

The conference heard reports and suggestions from organizations. Miss Brodie Hall spoke for the Girls' Friendly Society, Mrs. Alderton for the Women's Liberal Federation, and Mrs. Winston Churchill for the Munition Workers' Auxiliary Committee.

Lady Byles said that two difficulties in the way of forming associations were the competition of the Christmas clubs and the reluctance of skilled workers to let their employers know how much they were saving.

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Col. C. H. Mochier, Commanding Officer, 18th Punjabees, to which the Bengalee Double Company is attached, writes of the Bengalee soldiers thus to Dr. Mullick.—

'In regard to your question concerning the progress of the men I can certainly say that it should be rapid if they continue the efforts which they appear to be making at present. The general level of intelligence is high. The conduct of the men is excellent. There is every reason to believe that the majority will be by the end of their training at a fair level of efficiency in point of marching power in the plains. I have not yet seen the men as hill climbers. My general impression about the men is that they seem willing, well behaved and anxious to do credit to their class."

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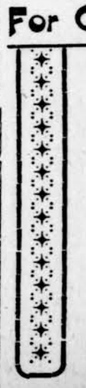

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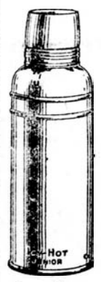

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THE ROMANCE OF URENDJICK

BANKNOTES USED TO HEAT SULTAN'S COFFEE.

A curious little page of history concerning Urendjick, a place about four miles east of Salonica, is contributed to "The Times" by a British officer.

Urendjick is owned by the French Brothers at the College at Salonica and, thanks to their hospitality, the officer was enabled to penetrate the mystery of the ruins which he had observed in and around the glorious old gardens, and learned their romantic story.

It appears that towards the end of the eighteenth century a dweller in Salonica named Djeck Abott of English origin, conceived the idea of trading in leeches from the ponds at Hortiak, a mountain overlooking Salonica. For these there was at that time a great demand by the medical profession. Having, by means of judicious *backsheesh*, cornered the European trade, Abott in ten years made an enormous fortune. He retired from the business and became a megalomaniac.

Employing more than 500 men, Abott transformed the uncultivated Eurumedjeck ("the little spider valley") into Urendjick ("the little Eden"). A mansion and terraced gardens were constructed; mules brought soil up from the plain; the best gardeners arranged the flower beds; more than 100 species of trees were imported. After five years' labour and the expenditure of £300,000, the work was completed. About 1830 the entire valley was filled with the villas of wealthy inhabitants of Salonica.

PORTENT OF THUNDERCLAP.

In 1852 the Sultan Abdul Medjid visited Salonica with his three little sons, of whom Abdul Hamid has achieved notoriety. The Sultan was invited to visit Urendjick, and for many days the road leading to it, which had been enlarged, was covered with fine sand. Abott bought up all the Turkish carpets in the bazaars and spread them on the approaches to the villa. A Turkish bath was specially constructed for his Majesty. On the appointed day all Salonica was en fete. There was a wonderful procession to the villa. Arrived before the magnificent entrance, Abdul Medjid placed his right foot on the step of the carriage, but a flash of lightning followed by a loud thunderclap was so obviously a bad augury that the Sultan withdrew his foot and refused to alight. Abott offered his Majesty coffee as he sat in the carriage. A brazier was brought and the coffee was heated with banknotes to the value of £625. Then Abott brought a silver key on a gold platter and tendered it to the Sultan, who returned it saying "Urendjick will be free from taxes for ever."

After this exciting day Abott's sons, seeing their fortune slipping through the hands of their prodigal father, shut him up. Abott refused all nourishment and died of hunger. Some time later the sons sold the property and returned to England. In course of time the place was sold for 200 napoleons to M. Pascal Ruygiero, who repaired the road, planted some vines, and sold it again to the Brothers of the College at Salonica in 1901 for £T.400.

NOT YET ARRIVED.

Dr. W. H. Griffith Thomas sends to the "Spectator" this amusing story told by the United States correspondent of a Toronto paper:—"A party of convivial Germans—more or less hyphenated—met in a San Francisco cafe several weeks since to cheer on the Kaiser in his work of regenerating Europe. When the festivities were at their height and the Imperial War Lord's health had been quaffed in oceans of Rhenish and lager, it seemed a graceful act to mark the occasion by a message of encouragement to the Crown Prince, which was accordingly despatched to Verdun, France: 'Go on, Fritz. We are all with you.' Signed by the chairman in behalf of the guests. In due course it came back to the sender, with this significant line across the corner: 'Pas encore arrive a Verdun.'"

NO MORE THIN PEOPLE.

HOW ANY THIN MAN OR WOMAN CAN PUT ON NEW FLESH, AND GROW POSITIVELY FAT IF THEY LIKE.

Out of the many and varied methods advocated for the production of flesh, development of the arms, neck and bust, the filling up of hollows and the rounding off of unnatural angles to gracefully artistic lines, there is one formula which we feel really justified in specially recommending to our readers. It is a simple prescription, and, judging by the reports of those who have tried it, must be invaluable to those who are excessively thin, and who feel conscious of their appearance. We understand that this formula is also unequalled in cases of catarrh, dyspepsia, and nervousness, which appear to be very prevalent among those who carry little flesh. There is no proof like that of a personal test, and therefore every thin man or woman who is desirous of gaining weight, and at the same time improving the health, and especially those ladies who wish to improve the appearance of their arms, neck and bust, should get their chemist to put up this simple prescription, which consists of ½ oz. tincture Cardamoms Compound, B.P., 2 ozs. Salrado Compound, 3 ozs. Elixir Simplex, and enough water to fill an 8-oz. bottle. Any chemist will prepare it for you in a few minutes, and by regularly taking one to two table-spoonfuls about twenty minutes before each meal, a surprising transformation will follow. No harmful drugs are used in this preparation, and it cannot injure or upset the most delicate stomach; in fact, it strengthens the stomach, and is an unequalled tonic and invigorator. Considering the truly remarkable flesh-building and tonic properties of this prescription, it is not surprising to learn that most chemists have experienced such a great demand for it that they now keep a quantity put up ready for use under the name of Salrado Tonic.

CAUTION.—Although this treatment will be found an unequalled remedy for catarrh, dyspepsia, nervousness and that tired run-down feeling, it should not, owing to its great flesh-building properties, be taken by those who do not wish to put on weight.

5776

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GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

THE PALACE,

BANGALORE, 22nd January, 1914.

Mr. Mhatre has been patronized as a sculptor by his Highness The Maharaja of Mysore.

His Highness has much pleasure in testifying to Mr. Mhatre's talent and to the general excellence of his work.

(Sd.) MIRZA M. ISMAIL,
Huzur Secretary to
H. H. The Maharaja of Mysore

THE "MODERN REVIEW,"

CALCUTTA, March 1915.

By the courtesy of Mr. G. K. Mhatre, the sculptor, we are enabled to reproduce a photograph of the statue of H. H. Chamrajendra Wodiyar, the late Maharaja of Mysore, which is one of Mr. Mhatre's latest works. We understand H. H. the present Maharaja of Mysore has expressed satisfaction with the the work, which is only to be expected. For it is a fine work of art. For those in India who want statues or busts to be made, there is no excuse for placing their orders abroad, before they have ascertained Mr. Mhatre's terms. In his case, it is not merely swadeshism which prompts us to prefer his work the quality of the work, too, demands recognition.

"KARANATAK,"

BANGALORE, 29th April, 1914.

Among the other notable productions of Mr. Mhatre are an excellent and life-like marble statue of Mr. M. G. Ranade and a thoroughly true and graceful bust of H. H. Sri Chamarajendra Wodiyar which is such a brilliant and noble contrast to the supposed likeness of our late sovereign placed in the Lal-Bagh.

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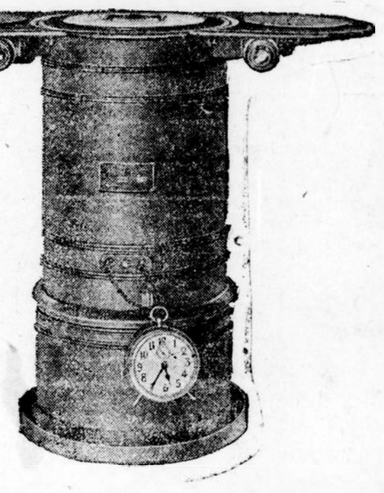

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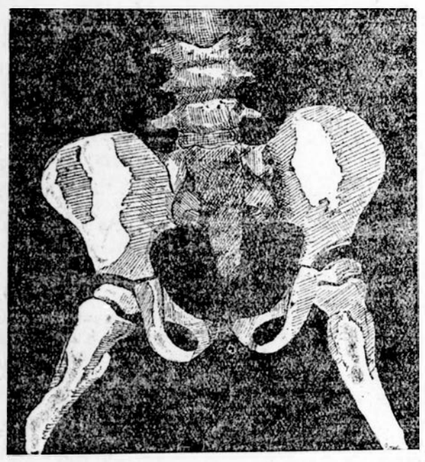

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CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut W W B Barnard-Smith, Artillery.
Second-Lieut A P M Chawner, Essex.
Second-Lieut F R Fowler, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut P J Gibbons, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut G H Le S Honey, Kings Royal Rifles.
Captain E H Kitchin, Kings Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut S G Marriott, Engineers.
Second-Lieut E F Shanks, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut S A Talbot, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut S G Taylor, Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NO REPORTED KILLED.

Captain J O Cooper, Flying Corps.
Lieut H M Corbold, Flying Corps.
Lieut A V Oliver-Jones, Artillery.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut A Cropper, Wiltshires.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW REPORTED DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut V G Narey, West Ridings.

WOUNDED.

Captain H B Adamson, West Yorkshires.
Lieut J M Aldana, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut J G Alexander, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut H A Attwood, Kings Royal Rifles.
Captain C W Banks, West Yorkshires.
Major A S Barnwell, Artillery.
Second-Lieut R G G Beesley, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut R Bickerstaff, South Lancashires.
Major E C P Boyle, Honourable Artillery Company.
Second-Lieut J B Brown, Royal Scots.
Lieut A Burgess, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut C F Burn, Londons.
Second-Lieut J A Campbell, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut C W Castle, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J O Chisholm, Royal Scots
Second-Lieut C I Clark, Essex.
Second-Lieut J S Clifford, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut P Coates, Sherwoods.
Captain W R Corfield, Cheshires.
Lieut A B Coussmaker, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut W R Cowles, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut S W K Crawford, Artillery.
Second-Lieut T E Davies, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut W F Davies, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut J Garvin, Welsh Regiment.
Lieut W Good, Artillery.
Second-Lieut K J M Graham, East Surreys.
Lieut-Col. P S Hall, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut B Harris, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut I M Harris, Kings Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut R S Harris, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut S S Harris, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut A W Hemphill, Artillery.
Second-Lieut T H B Hoare, Artillery.
Captain J W Hoggart, Artillery.
Second-Lieut T E V Hope-Hernon, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut W R Jones, South Wales Borderers.
Lieut H Lancaster, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut H Leafe, Artillery.
Second-Lieut F G Lockwood, Artillery.
Lieut F Lussignea, Essex.
Second-Lieut G A H Macgregor, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut D D Mcmahon, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut T W Manson, Artillery.
Lieut G E Martin, Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Negroponte, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut C P Owens, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut T R Owens, Somersets.
Lieut K R Park, Artillery.
Lieut A G Petrie-Hay, Gordons.
Second-Lieut J P Phillips, Artillery.
Second-Lieut A T Prince, Welsh Regiment.
Captain M J Rees, Medicals.
Second-Lieut C F S Rhodes, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut C H Richards, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut G E Richards, Yorkshires.
Lieut C A Robinson, Machine Gun Corps.
Captain C G S Rowell, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut T Sandilands, Scottish Rifles.
Second-Lieut W T Shannon, Cheshires.
Lieut T D Shepherd, Artillery.
Captain T Slingsby, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut H F Stephens, Artillery.
Lieut S G Strudwick, Artillery.
Second-Lieut G Sweeting, Artillery.
Second-Lieut W H Turner, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut W W Underwood, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut W R Westwood, Artillery.
Captain L W Whitty, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. R E Wilson, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut J Young, Royal Scots.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut C M Skottowe, South Lancashires.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW REPORTED WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut N C Barrs, West Kents.
Second-Lieut F A Carey, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A Clapton, Royal Fusiliers.
Captain J F Hoyland, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H A A Spring, Scottish Rifles.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW REPORTED WOUNDED AND MISSING.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut W H L Vernon, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut H J Badcock, Norfolks.
Lieut A D B Don, Engineers.
Second-Lieut C C Hann, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J N Holtom, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut F G W Marchant, West Kents.
Second-Lieut G E Overbury, Worcesters
Captain L Porter, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G B Samuels, Durhams.
Second-Lieut A L M Shepherd, Kings Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut W J Thuell, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut O J Wade, West Kents.
Second-Lieut W T Willcox, West Yorkshires.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieut J B Beveridge, Highland Light Infantry.
Captain E Bouldnois, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A H Bradbeer, Manchesters.
Captain E A Daniels, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut G W Doogan, Sussex.
Second-Lieut N C Hatch, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J McM Hutchison, Gordons.
Second-Lieut J B Motherwell, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut J Ocallaghan, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut F H Salter, Sussex.
Second-Lieut G Smailes, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut G C Tiley, North Lancashires.
Captain F R F Warren, Hampshires.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut R F Bath, Londons.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut E B Livermore, Londons.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut W L Kirkham, West Kents.
Captain C M Nicol, Medicals.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut G Burnaby, Londons.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut B C Andrew, Horse Artillery.
Second-Lieut A M Arklie, Royal Scots.
Captain E B Baker, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J T G Bates, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut S A Bell, Irish Rifles.
Lieut L P Booth, Sussex.
Second-Lieut P M N Boustead, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut V F Craig, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J S Darracott, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut C L Davies, Middlesex.
Captain F L F Deneys, Leinsters.
Second-Lieut H Dickie, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut V H B Divernois, Sussex.
Second-Lieut H Dobbyn, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut H V Everett, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut H T Fielding, South Lancashires.
Captain H H Fowkes, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut M Glover, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut A Goodall, Londons.
Second-Lieut R A Green, Hampshires.
Lieut G E Haworth, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut H G Hill, Worcesters.
Lieut W Hill, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut W Hole, Hampshires.
Lieut G N Holt, Londons.
Lieut F G Hornshaw, West Yorkshires.
Captain E H Janks, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut S E Jones, Londons.
Captain V H Kempson, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut A Kendall, East Kents.
Lieut G W Kindersley, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut A Lea, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut H G Lewis, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut E A Lloyd, Middlesex.
Capt J V Lorimer, Service Corps.
Captain J C P E Metcalfe, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut-Colonel E Murray, King's Royal Rifles.
Captain S W Murray, Rifle Brigade.
Captain G S Noon, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut R F Norbury, Seaforths.
Lieut E W Oakey, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut J H Ogden, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J Philbin, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G A Potts, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut C G Ritchie, Highland Light Infantry.
Lieut M R Robertson, Essex.
Second-Lieut K H O R Sadgrove, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut J. L Speight, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut F Surgey, Cyclist Company.
Captain G S Sutton, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut R S Swindell, Londons.
Second-Lieut W J Uhrmacher, Essex.
Captain K W Williams, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut K G Wilkins, Machine Gun Corps.
Captain C C Winchester, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut G I Woodham-Smith, Machine Gun Corps.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut G K Elton, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut W F H Fullerton, Flying Corps.
Lieut F Procter, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut R Watts, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW PRISONER OF WAR.

Second-Lieut J C Plews, Yorkshire Light Infantry.

LONDON, Oct 31

KILLED.

Captain T Ansell, Cameronians
Lieut N Bastow, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut A Bellew, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut B H Binks, Lancasters.
Lieut W C E Bower, Medicals.
Captain A D M Brown, Lancasters
Second-Lieut J Cook, Durhams.
Second-Lieut R C Donnally, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W E Dovey, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut J Ferguson, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut J R Greatnead, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut C W Griesbach, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut W C Hales, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut G Hall, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut F C King, Irish Rifles.
Captain E M Macharg, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut C B Mellenfield, South Lancs.
Lieut F A J Oddie, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H D Phillips, South Staffs.
Lieut H L Poliak, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut M F Rodger, Cameronians.
Captain H W Simpson, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut L W Smith, Middlesex.
Lieut. G C Steven, Machine Gun.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut A L Aitchison, Scottish Borders.
Second-Lieut H L Baggallay, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut C Bartlett, Sussex.
Second-Lieut W A Bartlett, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut G Benson, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut B K Berry, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut T T Binns, Worcesters.
Lieut H Brittain, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A J Brown, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut H Brown, Highland L I.
Captain A H W Burton, Lincolns.
Lieut H F Buxton, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut R S Cheyney, Warwicks.
Captain W M Clark, Scottish Borderers.
Captain J D C Curtis, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut E Davison, Sussex.
Second-Lieut A G Duddell, Warwicks.
Lieut G W S England, East Yorks.
Lieut J Gaffney, Dublins.
Second-Lieut H W Gibson, Dublins.
Second-Lieut B P Glancy, Dublins.
Captain E C Griffin, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut C H Hargrave, Machine Gun.
Second-Lieut P J Hayes, Sussex.
Second-Lieut N L Hudgkins, Hampshires.
Captain H G Hunt, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut G J Hutson, Machine Gun.
Second-Lieut W H Hynes, Dublins.
Captain J S Irvine, Inniskillings.
Captain S S Jenkyns, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut D L Keir, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut H C Langdale, Sussex.
Second-Lieut R S Lapthorne, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut N F Leach, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E H Lee, Essex.
Second-Lieut E W Lennard, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut J B Line, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut W R Loader, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut K L N Mcculloch, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut M Mckenzie, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut C A Masterman, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut J C A B Morton, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut W Moss, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut R F Nalder, Dublins.
Second-Lieut F P Ogden, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut E V M Orford, Essex.
Second-Lieut A J Paton, Cycle Corps.
Captain W H Perkins, Durhams.
Second-Lieut J R A Platts, Machine Gun.
Second-Lieut C Purdie, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut H W Rayner, Welsh Fus.
Second-Lieut G A Robson, Rifle Brigade.
Captain H B Rowan, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut A L St. John-Jones, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut C E Sheffield, Machine Gun.
Second-Lieut G S Sinclair, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut R T Somerville, Lancasters.
Lieut M R Steel, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut A W Stott, Rifle Corps.
Second-Lieut M Stuart-Menteth, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut G A Wells, Sussex.
Second-Lieut H A W Wilson, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut G F Wolfe, Irish Rifles.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED, NOW WOUNDED MISSING.

Second-Lieut H P Dudley, Leinsters.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW WOUNDED MISSING.

Second-Lieut J H S Hunt, Londons.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut J Carnaghan, Cameronians.
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I am neither an advertising physician nor a doctor of medicines but an ordinary clerk. In the prime of youth I was a wreck. I sent for medicines from all the famous physicians whose grandiloquent advertisements resounded the newspaper world. Through despair and disappointment I began to prefer death to life. In July, 1901, I undertook a very dreary journey to Khatmandoo in Nepal, where I put up in a *caravan-serai*. Adjoining to my room there was a hermit who enquired from me the nature of my illness.

He gave me two prescriptions and in accordance with his directions I prepared from herbs and vegetables some tonic pills and a liniment.

Only a week's treatment cured me of all the complaints that had made my life so burdensome. The full course of treatment for 21 days gave me a manly vigour. After my mission was over I reached home and experimented the remaining medicine upon some hopeless cases and found it an infallible remedy for all sorts of nervine diseases, and every kind of general physical debility.

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NOTE.—On the receipt of a solemn statement on oath that the medicine has *absolutely failed* in its efficacy the price shall be faithfully refunded.

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IT WAS REALLY.

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that Sheikh Gulam Ahmed's unique treatment for 21 days completely recovered both the patients. This peerless medicine produced highly satisfactory and commendable results which surpassed all hopes. The patients who were always weak and depressed in spirits are now stout and buoyant. In recognition of his munificient offices we presented to him the paltry sum of Rs. 50, together with a letter of thanks and this certificate. We

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this cure to all those luckless creatures who are suffering from nervous break-down.

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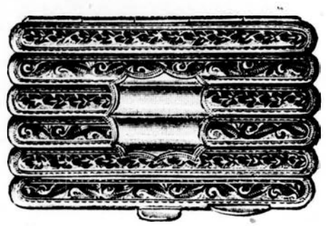

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Nickel Case with fine English Leather		Rs. 20 & 25
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Price 8 Annas per Bottle

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 15,00,000

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CAN WOMEN MANAGE BANKS?

SIR EDWARD HOLDEN'S EXPERIMENT

One of our greatest banks, the London City and Midland, over the operations of which Sir Edward Holden so ably presides, has appointed a lady to a branch managership. The branch is in a remote country district, but the bank is credited with the intention of going further in the matter, and apparently 30 or 40 women are now being trained in readiness to take up positions.

A "Daily Chronicle" representative has made inquiries among leading bankers as to the probabilities of other institutions coming into line in this direction, and in only one instance was any disposition found to follow the lead of Sir Edward Holden. An exceptionally large percentage of the employees of the institution in question have joined the colours, and the shortage of men is likely to be even more serious in the New Year, when the exemption period of many of the remaining members of the staff expires.

"I do not like the idea," said our informant, "but it may be necessary to extend the sphere of usefulness in connection with our staff of women, who have done, and are doing, excellent work. Nothing is settled at present, but we may find it expedient, in view of the shortage of men, to put women in control of some of our remote country branches.

WHOLE STAFF OF WOMEN.

"I appreciate," he added, "the difficulty of getting men to serve under the control of women, and as a solution to that awkward problem we should see to it that in these branches the staff would all be women. The lady manager would merely be in control as regards the routine of the branch. Intricate questions affecting advances to business houses, farmers, and so on would be dealt with by overseers, who would make periodical visits. That, roughly, would be our plan of action."

The opposition view was put by a banker, who held that women had not sufficient experience for the function of a bank manager. It was ridiculous to expect them to gain that experience in two short years, however minute and careful their training might be. Even for the managership of a small country branch, experience was of great importance.

Another banker said the difficulty was a real one of getting men to serve under a woman, and added that there would be some trouble in overcoming the aversion of business people—unreasonable, no doubt, but still strong—from discussing their affairs with a lady manager.

Several of our informants emphasised the point that nothing must be done to prejudice the claims of those who have left their employment to join the colours; nor must any step be taken which would tend to discourage youths of ability and ambition from entering the employment of the great banks.

THE PRODUCTION OF VARI-COLORED COTTON.

The following letter appeared in the columns of the New York *Sun*. It is especially interesting just now. If Mr. Brabham is successful in producing varicolored cotton the dyestuff problem, so-called, will have been solved:—

To the Editor of "The Sun"—Sir: About a year ago you referred to my work in producing colored cottons, and went so far as to consult the great plant wizard of the West, Luther Burbank. Both of you were sceptical. In order to allay your doubts, I am sending you some samples, which prove that I am making some progress. All of my shades, or hues, have not matured yet, and I am not able to say what other colors I may have later on. But the samples sent show clearly that I have solved both a biological and pathological problem not dreamed of in the philosophy of man, living or dead. Get together the colored cottons of Peru, Siam, India and Egypt, and it is hard to guess what can be accomplished in the different colors of cotton. They blend readily.

For some years past I have made fruitless efforts to get the seed of the red and brown Peruvian, the gray of India, the yellow of Siam, the brown of Egypt. I have failed so far, but will try again. In the meantime I give it to the cotton world that the growing of colored cottons can be done, and I wish others to aid me in this work. If I can produce from white parent plants the shades I am sending you—and upon the honor of a man and Mason I have done it—what could be done if we had colored plants to begin with.

I wish to say that I have no seed for sale. My work is in the experimental stage yet, and under no conditions will I send seeds or samples to any one.

Be kind enough to present these samples to the New York Cotton Exchange with my compliments. The exchange made this request this spring when I had no samples on hand.

Please say to the public that I cannot answer private letters. I am a busy man, and will endeavor to post the public through the press.

A. W. BRABHAM.

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

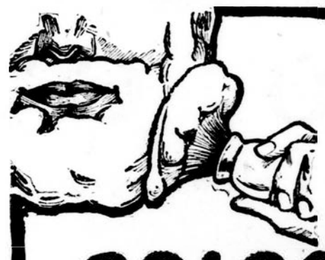
The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out.

They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kaminia Oil.



If Men Knew How To Lather——— They Would Shave With More Comfort.

COLGATE'S SHAVING STICK

The action of the lather on the beard is to remove the oily covering on each hair. Then the water can get at the hair to soften it. So the one logical place to mix the lather is on the face, where every motion of the brush not only works the lather *up* but works it *in*. This **Colgate Way**—without the cup—makes unnecessary the "mussy" rubbing-in with the fingers.

The name COLGATE on all toilet articles corresponds to the HALL MARK on silver.

INSIST ON COLGATE'S. *At all good Shops and Stores.*

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Is often attributable to good health & making the most of opportunities.

A nervous breakdown has often been the forerunner of disaster, and ill health the barrier to life's prospects.

HUXLEYS "NER-VIGOR"

of the acid glycero-phosphates improves the general condition by supplying the blood with natural phosphorus-bearing elements, which go to repair and build up broken-down cell life and vitality.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.

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The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHOEA, and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

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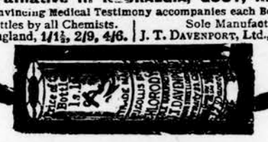

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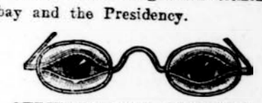

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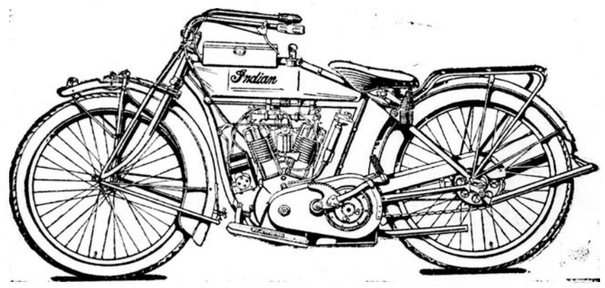

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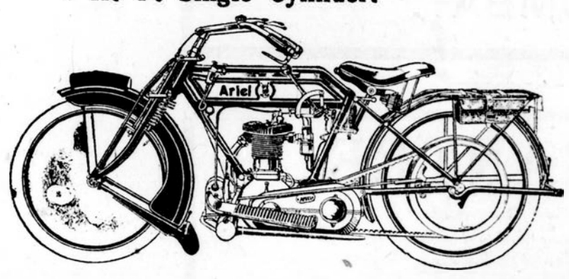

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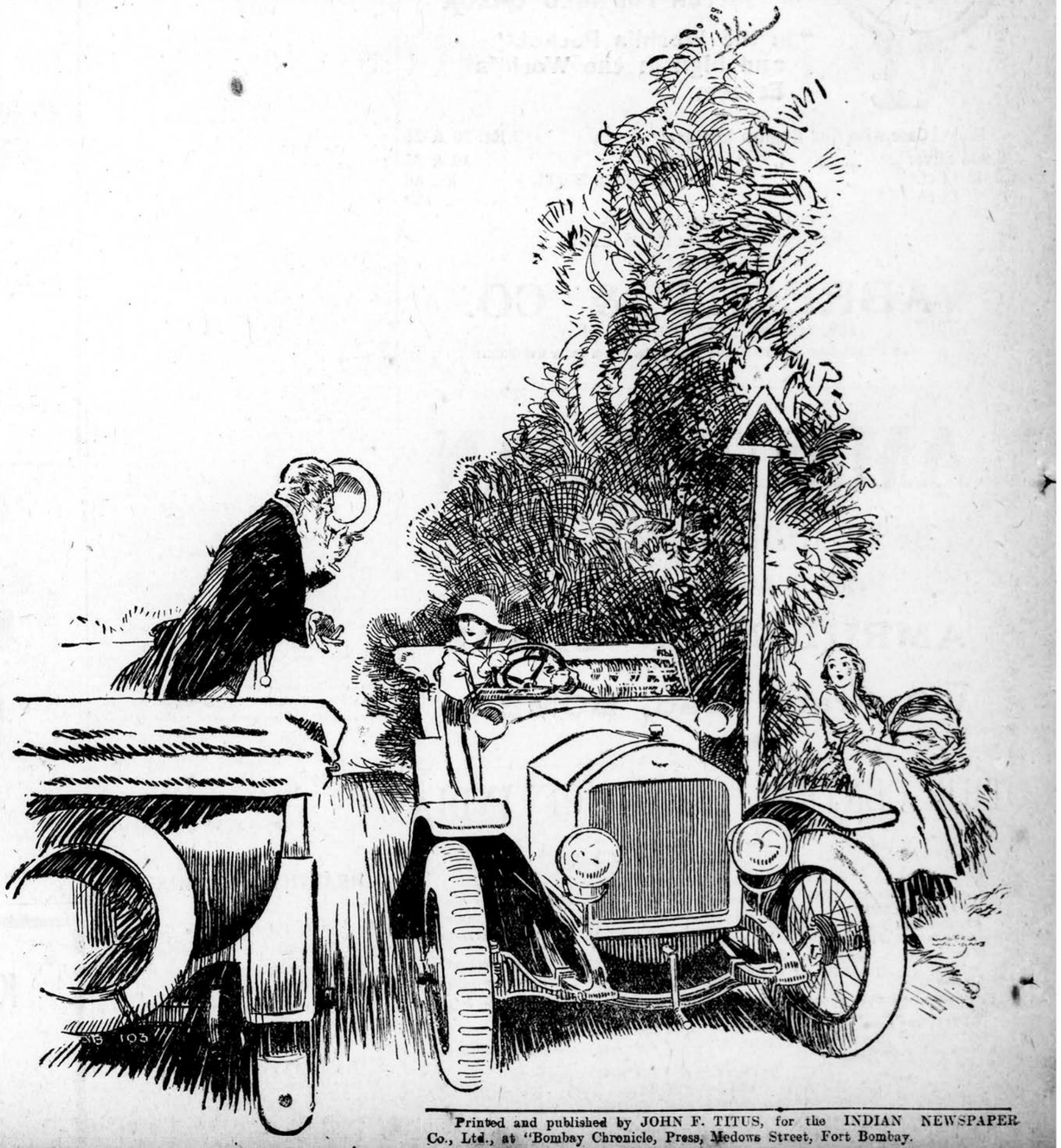

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Printed and published by JOHN F. TITUS, for the INDIAN NEWSPAPER Co., Ltd., at "Bombay Chronicle, Press, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.